CARNRICK'S
SOLUBLE FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as Human milk, and agrees with all Infants and Children.
THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of Cow's Milk.
CARNRICK & Co., LIMITED, LONDON.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,388 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, MARCH 24, 1891.

CUTLER; PALMER'S CLARETS.
As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts.	pts.		Qts.	pts.
15-0	8-8	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien, Medoc	105	56
11-8	6-8	Dinner—St. Julien, and Le Rose	112	64
22-8	12-8		217	120
25-0	13-8		242	128
37-8	19-12	After Dinner—Lafit	370	248

"C. P. & Co.'s stock and selection of Clarets are the largest and rank as the finest in India."
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

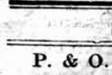
P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

S. S. "PEKIN."

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

A STEAM BARGE to TAKE PASSENGERS on BOARD will LEAVE the APOLLO BUNDER at 3 p.m. on TUESDAY, 24th March. Only hand packages can be received in this launch, heavy baggage must be sent to the Company's Dockyard, at Mazagon, by 10 a.m., on that day.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.



DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday. 1891.
B.L. BENGAL	4489	800	W. Barratt	28th Mar.
† SIAM	3041	500	W. J. Nautes	4th Apr.
B.L. ROSETTA	3525	700	C. Gadd	11th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	18th "
B.L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	25th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigholl	2nd May
B.L. PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	9th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	16th "
B.L. CLYDE	4126	800	J. L. Parfitt	22nd "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weigholl	Friday. 29th May.

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipt there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board and only hand packages will be received.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	Tuesday, 5 P.M.
PEKIN	3088	650	P. Harris	24th Mar
ROME	5011	1000	G. W. F. Browne	7th Apr.

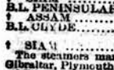
TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
BOKHARA	2355	500	H. Weigholl	29th Mar.
THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	9th Apr.

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 20th March, 1891.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and vice versa at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 310, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Hamilbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other First Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay:—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st April, 1891.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	20th April, 1891.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th May, 1891.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st June, 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 320 and Rs. 160, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer	To sail
BORMIDA	On the 8th April, 1891.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Bazoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, March 10, 1891.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st April '91.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May '91.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June '91.
AMPHITRITE		4,200	980	10th June '91.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Doperis	3,800	550	18th May '91.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Gedda, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MARIA TERESA	R. Doperis	3,800	550	24th March '91.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Bazoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
21st March, 1891.

ANCHOR LINE.

Vessels.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail
M.L. HISPANIA	S. Abrey	3380	30th March.
M.L. ASIA	Jas. Laird	3369	24th April.
M. BRITANNIA	Jas. Brown	3093	12th May.
L. ARMENIA	Geo. Read	3393	30th "

Steamer marked L. proceeds to Liverpool direct.
Steamer marked M. to Marseilles only.
Steamers marked M.L. go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both Ports.
Passengers by the Marseilles steamer can book through to London (overland from Marseilles).
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.
All the State Rooms are on the Upper Deck.
For further Particulars apply to

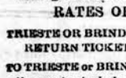
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 21st March, 1891.

STEAM TO DUNKIRK.

THE S. S. BELLAGIO, 3,900 tons, WILL SAIL for DUNKIRK on or about the 15th April.
Has accommodation for Twelve First Class Passengers.
Fare Rs. 300, or through to London Rs. 350.
For Passage apply to

W. AND A. GRAHAM AND Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th March, 1891.

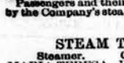
CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.



THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY OF CANTERBURY," 3,212 tons, Captain J. Whish, WILL SAIL for LIVERPOOL on or about the 25th April. This Steamer, which is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins (amidships), Baths, Punkahs, and every comfort for First Class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 16th March, 1891.

CHEAP PASSAGES. HOMEWARD AND OUTWARD.



PASSAGES promptly engaged and best berths secured FREE OF COMMISSION, in P. and O. and all other LINERS; and also in selected NON-LINERS, such as the "BEDOUIN," "WOODS," &c., from Rs. 200 to 300 to the Continent, and Rs. 300 to Rs. 375 to English ports, 1st Saloon.
Outward, in Non-Liners, from £20 to £30 per adult Saloon.
CONTINENTAL RAIL—TICKETS provided, and PULLMAN-CAR BERTHS secured.
HEAVY BAGGAGE stored, shipped, or forwarded by P. and O. at Cargo rates to port of destination or address.
PASSENGERS met on arrival and departure by reliable Agents.
BOVRIL REIGNS. DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR NOTES supplied at best rates.
LADIES, Children, and Gentlemen respectively, grouped in selected Saloon cabins; special arrangement for Families and Parties.
INSURANCE effected at reasonable rates.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TELEGRAMS arranged for economically.
INTEREST at 3 per cent. allowed on passage money deposited with us in advance.
Full particulars supplied and HANDBOOKS sent free on application.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
28, APOLLO STREET, FORT, BO...
27, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDO...

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,132 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 25th March, and the
S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m., on 28th March, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KISTNA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m., on the 29th March, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomeran, and Busreh.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "KANGRA," 2,078 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 26th March, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 23rd March, 1891. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked, furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godowns accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on easy terms. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING HAMILTON & Co., Calcutta. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Liverpool.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reduction to Family Parties and Missionaries.
Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports.
Through Booking *via* Japan, America, Australia, &c.
Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses ill meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

BEST BREAD AWAIT
HEARSCH AND CO.,
TRY! TRY!! TRY!!!

BAKERS and CONFECTIONERS. The Best Quality of English, German, American, and French Bread to be had at all hours of the Day or Night. They supplied the Imperial Prince of Russia's Fleet while here, and received very good reference. They are suppliers to Marine Battalion and 4th Rifles, Messes, and likewise Byculla Club.

Bread under Medical Approval.
Please Send Order, FALKLAND ROAD.

SYMPHONIUMS!!!

THE SYMPHONIUM is a self-acting MUSICAL BOX of a novel and ingenious construction. It has the advantage over all Musical Boxes, as it gets never out of tune, and will play ANY NUMBER of Tunes. Price, inclusive of 12 METAL discs or Tunes, Rs. 75, Rs. 130, and Rs. 175 each.

Additional Tunes from Re 1 to 1-8 each. We invite inspection.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WELLINGTON COLLEGE.

There will be an Election:

In JUNE, to TWELVE EXHIBITIONS for the SONS OF OFFICERS, of the annual value of £50, open to boys who on June 18th, are over 12 and under 14.

In OCTOBER to SEVEN OPEN SCHOLARSHIPS, including FOUR CLASSICAL SCHOLARSHIPS OF THE VALUE (UPON CONDITIONS) OF £80, for boys who on June 1 were between the ages of 12 and 14.

For particulars apply to the BURSAR, Wellington College, Berks.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, KHANDALLA.

THIS HOTEL is splendidly situated, and within easy distance from the Railway Station. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.

Apply to
NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla.

MEMORY—LOISETTE'S System. A Cambridge University Lecturer (Dr. R. N. Ingle) was (Jan. 1890), "Much impressed with the possibilities of improvement to Memory which the LOISETTE Lessons spent up." "In three weeks I was able to memorize the names, &c., of 400 men." Major Jamieson, Bengal S.C. "I intend to educate my son entirely on your system."—Rev. C. E. Cookin, M. A., Rector of Lea Sept., 1889. "Great advantage to strong memory: Incalculable aid to weak one." Dr. J. M. Buckley. "Able to give gist of book after reading it once." Rev. J. M. Macdonald, B. A. "Excellent travelling companion."—J. B. Hayo, Commander, R.N. "Wonderful aid to Memory."—Mirza Sater-ud-din-Khan. "Invaluable."—J. J. Francis Q. C.—"Does not involve much labour." Statesman, 23rd Oct., 1887.
"Tremendously popular in Oxford"—Pall Mall Gazette, 4th Feb. 1890. Prospectus Free. One guinea. Rs. 76; Ten guineas, Rs. 19 each. Apply to F. Fisk Williams, Esq.; Calcutta; or to Prof. LOISETTE, 37, New Oxford Street, London, England.

IN USE 100 YEARS.
THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND.
DR. ROBERTS' OINTMENT.

SKIN DISEASES. THIS VALUABLE OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L.
SKIN DISEASES. ROBERTS, M. D.) is confidently
SKIN DISEASES. recommended as an unfailing
SKIN DISEASES. remedy for Wounds of every description—Chilblains, Scorbutic
SKIN DISEASES. Eruptions, Burns, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Eczema, &c.

DR. ROBERTS' ALTERATIVE PILLS.
FOR THE BLOOD AND SKIN.

SKIN DISEASES. They are useful in Scrofula,
SKIN DISEASES. Scorbutic Complaints, Glandular
SKIN DISEASES. Swellings, particularly those of
SKIN DISEASES. the neck; they are very effectual
SKIN DISEASES. in the cure of that form of skin
SKIN DISEASES. disease which shows itself in
SKIN DISEASES. painful cracks in the skin of the
SKIN DISEASES. hands and in all scaly diseases.
SKIN DISEASES. They may be taken at all times
without confinement or change
SKIN DISEASES. of diet.

Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors, Bridport, England.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SELF-PLAYING WHIST CARDS.

(FOSTER'S PATENT).

A PACK OF CARDS that will play themselves. One, Two or Three Persons can play exactly as though Four were present: the Cards will play with you or against you: will tell you when you play correctly, and correct your mistakes. Each Pack plays 40 Games, and every Hand is a perfect example of the Game of Whist.

Rs. 2 Per Pack.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FOR SALE.
AT C. S. WINDOVER & CO.'S SHOW ROOM.
FASHIONABLE, LIGHT, AND WELL-BUILT CARRIAGES.

LANDAUS—Suitable for one or pair of horses, hung on C. and under Springs. Windover's Patent half C. Springs, and Elliptic Springs. Self-acting shood and Steps, &c.
VICTORIAS—Self-driving with driver's seat attached and fixed Coach box.
BROUGHAMS—Circular and square fronted Broughams, India Rubber Tyres, hung on C. and under Springs and Elliptic Springs, also side light Brougham, open on all sides with glasses to slide.
DOGCARTS—Four wheel, Oxford and Tandem Carts, Sporting Carts, &c.
Estimates furnished and Carriages ordered out from England.
For particulars apply to

HORMASJI SORABJI,
Agent, C. S. WINDOVER & Co., Coach Builders, Girgaum, next to Messrs. Scott & Co., Vety. Surgeons.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
PRINCE'S DOCK.
PROPRIETOR—JAMES CONNELL.

		Rs. a.
Double Gloster Cheese, on cut	per lb.	0 12
Mild Cured Hams	"	0 11
Mild Cured Bacon, on cut	"	0 12
No. 2 Very Superior Port Wine	per doz.	22 0
No. 3 Superior Port Wine	"	17 0
No. 2 Very Superior Sherry Wine	"	22 0
No. 3 Superior Sherry Wine	"	17 0
Scotch Whisky, 4 years old	"	22 0
Scotch Whisky, 5 years old	"	24 0
Highland Whisky, 10 years old	"	26 0
Highland Whisky, 12 years old	"	33 0
Superior Old Brandy, pure Grape, 10 years old	"	32 0
Superior Old Brandy, pure Grape, 12 years old	"	35 0
Old Tom Gin	"	19 0
Holland Gin, a case of 15 large bottles	"	27 0
Old Jamaica Rum, genuine	"	22 0
Guiness Stout	per doz. quarts.	5 12
Guiness Stout	per doz. pints.	3 12

Iced Draught Ale on tap, all the year round.
Ham Sandwiches.

J. W. MORRIS,
CIGAR MERCHANT AND TOBACCONIST,
7 & 8, BRIGADE ROAD, BANGALORE.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB
And 50 other Clubs, Messes, and Regimental Institutions in India and Burmah.

Buy direct from Manufacturer. A single Box can be had at the rate per 1,000.

SUMATRA LEAF CIGARS.

	Per 1,000. Rs.	Discount on 5,000 to 10,000.	Discount Discount on 15,000. on 20,000.
		per cent.	per cent. per cent.
Buckinghams	40	10	15 20
Wellingtons, No. 1	25	10	15 20
Wellingtons, No. 2	22-8	10	15 20
Wellingtons, No. 3	20	5	10 15
Commemoras	17-8	10	15 20

TRICHY CIGARS.

Morris' Beehives, No. 1	18-4	10	15 20
Morris' Beehives, No. 2	13-12	5	10 15
O. K. Morris' (Barrel)	15	10	15 20
O. K. Johnsons (Heeds)	10-4	10	15 20
O. K. Dawsons (Straws)	13-12	5	10 15

The above rates are for Cigars, packed in Cedarwood Boxes of 100, (Buckinghams in 50's) delivered at Railway Station, Bangalore.
An extra charge at 6 annas per 1,000, up to 10,000, is made for deal-wood packing cases covered with tarpaulin.
Over 10,000 packed free.
Terms.—To Regimental Institutions, Cash on Receipt of Goods. To Trade, and all others, V. P. system for orders under Rs. 100; over that amount, half value to be remitted with order, or satisfactory reference; and Rail Receipt per V. P. Post for balance of amount due.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER.

IT is the Water of Life. The most Powerful, Efficacious Destroyer of the Deadly Microbe. Cures Consumption, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Kidney, and all Blood Diseases. Rs. 15 per Jar. Pamphlets of Testimonials sent Post free.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER Co.,
(FACTORY No. 12.)
111, Oxford Street, London, W.
SOLE DEPOT FOR INDIA AND BURMAH,
23, Rampart Row.
PHILLIPS & Co., LD., CHEMISTS,
Sole Sub-Agents for Bombay Presidency.

LAZARUS' SPECIALITE SPECTACLES.

Can be obtained from and fitted by
THACKER and Co., LD.,
Bombay AGENTS TO MR. LAZARUS.

*** Descriptive Pamphlet and Price List, with instructions for self-testing of Sight for those who cannot attend personally, will be sent on application.

THACKER & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY.

THE
UNIVERSAL LIFE OFFICE
IS THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED IN THE EAST.

Has its Funds invested in Government Paper and other First-Class Securities.

Has returned to Policy-Holders during the last 50 years an average of 47½ per cent. annually in Cash Bonuses.

NO OTHER OFFICE IN INDIA CAN SHOW SUCH A RESULT.

CLAIMS SETTLED PROMPTLY.

Apply to
KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries, Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept. No COMMISSION charged. INTEREST allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance when not under Rs. 1,000. ACCOUNTS rendered half-yearly up to 30th June and 31st December. CHEQUE and Pass Books furnished. GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any Circle of payment and approved CHEQUES on MADRAS received at par. CHEQUES on LONDON cashed or sent for collection.
PAY and PENSIONS realised, free of charge, except when under guarantee to Government.
FAMILY REMITTANCES.—Arrangements made for monthly payments in England. BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and remitted direct if required.
TELEGRAPHIC transfers made, and for that purpose names and addresses registered free of cost.
DEPOSIT Accounts opened available only for remittance (at any time) in our own Bills on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and interest allowed at 3 per cent. per Annum.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HURRELL, Esq., Boreham, Chelmsford, writes:—"CELANDINE removed my Corns without the slightest pain. I have since cured eight men in my employ."

CELANDINE,
CERTAIN
CURE for CORNS.

WARRANTED to REMOVE CORNS BY THE ROOTS when other Remedies fail. Can be easily applied, worn with tightest boot, and positively cures in a week. No cutting required. Thousands of Testimonials. Sold by all Chemists and in the Bazaars. If not procurable write for circulars, &c., to the wholesale Agent,
60, TAMARIND LANE, BOMBAY.
See you get "CELANDINE." Price 12 Annas Per Bottle. Refuse Substitutes.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. H. Paige, Rs. 2-8 postage, same 1.

MACMILLAN'S COLONIAL LIBRARY.

THE following Volumes are now ready, and can be supplied in Paper Covers. Price Re. 1-6 each:—

Station Life in New Zealand; by Lady Barker.
A Year's Housekeeping in South Africa; by Lady Barker.
A Princess of Thule; by W. Black.
A Family Affair; by H. Conway.
Mr. Isaacs; by F. Marion Crawford.
Dr. Claudius; by F. Marion Crawford.
A Roman Singer; by F. Marion Crawford.
A Tale of a Lonely Parish; by F. Marion Crawford.
The Conduct of Life; by R. W. Emerson.
Seekers after God; by Ven. F. W. Farrar.
Souvenirs of Some Continents; by A Forbes.
Human Intercourse; by P. G. Hamerton.
Oldbury; by Annie Keary.
Tales of Three Cities; by Henry James.
Tales of Old Japan; by A. B. Mitford.
A Country Gentleman; by Mrs. Oliphant.
The Literary History of England; by Mrs. Oliphant.
Camping Among Cannibals; by A. St. Johnston.
Aunt Rachel; by C. D. Murray.
Chantry House; by C M Yonge.
Choice of Books; by F. Harrison.
Miss Tommy; Author of "John Halifax."
Mrs. Lorimer; by Mrs. Malet.
Living or Dead; by H. Conway.
Effie Ogilvie; by Mrs. Oliphant.
A Northern Lily; by J. Harrison.
My Friend Jim; by W. E. Norris.
Hurrish; by Hon. Emily Lawless.
King Arthur; Author of "John Halifax."
Mayor of Casterbridge; by T. Hardy.
Neara; by J. W. Graham.
Margaret Jemmie; by F. Madoc.
A Modern Telemachus; by C. M. Yonge.
Sir Percival; by J. H. Shorthouse.
A House Divided Against Itself; by Mrs. Oliphant.
About Money; Author of "John Halifax."
Strange Adventures of a Phaeton; by W. Black.
Essays in Criticism; by Mathew Arnold.
Tom Browne's School Days; by T. Hughes.
The Dove in the Eagle's Nest: by C. M. Yonge.
A Beleaguered City; by Mrs. Oliphant.
Critical Miscellanies by John Morley.
Millionaire of Rough and Ready; by Bret Harte.
Saracinesca; by F. Marion Crawford.
A Garden of Memories; by Margaret Riley.
Sabina Zembra; by W. Black.
The Woodlanders; by Thomas Hardy.
Jill; by E. A. Dillwyn.
Jill and Jack; by E. A. Dillwyn.
Frederick Hazzleden; by H. Westbury.
The New Antigone, 2 vols.
Crusade of the Excelsior; by Bret Harte.
The Coruleans; by Sir Henry Cunningham.
Ismay's Children, 2 vols.; Author of "Hogan, M.P."
Zoroaster; by F. Marion Crawford.
Hithersea Mere; by Lady Augusta Noel.
Harmonia, 2 vols.; Author of "Estelle Russell."
Second Son; by Mrs. Oliphant.
Marzio's Crucifix; by F. Marion Crawford.
Paul Patoff; by F. Marion Crawford.
Biographical Sketches; by H. Martineau.
Realmah; by the Author of "Friends in Council."
New Judgment of Paris; by P. Lafarque.
Teacher of the Violin; by J. H. Shorthouse.
Charis; by W. E. Norris.
Joyce; by Mrs. Oliphant.
Argonaut's of North Liberty; by Bret Harte.
For God and Gold; by Julian Corbet.
Wessex Tales; by Thomas Hardy.
Lasses of Leverhouse; by J. Fothergill.
With the Immortals; by F. Marion Crawford.
Robert Elsmere; by Mrs. Humphry Ward.
Fraternity; a Romance.
Cressy; by Bret Harte.
Mediation of Ralph Hardelot; by Wm. Minto.
The Weaker Vessel; by D. Christie Murray.
The Countess Eve; by J. H. Shorthouse.
Beechcroft at Rockstone; by C. M. Yonge.
Miss Bretherton; by Mrs. H. Ward.
Kophetua; by Julian Corbett.
Amiel; by Mrs. H. Ward.
Reuben Sachs; by Amy Levy.
Greifenstein; by F. Marion Crawford.
Neighbours on the Green; by Mrs. Oliphant.
Schwartz; by C. D. Murray.
French and English; by P. G. Hamerton.
An Author's Love.
Robbery under Arms; by R. Boldrewood.
Gospel of the Resurrection; by B. T. Westcott.
The Intellectual Life; by P. G. Hamerton.
A Reputed Changeling; by C. M. Yonge.
Marooned; by W. Clark Russell.
Sant' Ilario; by F. Marion Crawford.
Heritage of Dedlow Marsh; by Bret Harte.
English Traits; by R. W. Emerson.
Darwinism; by Alfred Russell Wallace.
The New Continent; by Mrs. Worthey.
John Vale's Guardian; by D. C. Murray.
A Lover of the Beautiful; by the Marchioness of Carmarthen.
The Heriots; by Sir Henry Cunningham.
The Miner's Right; by R. Boldrewood.
The Ring of Amasis; by the Earl of Lytton.
The Tragic Muse; by Henry James.
A South Sea Lover: by A. St. Johnston.
A Cigarette Maker's Story; by F. Marion Crawford.
Wheat and Tares; by Sir H. Cunningham.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FRESH SUPPLIES.

Ex. s.s. "Malwa," "Hinpania," "City of Dublin," &c.

Swiss Milk.
Gloster Cheese.
Prime Bacon.
Aspinall's Enamel.
Croquet Sets.
Indoor Games.
Tennis Sets.
Perambulators.
Oxford Sausages.
Oxford Brawn.
French Mustard.
Jams and Jellies.
Scotch Marmalade.
Preserved Fish.
Patent Medicines.
Toilet Requisites.
Carbolic Soap.
Carbolic Ointment.
Carbolic Tooth Powder.
Liebig Ex. Meat.
Brand's Ess. Beef.
Brand's Ess. Chicken.
Invalid Port.
Marsala, Ingram's.
Clarke's Fairy Lamps.
N. I. R. A. Telescopes.
Lord Bury Telescopes.
Tourists' Binoculars.
Shikarie Binoculars.
Scientific Instruments.
Incandescent Lamps.
Electric Bells.
Reading Glasses.
Photo Apparatus.
Golf Club Kit.
Epp's Cocoa.
Sauces.
Bass' Pale Ale.
Allsopp's Pale Ale.
Guiness Stout.
Ginger Wine.
Sir Burnett's Old Tom.
Ferintosh Whisky.
Provisions.
Cricket Bats, &c.
Beaune.
Chambertin.
Hardware.

ADDITIONS WEEKLY TO STOCK. SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, and Byculla Bridge.
PHILLIPS & CO. LD.
POONA: Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth, City.
WINE AND GENERAL IMPORT MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

THE ELGIN MILLS,

CAWNPORE.
WHITE TWILL LINING. STRIPED TWILL LINING. } Delightful and Economical Wear for Shirts and Sleeping Suits.

N.B.—Specially recommended for the Hot Weather.

Cash Price—Shirts, Six for Rs. 15.
Do. —Sleeping Suits, Rs. 5-8 each.

BOMBAY AGENTS:
ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE,
THE SIRDAR'S PALACE.

THOS. COOK & SON,

REGISTERED LONDON BANKERS,

HAVE pleasure in announcing the ADDITION to their GENERAL PASSENGER AGENCY of an

ARMY AGENCY AND BANKING BRANCH

at their Bombay Office, on MARCH 30TH, after which Date they will be pleased to open Current and Deposit Accounts, issue Letters of Credit, Circular Notes, payable throughout the World and to transact every Description of Banking Business.

13, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

SUPERIOR TABLE DAMASK.

CLOTHS BEST
NAPKINS BELFAST
DOYLEYS BLEACH.
REDUCED PRICES.

	Rs. a.
Best Double Damask Cloths; Rich Floral Patterns and other elegant designs, IN ALL SIZES ... from each	9 8
Rich Damask (Double) Table Napkins, to match cloths, if required, an extensive selection Hemmed ready for use ... from per doz.	9 8
Superior Damask Doyleys, Fringed large size selected choice patterns ... per doz.	6 0
Piece Damask to Fit all Tables; any length cut, Neat Attractive Designs ... Per yard	3 0
BROWN LINEN; afternoon Tea Cloths, Richly Embroidered in Silk, Deep Fringed Edges, a Novelty ... each	6 0

SPECIAL V. P. P. OR CASH DISCOUNT 10 PER CENT.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.
BOMBAY.

SPENCER & CO.'S INDIAN CIGARS.

THE following Cigars are made from an admixture of Dindigul Tobacco with the finest Sumatra Leaf, and bear our registered trade mark.

"SALISBURYS."

	Rs. a.
HAVANNAH-SHAPED, 6 inches long, in Cedar-wood boxes of 50, per box ...	2 8

"IMPERIALS."

HAVANNAH-SHAPED, 5 inches long, rather thicker than "Salisburys," put up in boxes of 50 ... per box	2 0

"MAYOS."

MANILLA-SHAPED, 5 inches long ... per box of 100	3 8

"BEACONSFIELDS."

Are manufactured in three sizes, put up in Cedar-wood boxes of 100.

No. 1	4½ inches long ... per box	8 0
" 2	4 " ... "	2 12
" 3	3-8½ " (thin) ... "	2 8

SPENCER & CO.,
MADRAS.

THE STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE PIANOFORTE

Is the latest Production of the Celebrated Manufacturers, MESSRS. SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE, of STUTTGART.

THE STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE PIANOFORTE
Supersedes in every respect the so favourably and widely known Sympathetic Square PIANOFORTE by

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

LESSEE.....MR. GEORGE CROFTON.

LAST FIVE NIGHTS OF MRS. POTTER AND MR. BELLEW, SUPPORTED BY THE CROFTON COMPANY.

TO-NIGHT (TUESDAY) MARCH 24, "SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER."

Kate Hardcastle.....MRS. POTTER.
Young Marlow.....MR. BELLEW.

Produced under the sole direction of MR. BELLEW.

MRS. POTTER'S Magnificent Costumes by MONS. JEAN WORTH of Paris.

WEDNESDAY 25 } ....."FROU-FROU."
THURSDAY 26 }
FRIDAY 27 } ....."LADY OF LYONS."

SATURDAY, MARCH 28, "LA TOSCA."

T. V. TWINNING, Acting Manager.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS FOR EASTER WEEK.

MONDAY, MARCH 30.
TUESDAY, MARCH 31.

The Celebrated Farcical Comedy, "BETSY."

IN PREPARATION THE MIDDLEMAN.

PRICES:—Rs. 4, 3, 2, and 1.

Soldiers in Uniform half price to Fourth Seats.
Box Plan now open at SOUNDY and Co.
Doors open 8-30 P.M. Commence at 9 sharp.

SEQUAH

SPEAKS

ON THE

BORI BUNDER

EVERY EVENING

AT 5-30.

COME AND HEAR HIM.

STEAM TO ANTWERP.

THE S. S. MOUNT LEBANON, 2,410 tons, WILL SAIL for ANTWERP, about the 28th March.

Has accommodation for a few First Class Passengers. Fare Rs. 300.

For Passage apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 23rd March, 1891.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

S. S. HISPANIA ..... 3,380 Tons. Sailing 30th March.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

S. S. BRITANNIA.... 3,069 Tons. Sailing 12th May.

THESE STEAMERS WILL SAIL punctually as above. They carry a Surgeon and Stewardess. Passengers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles).

For rates of Passage apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 21st March, 1891.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS OF VERY CHOICE & RICH WINES.

BRANDIES.

T. Hine & Co.'s ..... Fine Pale Cognac *
T. Hine & Co.'s ..... Fine Pale Cognac ***
T. Hine & Co.'s ..... Fine Pale Cognac V S
Jules Grimmond's ..... Brandy *** O P
Jules Grimmond's ..... Chariot Brand.
From Rs. 16 to Rs. 90 Per Doz.

WHISKIES.

David Smith & Co.'s ..... Very Fine Old Scotch **
David Smith & Co.'s ..... Very Fine Old Scotch ***
David Smith & Co.'s ..... Very Fine Old Scotch****
David Smith & Co.'s ..... Very Fine Old Scotch*****
Gonne Croft & Co.'s ..... Finest Old Scotch.
Robinson's ..... Special Blend.
From Rs. 22 to Rs. 38 Per Doz.

PORT WINES.

Croft & Co.'s ..... Very Old Tawny Port.
Croft & Co.'s ..... Fruity Port.
Stanley & Grimm's ..... Port, delicious.
Stanley & Grimm's ..... Tawny Port, rich.
From Rs. 15 to Rs. 38 Per Doz.

CHAMPAGNE.

Lafour Pere and Fil's ..... Unsurpassable.
Lagarde and Cie ..... Special Cuvee.
Armand Freres' ..... Cuvee Reservee.
From Rs. 21 to Rs. 64 Per Doz.

WE HAVE AN EXTENSIVE SALE AT CALCUTTA.

SUPPLIER TO THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE, THE BENGAL CLUB, CALCUTTA, &c,

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE, MESSES' CLUBS, &c.
OUTSTATION ORDERS PROMPTLY AND CAREFULLY EXECUTED.
REVISED DETAILED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
PLEASE NOTE ADDRESS.
CUSTOM HOUSE ROAD, BOMBAY.
Retail Agents:—

DENISON AND CO.,
HUMMUM STREET.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that no CONTRACTS made or moneys borrowed except under the Joint Signatures of the Undersigned and Mr. C. AKILANDAIYA, Sole Joint Owners of the AURANGABAD COTTON SPINNING and WEAVING MILLS, shall be binding upon the said Mills or upon the Firm of C. Akilandaiya and Company.

K. S. DORASWAMI IYER.

31st March, 1891.

NOTICE.

AS the Mahomedan Holidays, called "SHAB BARAT" are now approaching, the Public are informed that any person LETTING OFF or THROWING FIREWORKS on or near any Public Street, Road, or Thoroughfare, except along the Foreshore extending from Charni Road Gardens to the Marine Lines Railway Station between the hours of 9 p.m. and 12 midnight on the 25th Instant, will be ARRESTED and DEALT with according to Law.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 21st March, 1891.

NOTICE.

63 (SIXTY-THREE) HOGSHEADS of English PORTER and 62½ Thirty-two Hogsheads of ALE will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the 14th April, 1891, at the Commissariat Stores, Neemuch, at 4-30 p.m.

For Particulars apply to this Office.

H. HAZELGROVE, Lieutenant,
Executive Commissariat Officer.

Executive Commissariat Office, Neemuch, 20th March, 1891.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Limited Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits of SOONDERRAO MADAW PATKAR, late of Bombay Hindoo Inhabitant, deceased.

SHANKER ANANDRAO SUNGJIRE ....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Limited Letters of Administration.

Witness, SIR CHARLES SARGENT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 20th Day of March in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-One and in the Fifty-Fourth Year of Our Reign.

G. H. FARRAN,
Acting Registrar.

L. N. BANAJI.
The 20th Day of March, 1891.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

SHANKER ANANDRAO SUNGJIRE,
Petitioner in Person.

LADIES' COLLEGE.

5, Sandringham Gardens, Ealing, London, W.

HIGH CLASS EDUCATION for GIRLS. Large staff of highly qualified University Masters and certificated Lady-Professors. Special advantages for Art Subjects and Modern Languages. Liberal table; comfortable Home. Resident foreign Governesses. Inclusive terms from 38 Guineas. Special holiday arrangements for Indian Pupils.

For further particulars Address PRINCIPALS.

REFERENCES:
GEORGE FORREST GREENLAW
FORBES, Esq., B. C. S., Agra.
Colonel E. KANUTZE, B. S. C., Dehra Dun.
Captain W. C. HIGGS, 21st Hussars, Army and Navy Club, Piccadilly, W.
W. GWYNNE GRIFFITHS, Esq. Solicitor, 68, Lincoln Inn Fields, London, W. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

EASTER MONDAY.

MRS. POTTER
AND
MR. BELLEW
IN
SCENES FROM SHAKESPEARE.

Box Plan now open at SOUNDY & Co.
Full Particulars in To-morrow's Papers.

THE SECOND COMING OF OUR LORD JESUS CHRIST.

AN ADDRESS

WILL BE DELIVERED AT THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY,

BY
COLONEL A. F. LAUGHTON, C.B.,
At 5-30 P.M.,
On WEDNESDAY, the 25th MARCH, 1891.

SUBJECT:
"The special intervention of GOD to unite all Christians into one Body in preparation for the SECOND COMING of the LORD."

BOMBAY SWIMMING CLUB.

A SWIMMING ENTERTAINMENT will be given by the Members of the above Club at the Back Bay Baths, under the Patronage of H. E. LORD HARRIS, on Saturday, the 28th March 1891. ADMISSION ONE RUPEE.

FOR SALE.

BAY WALER GELDING, Charger, goes in Harness and carries a lady. Perfectly quiet, aged. Rs. 400.

BAY ARAB STALLION, believed to be Sound, and free from Vice. 5 off, 14, 15. Rs. 600.

Apply to
H. A. ACWORTH, C. S.,
Malabar Hill.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

IF you wish to be SUPPLIED REGULARLY and PUNCTUALLY with ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES send your orders to

S. L. NORMAN & CO.,
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

Subscriptions payable Quarterly. Send for New List.

NOTICE.

THERE will be offered for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION at the Commercial Godowns, Alleppey, at 2 p.m., on THURSDAY, the 14th May 1891, (2nd Vycausy 1066) about 270 candies of Travancore Cardamoms in Husk. At the same time, a quantity of bees-wax, ivory, and dammer will also be sold.

For further information, refer to hand bills which can be had on application to the Commercial Agent, Alleppey, Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co., Madras, or Messrs. Wallibhoy, Khaderbhoy, and Co., Bombay.

T. RAMAROW,
Dewan.

Huzur Cutcherry, Trevandrum, March, 1891.

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on Tuesday, the 7th day of April, 1891, at 4 p.m., at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect Directors in room of those who retire by Rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

4th.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their Remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors,

DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.

Fort, No. 12, Hummum Street, Bombay, 23rd March, 1891.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 13th day of April, 1891, both days inclusive.

1891.

ONE SHILLING = EIGHT ANNAS

FOR

LETTS'S DIARIES

IN

VARIOUS SIZES.

Apply to

HUSSONALLY ABDULALLY,
BOMBAY STATIONERY MART,
VICTORIA BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

ASHU'S POWDER

Perfectly cures the habit of Drinking Spirits and Wines, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, &c., by use as per instructions on Label.

Rs. 3-8 Per Phial.

A. T. MOOKERJEE.
Barnagore, *via* Calcutta.

THE GREAT ORIENTAL MEDCAMENTUM.

DR. G. B. SHAW'S

SAMARITAN DROPS

Rouses and developes the nervous Energies, Strengthens and Regulates the Bladder, Kidneys, Lungs and Liver, and is highly recommended and prized as a Sovereign Remedy for the following Maladies:—

Asthma, Cough, Dropsy, Worms, Gravel, Chronic Fevers, Liver Complaint, Palpitation of the Heart, Giddiness, Nervousness, Headache, Internal Sores, Phosphatic Deposits, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Fluor-Albus, Catarrh.

By external application Dr. G. B. Shaw's SAMARITAN DROPS is considered invaluable for:—

Burns, Ulcers, Maligunt Sores, Ringworms, Paralysis, Leprosy, Rheumatism, Gout, Syphilitic Sores, and bad Skin Diseases.

Full directions for use accompany every Phial. Sold at Re. 1, Rs. 2, Rs. 3-8, Rs. 5-4, and Rs. 10 Per Phial.

Packing As. 4 extra.

WANTED AGENTS.

Apply to
A. T. MOOKERJEE,
Proprietor.

Barnagore, Suburb of Calcutta, E. India.

BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

SOUTHALLS'

SANITARY TOWELS

FOR LADIES.

ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—"One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice. I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated."

A Desideratum of the highest importance, increased comfort, cleanliness: Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

MANUFACTURED IN TWO QUALITIES,
NO. 1 and 2, SUITING ALL CLASSES.

☞ *For protection against vacious and injurious imitations, each Packet bears the Signature of the Patentees.*

SOUTHALL BROS. AND BARCLAY,
BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Special Wholesale and Retail Agents for the Bombay Presidency: Treacher and Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. *Agents for the Bengal Presidency*: Ballgate and Co., Calcutta. *Agents in the Punjab*: Ball Habson and Co., Umballa. *Agents in Lucknow*: Peak Allen and Co., *Agents in the Bombay Presidency*: Thomson and Taylor, Bombay; Kemp & Co., Ld., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay; Mr. S. J. Noble, Bombay. *Agents for Kurrachee and Sind*: E. Specialty, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Kurrachee; Plomre and Co., Lahore.

TO RAILWAY COMPANIES, CONTRACTORS, ENGINEERS, &c.

APPROACHING COMPLETION, TANSA WATER WORKS.

DYNAMITE.

CONTRACTORS having a Surplus Stock of the best English Quality are prepared to dispose of it immediately at low rates.

For Prices and Particulars address

WALSH, LOVETT & Co.,
18, Esplanade Road, Bombay,
Who will have also for disposal
BRIDGE ERECTING PLANT.

5-TON LIFTING CRANES
STEAM & OTHER WINCHES
PULLEY BLOCKS
DIVING APPARATUS
DREDGERS
PILE DRIVERS

IRON CENTRES FOR ARCHING, 7, 10, 20, 30 ft. SPANS.
TUNNEL PLANT.

Cornish, Vertical, Multitubular, Roots Boilers.
Horizontal Engines, with Air Compressors.
Complete sets of Rock Drilling Machines.
Steam and other Pumps.
Wrought Iron Pipes, Lathes, &c.
Small Tunnel Waggons.

TRAMWAY PLANT.

Locomotives (Hunslet Engine Co.) 2 ft. 6 in. gauge.
Waggons, Trollies, &c.
Steel Rails, 16lbs.
Teakwood Sleepers.

EVERY MAN interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for an valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent Post free.—Mr. E. NORTON, 259, High Holborn, London, Eng.

NOTICES.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at its Registered Office, No. 15, Bank Street, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 31st March, 1891, at 5 p.m.

To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited Balance Sheet made up to 31st December, 1890.

To declare a Dividend, and to transact such other business that may be brought before the meeting.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & HEPWORTH,
Secretaries and Managers.

THE MORMUGAO TRADING Co., LD.

CAPITAL, RS. 50,000.

In 500 Shares of Rs. 100 Each.

THE above Company has this day been Registered, and the BUSINESS will be OPENED at Mormugao, from the 1st April next, as General Agents and Merchants. About 200 Shares remain unalloted, and applications for them are invited.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

CHRYSTAL BROTHERS,
Agents in Bombay.
A. C. NORONHA & Co.,
Manager in Mormugao.

Bombay, 20th March, 1891.

THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of One Rupee per Share (Free of Income-Tax) for the year ending 31st December, 1890, has been declared, and will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company on and after WEDNESDAY, the 8th April, 1891, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 19th March, 1891, on production of their Share Certificates.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be CLOSED from Thursday, the 19th March, 1891, to Tuesday, the 7th April, 1891, both days inclusive.

H. BLACKWELL,
Secretary.

Bombay, 14th March, 1891.

THE COORLA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 25 per Share for the half year ended 31st December, 1890, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company, in Elphinstone Circle, on and after WEDNESDAY, the 1st April, 1891, to those Shareholders whose names stood on the Register of the Company on 14th March, 1891, on production of their Share Certificates.

By order of the Board,

B. & A. HORMARJEE,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, 16th March, 1891.

ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LD.

CHIEF OFFICE: 105, VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER, S. W.

INDIAN DEPOT:—APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

PERMANENT and ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS' TICKETS can now be obtained on application to the Agent. The subscription to the former is Rs. 21 except to existing Annual Subscribers to whom the charge is Rs. 18. The charge for Annual Tickets is Rs. 4 for the first year and Rs. 2 each subsequent year. Applications for Tickets by post must be accompanied by the subscription and 1 anna for postage. Cheques and Money Orders should be crossed Chartered Mercantile Bank of India.

Tickets are available to deal at the London Stores "and Depots."

For further information, address

THE MANAGING AGENTS,
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m. (Gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, the 1st April next, Tenders for the supply up to 1,000 tons of best Quality Moulmein or Rangoon Teak Log Timber for early delivery.

Tenders to quote the price per ton of 50 Cubic Feet delivered at the Company's Premises, Byculla, and state the maximum percentage of rejections allowed in the Raft.

Tenders must be accompanied also by the specification of shipments, showing clearly whether the Timber tendered is Moulmein or Rangoon.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 20th March, 1891.

TENDERS FOR C. I. PIPING.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of 4,50 RUNNING FEET (more or less) of 9 inch CAST IRON PIPING, including bends and special castings.

The pipes to have the ordinary spigot and socket joints.

Each pipe to have the letters S. S. W. cast outside the socket in Roman capital letters, one inch in length and one-eighth of an inch in projection; below this the year (1891) to be cast in Roman numerals, 1" in length and 1" in projection, and the thickness of the pipe to be distinctly cast in figures under above letters and date.

The pipes to be cast on end in dry sand moulds, to be of uniform bore and thickness of metal throughout, without any belts; the whole to be of the best grey metal, remetalled from the Cupola, and to be perfectly free from flaws and defects of every kind and description.

The pipe to be 9-16" thick, and to be tested by hydrostatic pressure equal to a column of water 300 feet in height, and whilst subject to such pressure, to be struck with a 5 lb. hammer from end to end.

The same to be done at the foundry, under the inspection of a person nominated and paid by the contractor, but previously approved by the Engineer in charge. In special cases this may be dispensed with on a written warranty being given that the tests have been fairly carried out.

The pipes will be finally tested after being laid, and should any of them prove defective, the contractor will have to replace them at his own expense.

All pipes, wherein any airholes shall be found plugged up, or wherein the casting is not of uniform thickness, will be rejected, and if discovered after delivery, will be removed forthwith at the contractor's expense and risk.

The pipes to be most carefully coated externally and internally, in a proper manner, with Dr. Angus Smith's solution before any rust sets in.

Tenders should specify rates for (1) straight pipes in 9 feet lengths, (2) bends, (3) special castings, all delivered at Simla, and they should state the earliest date by which the pipes could be delivered after the receipt of the order. As the pipes are very urgently required, preference will be given to those tendering for an early date.

Tenders are also invited for the laying of the pipes. The pipe trench will be provided.

The Municipality does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Earnest money (Rupees one hundred) must accompany every tender, which will be returned at once if the tender is not accepted.

All tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and must reach his office before 12 noon of the 31st Instant, at which time they will be opened in the presence of any of the parties tendering, who wish to attend.

In the event of the party whose tender is accepted failing to take it up, his earnest money will be forfeited.

ALFRED YOUNGHUSBAND,
Executive Engineer,
Simla Municipal Sewage Works.

Simla, the 16th March, 1891.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

હેપ્ટલા શેક્યાદમની કું૦

i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

CAMEL HAIR BELTING.

NOTICE is hereby given that we, the Undersigned, have been appointed the Sole Agents of Messrs. F. REDDAWAY and Co. for the sale of "CAMEL HAIR BELTING" in the Presidency of Bombay.

The word "Camel," as applied to Belting, is a registered Trade Mark or Designation, and any one, without the leave of Messrs. F. REDDAWAY and Co. sells Belting as "Camel Hair Belting" is liable to be prosecuted.

For Prices and Particulars of "Camel Hair Belting" apply to

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co.,
Khetwady, Bombay.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"NEOSOTE."

"DISINFECTANT POWDER."

DISCOVERED by MESSRS. W. BAIRD and Co., of Glasgow, and much sought after as a valuable and powerful Disinfectant.

This Powder contains in the same volume more Antiseptic than ordinary 20 per cent. powders, and the low price renders it beyond competition.

Price of one cwt. Cask delivered free at the Bombay Stations. Rs. 5.

AGENTS:—

ROGERS & Co.

Hummum Street, Fort.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY LOSS of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper post free, upon application.

The MARSTON REMEDY &Co., 240, High Holborn, LONDON.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES (recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty). No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium, Morphia, nor any violent Drug, and may be taken by the most Delicate. One or two at bed-time ensures rest when troubled by the throat. Sold by all Chemists, in small Tins.

GRATEFUL! COMFORTING!!

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save as many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.

ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* will in future be PUBLISHED on SATURDAY MORNING, in consequence of the alteration of MAILDAY.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.

ELECTROTECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.

CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.

REPAIRS. To watches, clocks, chronometers, &c., by First Class Practical men only, and under the direct supervision of our Managing Director. REPAIRS.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

REPAIRS. To Jewellery of all kinds, Missing Gems replaced at moderate charges. Fancy Jewellery or Rings to special design made on the premises by trained workmen. All repairs executed with neatness and despatch. REPAIRS.

MARCKS & CO., LD.

DIAMOND MERCHANTS AND JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

REPAIRS. To Spectacles and Eye-glasses, New Frames, New Springs, &c. All work in this line is under the personal superintendence of an Optician, and every satisfaction is guaranteed. REPAIRS

MARCKS AND CO., LD.

OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

REPAIRS. To Pianofortes by competent Europeans. Pianos tuned and renovated at rates commensurate with through good work, old Pianos re-done as good as new. REPAIRS.

MARCKS AND CO., LD.

IMPORTERS OF HIGH CLASS PIANOS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BY SPECIAL PATRONAGE AND BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT,
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
AND HIS HONOR THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

D. MACROPOLO'S

GENUINE TURKISH TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE MANUFACTORY.

CIGARETTES.

Twelve brands of Cigarettes, out of which the most popular are the:—

Lord Dufferin	per 100 Rs.	5	0
Duke of Connaught	" " "	4	0
Finos Lady	" " "	3	0
Alpha	" " "	2	0
Prince Boris	" " "	2	0

Acknowledged throughout India to be the best, freshest, and cheapest. Manufactured daily.

TOBACCOS!! TOBACCOS!!

Only the best brands of English and American Tobacco kept in stock, and recommended with great confidence.

"GOLDEN LEAF" Smoking Mixture, per lb. Rs. 3.

The large increasing demand for this celebrated brand is a guarantee of its quality, and surely pipe smokers will refuse other brands after a trial of the same.

REAL JAVA CIGARS.

Hidalga	per box of 100 Rs.	9	0
Carolina	" " "	7	0

Guaranteed manufactured in Holland of Pure Java Tobacco, and consequently are not to be compared with those so-called *Javas* made in Trichinopoly.

REAL HAVANA CIGARS.

The following are expressly prepared for me, of exquisite quality, REAL HAVANA Tobacco, guaranteed crop, 1881:—

Regal del Principe	per box of 25 Rs.	20	7-8
Regal dela Reina	" " " 25	8	6
Trabucos	" " " 25	3	5
Caliope	" " " 50	5	5
Semirami	" " " 100	10	10

BAHADURS CIGARS.

I have been appointed SOLE AGENT, for the Bombay Presidency, of these celebrated Cigars, made in Madras of pure Sumatra Tobacco, by Messrs. McDowell & Co.

Bahadurs No. 1 per 100 Rs.	4	4	
Do. " 2 " "	4	0	
Do. " 3 " "	3	8	

STANLEY CIGARS.

These Cigars, which are now so popular, are made in my own Factory in Dindigal, and are of a combination of best Dindigul and Sumatra Tobacco. They are the mildest Cigars ever manufactured, and are much strongly recommended to beginners and delicate smokers.

"Stanley's" No. 1 per 100 Rs. 4 0
Do. " 2 " " 3 8

Please send for General Price List to

D. MACROPOLO,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE WONDERFUL WATERBURY WATCHES.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, COLOMBO.

DR. J COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff, to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa and is the only specific in Cholera and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Toothache, Neuralgia, &c.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 3 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly celebrated medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other branch of we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sales, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery. Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnance and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Cholera a Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes &Co., Members of the Pharm Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regre ted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION:—Beware of Piracy and Imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Russell's Street, Bloomsbury; London.

DO YOU EVER

BUY WATCHES OR JEWELLERY?

If so, send a postcard and we will forward, *gratis and post free*, our elaborately illustrated Catalogue containing

ONE THOUSAND BEAUTIFUL ENGRAVINGS

Of Watches and Jewellery of very latest designs. Birmingham supplies the World with Jewellery, and you will be astonished at the difference between Indian and Birmingham prices. Send for the Catalogue at once, so as to have it at hand when you or your friends want to buy Jewellery. Orders for a single article will receive equal attention with large orders.

We guarantee safe delivery of any parcels, small or large, all being insured through to our customers. Orders for India are executed by return mail (except such as have to be made to special instructions); the delay is thus minimised, and it is worth waiting to secure latest styles and saving 50 per cent.

We are well known in England, but as fraudulent advertisements are sometimes inserted, we shall be very pleased to send Yankers' references and highest testimonials to residents in India who may desire to entrust the execution of large parcels to us.

We shall also be glad to hear from Traders desirous of doing business in Watches or Jewellery. Our prices are so different to those usually charged, that our goods always sell readily.

J. C. LANGDON, DAVIES & CO.,

Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers,
BELGRAVE HOUSE, BRISTOL STREET, BIRMINGHAM.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.

PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION and DEBILITY, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.

The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION and DEBILITY are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts**, which are so arranged as to convey a continuous electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of waste and decay.

Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement from the profession and scientific men."

Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."

For Full Price Lists and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from

PULVERMACHER'S GALVANIC DEPOT,
194, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.
(ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS).

INSURANCES.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE

IS WELL KNOWN for the Liberality of its Dealings, and among other ADVANTAGES, which European and Native Assurers have, are:—

UNQUESTIONABLE SECURITY,
VERY MODERATE PREMIUMS,
LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND
SURRENDER VALUES.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that an Assurance of Rs. 5,000 (under the Company's NEW PLAN) may generally be secured for the Yearly Payment, which usually would be charged for Rs. 3,000 only. NINETY PER CENT. OF THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED amongst the Assured every three years.

ENTIRE DIRECTION IN INDIA.
NATIVE LIVES AT EUROPEAN RATES.
FUNDS IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ONLY and remain in India.

The 'ORIENTAL' Grants, with or without Profits, Whole-term Policies, Temporary, Single Payment, Terminable Premium, or Sterling Policies (payable in India or England), Treble Benefit Endowment, Fully Paid-up, Half Credit System, Decreasing Scale and Family Pension Policies; also Endowments for Children and Liberal Annuities.

Proposal Papers, Prospectuses, and all further information on application to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER,
Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries,
Manager and Actuary;
Oriental Life Office, Albert Building, Bombay or any Local Agent throughout India.

EXAMPLES OF THE COST

OF ASSURANCE TO A MAN AGED 30 NEXT BIRTHDAY.

Rs. 10,000 payable at death would cost at the rate of—

Rs. 26

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	250	3 p.c.p.a.	333½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	910
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	200,000	£10	all	8 pr. ct.	126-25
Charter Bank	80,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£25
Chtr. Mercantile	80,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	330
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	160
New Oriental Bank	80,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	160
Silver Shares ..	..	..	..	..	104

MISCELLANEOUS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Alcock Ashdown	1,800	200	200	10	250
	750	100	150	7½	190
Bac: Bayistika	800	50	50	12	47
Badham Pitho ..	5,000	100	100	12	97
Bapty Bros	6,000	200	185	18	44
Bezar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance ..	800	2,500	1,000	70	850
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation .	2,200	2,500	1,50	135	3,475
Do. New Issue.	800	375	225	33⅓	570
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	25	2½	94
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	63
Bombay Steam Mills	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	880-85
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	20
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills ..	1,500	200	200	Rs. 11	120-8½
Empire Fire Insurance ..	5,000	4,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct	1,05 nom
Geyer & Co., Ld.	800	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct	13
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct	75
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	35½	298
Kurrachee Landing	800	500	300	30	102½
Manaruwa Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	84
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	51-52 cd
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ..	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	180
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	65
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	385
Prince of Wales Trdin.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	50
Soonly & Co.,	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	..	77
Thacker & Co.	2,000	500	all	35	980
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	91
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	5-8	14
Western India F lour	..	..	..	..	16

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Ahmedabad ..	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	(2,00)	(1,000	all	20	490
Anglo Indian	2,345	100	100	4	79xd
Belsar S & W Co., Ld. (Solitary)	871	(0)	all	1 pr. ct.	600
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	670
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co..	600	500	500	20	385xd
Central India ..	2,750	500	500	45	575xd
City of Bombay Mills.....	(00	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	910xd
Connaught Mills	600	500	25	10 pr. ct.	630
Colaba Land & Mill Co.....	4,000	700	700	20	635
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	460
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	515
Dhuns Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	850
Empress ..	2,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	585
Framjee Petit.	1,250	1,000	11,000	15	905
Gordon Mills..	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	650
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	765xd
Hingungat Mill.....	700	500	25	10 pr. ct.	650
Howard and Bullough ..	1,500	500	500	25	585
Hyderabad.....	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	790
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	..	325-30
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	945
James Greaves	1,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	630
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	345
Jeoshed Manufacturing Co.	11,600	250	230	10	240
Jewraj Baloo..	1,000	1,000	1,000	25	780
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.....	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	500
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	670
Khangaum Manfg. Co...	400	250	250	Nil.	525
Khatao Macknjee	1,000	1,000	400		530
Leopold.....	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct	192
Luximi Sespinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	970
Mairas United.	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,30
Mahalaxmee..	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	200
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulbarga)	2,400	50	50	pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,275
Mazagon	6,000	250	25	0	171
Moraji Gooldas	1,050	1,000	1,00	70	1,660
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.....	4,500	100	10	7 pr. c	10
National	500	1,00.	100	Nil.	170
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	2	750
Oriental	5,75	625	625	1	412
People of India.	1,000	250	25.	Nil.	5
Presidency Mills Co(Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	3	1,150
Samoon ..	1,500	1,000	1,000	2	1,401
Sholapore Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	6	1,385
Soondersee	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	815
Southern India.	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100 nom
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12	267 xd
Sun Mills.	1,000	250	250	Nil.	265
Star of India ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	565
Swadeshi Mills.	3,000	500	500	Nil.	425
Victoria Mills..	1,500	1,000	1,000	24	900
Western India ..	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	750
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	722
Ripon Mills.....	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,040
Lord Reay Mills ..	445	1,000	1,000	25	700
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	800
Britannia Mills.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	720-25

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly guar.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock.	..	£100	All	5 p.c.	£ 460
B. B. & C. I. R. New 4 18 Shares	..	£ 18	..	do.	42)

PRESS COMPANIES.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Yearly.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	950
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	790xd
Apollo	150	2,400	2,200	Nil.	350
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	127½
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	..	505
Broul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200	16	90
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	45 dvd	345
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,300
English Press and Manfg.	180	250	..	Rs. 20	180
Fort	515	8,500	8,500	50	9.0
French	308	500	all	20	520
Harvey and Sabapathy ..	450	450	500	30	410 xd
Honorji Press Co., Ld.....	750	100	all	32½	145
Khangaum.....	240	450	450	54	415
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld. ..	3300	500	500	pr. ct.	510
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	10	60-611
Mofussil Co ..	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	427
Munmar M....	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	192½
New Berar	1,200	500	500	45	540
New Indian ..	4,000	125	123	Rs. 10	50
Prince of Wales	602	500			
Sabapathy (Solitary)					

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.
Professor Macmillan's Lecture on "Comparison between Greek and Modern Tragedy," University Library, 5-15 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.
Polo on the Maidan, 5 p.m.
"She Stoops to Conquer," Novelty Theatre, 9 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Rome (s), and Kangra (s), from London; Chupra (s), Cocoanada; Bengal (s), Shanghai; and Florence (s), Port Said.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessel sailed on the 22nd:—1. M. S. Canning, for Karachi. Yesterday:—Kilwa (s), for Persian Gulf.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The approximate return of traffic for the week ended 14th March, 1891, shows an increase of Rs. 30,450, in receipts.

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.—The approximate return of traffic for the week ended 14th March, 1891, shows an increase of Rs. 1,40,973, in receipts.

POLO.—There will be a game this evening at 5 o'clock. Gentlemen should bring both white and colored jersies.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for China and Australia, per s. s. Bokhara, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 1 p.m., on Thursday, the 26th instant.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Kt. Commander entered the dock on Sunday, and the s.s. Kangra and the Rome yesterday. The s.s. Nubia left the dock on Saturday, and the s.s. Pandora on Sunday.

G. I. P. R. V. BAND.—The Band of this Regiment will not be able to play at the Esplanade Bandstand on Saturday, the 28th instant, or following Saturdays, until further notice, owing to heavy departmental duty.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Drummond and s.s. Mount Lebanon entered the dock on Sunday and the s.s. Florence yesterday. The s.s. Altmore and s.s. Fastnet left the dock on Saturday; the s.s. Kolpino and Hoseinee on Sunday; and the s.s. Kistna yesterday.

A VISITOR FROM HYDERABAD.—The Nawab Vikar-ul-Mulk Bahadur (Mushtak Hoosein), Revenue Secretary to H. H. the Nizam's Government, accompanied by Mr. Mahomed Aziz Mirza, B. A., arrived in Bombay on Sunday for a short change. The Nawab is expected to stay here for a fortnight, and is staying at the Apollo Bunder Hotel.

IMPORTING GANJA WITHOUT A LICENSE.—Luxman Tookya, a Hindoo, was yesterday placed before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, charged with importing ganja without a permit. On Saturday last the accused got down at the Byculla station having in his possession forty-nine tolas of ganja. Accused had brought the ganja from Talegaum. He pleaded guilty, and was fined Rs 5.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.—Keshavlal Hiralal, a Bunya merchant, living at Church Lane, Fort, reports that sometime on the night of the 20th instant, his house was broken into and gold and silver ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 210 stolen—Hari Kasheeba, a Hindoo living at Girgaum Road, reports that his house was broken into and gold and silver ornaments of the value of Rs. 100 stolen some time on the night of Sunday last.

A FATAL FALL.—An inquest was held yesterday afternoon, at the morgue, by Dr. Thomas Blaney, the Coroner, touching the death of Ismail Abba, aged 26 years, living at Chunnam Kilun Road. Early in the morning on Sunday last deceased as usual engaged a boat and went on board several ships to sell his wares. While going along a gang-way on a ship he lost his balance and fell on the deck on his back. He was being taken to the G. T. Hospital where he died. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles will perform the following programme at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club at 5-45 this evening:—

March of the Peers	Sullivan.
Overture	Ostoroon. Benedict.
Polka	Rouge et Noir. Coote.
Valse	Manolo. Waldteufel.
Selection	Ernani. Donizetti.
Quadrille	Paul Jones. Coote.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

DEATH FROM EXCESSIVE DRINKING.—An enquiry was held yesterday afternoon, by Dr. Thomas Blaney, the Coroner, at the morgue, respecting the death of Mahadoo Gangajee, a Hindoo brick-layer, aged 40 years, living at Kamatipoora 3rd Lane. On the night of Sunday last deceased left his house and went out. About 12 o'clock a police constable doing duty at Kamatteepora saw the deceased lying in a gutter. He was dead and there were no marks of violence on his body. A verdict of death from excessive drinking was recorded.

MR. H. VAN RUITH'S LOST PICTURE.—It may not be generally known that the largest and best of the pictures, which Mr. H. Van Ruith sent in to the Bombay Fine Art Society went amissing in a most mysterious fashion. When the time for hanging came this fine picture "Vintage at Capri" could not be found. It had evidently gone amissing on the voyage, and only turned up a few days ago. It is a great pity this happened for it would undoubtedly have been one of the features of the Exhibition. It is now in Mr. Soundy's Music Warehouse and anyone who chooses is welcome to view the beautiful work of art.

THE SECOND COMING OF CHRIST.—An address will be delivered at the Young Men's Christian Association, Apollo Bunder, Bombay, by Colonel A. F. Laughton, C.B., at 5-30 p.m., to-morrow. Subject: "The special intervention of God to unite all Christians into one body in preparation for the Second Coming of the Lord." The object of this address we are informed is to draw attention to events which have taken place during the past half century, and which are still in progress, of which few people are aware—events of the most momentous importance to every Christian person, brought about by a direct intervention of God in behalf of His Church on earth, to prepare her for the Second Coming of our Lord Jesus Christ: a work analogous to that which He did by Noah and John the Baptist at the close of previous dispensations.

SALE OF RIGHT TO COLLECT MUNICIPAL FEES.—By order of the Municipal Commissioner, Messrs. Moherjee Johnston and Co. sold by public auction, yesterday, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, the right to collect fair ground and feeding fees from butchers and cattle dealers from April 1891 to March 1892, for Rs. 57,100 for Mr. Fazal Peerbhoy; the Fort Market's squatters' fees for Rs. 1,820 to Mr. Hajee Hassum Lallbhoy; the squatters' fees for Arthur Crawford Markets for Rs. 7,400 to Messrs. Hajee Ahmed Abboo and Ahmed Jummal; the Erskine Road (Null Bazaar) Markets squatters' fees for Rs. 17,150 to Messrs. Hajee Ahmed Aboo and Ahmed Jumal; the squatters' fees for the Pedder Market, Mazagon, for Rs. 1,575 to Mr. Devraj Sowjee; and the fees for weighing goods at the Municipal Scales of the Crawford Market for Rs. 4 to Messrs. Sutoo Koudajee and Vitoba Oomajee.

THE EXTRADITION ENQUIRY.—Before Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, the matter relating to the extradition enquiry regarding Jacinto Corea Alphonso and four others came up at the Esplanade Police Court for investigation. This enquiry was remanded on the last occasion for the attendance of the Portuguese Consul-General in Bombay. But as this official was not prepared to proceed with it then it was remanded to yesterday when it was assumed he would be able to appear. But the Magistrate informed Mr. De Souza yesterday, who appeared with his clients, that the Consul-General was still unprepared with his evidence, and therefore the Court would have to grant another postponement. Upon this Mr. De Souza complained of the attitude adopted against his clients and said that the Magistrate would either peremptorily fix the case for disposal at the next hearing or ask the Consul-General to give his clients sufficient notice beforehand to prevent the inconvenience and expense which would otherwise be occasioned. Mr. Cooper admitted the justice of Mr. De Souza's remarks and promised to communicate with the Consul-General [illegible] at Ahmedabad in connection with the coupon kept [illegible] promated. The

KHAN BAHADUR M. C. MURZBAN'S ARCHITECTURAL WORKS.

THE current number of the *Building News* and *Engineering Journal* which reached Bombay by the mail yesterday morning contains a life-like photo' tint portrait of Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban, F. R. I. B. A., Government Architect and Executive Engineer, and a short sketch of his life and work. It says:—Mr. Muncherjee C. Murzban was born on the 7th July, 1839. After completing his education at the Elphinstone High School and the Poona College, he joined the Government School of Engineering at Poona. In December, 1856, he passed ("very creditably," according to the report of the examiners) the examination for admission into her Majesty's Public Works Department. At first he was employed in making surveys, &c., for a project for the supply of water to Poona, and was afterwards employed, under several Engineer officers, in the construction of several large buildings and some roads and bridges in the Poona District. On the 25th August, 1863, he was appointed assistant secretary to the Bombay Rampart Removal Committee. In this capacity he was engaged under Mr. James Trubshawe, architect, in devising plans for the removal of the old fortifications of Bombay, and for laying out roads and sites for buildings in the new town of Bombay. On the 11th July, 1866, he was gazetted as special assistant to the Architectural Executive Engineer and Surveyor to Government. In this capacity he had immediate charge of the construction of the following buildings:—The General Post Office, the Government Telegraph Office, the Sir Jamseti Jijibhoy School of Art, the Goculdas Tejpal Native General Hospital, and several others. He was in April 1876, appointed executive engineer of the Presidency, which appointment he still holds. In this capacity he has to carry out all engineering and architectural works for Government in the City of Bombay. The following are some of the buildings designed and carried out by Mr. Murzban:—The Alexandra Native Girls' English Institution, the Cama Hospital for Women and Children, the Allbless Obstetric Hospital, the Indo-British Institution, the Government Central Press and State Record Office, the Fort Gratuitous Dispensary, the Framji Dinsha Petit Laboratory for Scientific Medical Research, the Arvabai Bhownagri Home for Pupil Nurses. The following are some of the buildings designed by other architects, which have been carried out under the immediate orders and superintendence of Mr. Murzban:—The Cathedral High School, the John Connon High School, the Police Magistrates' Court, St. Mary's Church at Parel, the Holy Trinity Church on the Esplanade, All Saints' Church on Malabar Hill. There are at present several other important buildings being built under Mr. Murzban's superintendence. As Presidency executive engineer, Mr. Murzban has also executed several drainage works and works of water-supply, roads, reclamations, and other engineering works at the Presidency town. In March, 1884, he was appointed to represent Government on the executive committee of the Bombay International Exhibition, which was proposed to be held in 1885-86, and he was specially deputed by the Bombay Government to visit the Calcutta Exhibition with a view to collect information for the former exhibition. In the same year he submitted a report on the subject of the above exhibition. At the Imperial assemblage held at Delhi on the assumption of the title of Empress of India by her Majesty the Queen, the title of "Khan Bahadur" was conferred on Mr. Murzban by his Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India. He has on on various occasions received the special thanks of the Government of Bombay and the Government of India for valuable services rendered to the State. He is a Justice of the Peace for the City of Bombay, and a Fellow of the Bombay University. He is an Associate Member of the Institute of Civil Engineers, and a Fellow of the Royal Institute of British Architects. He is at present the President of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay.

CHARGE AGAINST A PARSEE YOUTH.

At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Superintendent MacDermott charged Eduljee Nowrojee before Mr. C. W. Richardson, Third Presidency Magistrate, with having no ostensible means of subsistence and failing to give a satisfactory account of himself. In laying the case before his Worship Mr. MacDermott said the prisoner accosted a European lady in the University Gardens about nine o'clock on the Sunday morning in a most insolent and impertinent way. This lady, it appears, had just cycled to the gardens for the benefit of the health when Eduljee approached her and insulted her. Fearing the consequences of encountering a person in the intoxicated state in which the man was, she became considerably alarmed. Just then to her great relief Mr. Tighe, an ex-Superintendent of the Bombay Police Force, now in charge of the Pound at Girgaum, came up and interposed, reprimanding him for his behaviour. Eduljee thereupon turned to the latter and shaking his fist before his face threatened to assault him. He remarked that the gardens were private, and that he had the power to close them whenever he chose. The lady, taking advantage of this conversation, left. The ex-superintendent brought the matter to the notice of the police, and Superintendent MacDermott after instituting enquiries arrested the offender. It appears that Eduljee, who is a well-built and muscular youth, is a source of terror amongst circles of his own community who have occasionally had some unpleasant experiences of his strength. This practice of his insulting European girls in those Gardens was brought to the notice of the Commissioner of Police by the Superintendent, and it was passed over on his promising that he would amend his conduct and refrain from molesting anyone in this locality.

The prisoner, who spoke very fluent English, pleaded intoxication in his defence, and said he did not know the gentleman he was addressing on Sunday morning.

Mr. Michael Tighe, the complaining witness, and keeper of the Cattle Pound at Girgaum, was called and gave corroborative evidence in support of the police officer's statements of the case.

Nilhoo Mahadoo, one of the garden malees, corroborated the fact that the lady plucked a flower when the prisoner remonstrated with and insulted her while he was in a state of intoxication.

The Magistrate adjourned the case for the attendance of other witnesses for the prosecution.

ARREST OF A SUPPOSED MURDERER.

THE Chief Constable of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Police brought a Hindoo mendicant, who gave his name as Ramprasad Shivprasad, before Mr. Hall Hamilton, at the Girgaum Police Court, on Saturday he, it is suspected, being the same Devi-prasad Ramprasad, whom the police have been searching for the last two months. It is alleged that it was he who caused the deaths of seven Hindoo pilgrims at the village of Ellapoor, in the Kanara Collectorate, the about end of January last. On the afternoon of Friday last the accused was seen loitering about on the platform of the Ahmedabad station, apparently very excited. The suspicions of the Chief Constable of the Ahmedabad Railway Police were roused, and he placed one of his men in plain clothes to watch him. The accused was seen to go very often to a platform bench, below which he had placed his baggage, and to try to conceal one particular parcel there, which was rather elongated in shape and covered with a white cloth. The uneasy manner of the accused confirmed the suspicions of the Police Superintendent, who at once gave orders to his men to search the accused. This so much irritated the accused that he created a disturbance at the station. He said that he was an honest man, just returned from a holy pilgrimage, and that it was a simple tyranny on the part of the police to disgrace him by searching his baggage, which contained nothing but his clothes and a few curiosities brought from the place where he had been on a pilgrimage. The police, regardless of the noisy protests of the accused, searched his baggage, and soon found evidence on which to arrest him. In one of the bundles, the one which the accused was most anxious to hide, was found the dead body of a young girl, named Parvati, aged six years. On being questioned about the body accused said that it was the body of his daughter. He said that he left Dakore, a couple of days ago, intending to go to Bombay, taking with him Parvati, who was in a very bad state of health. During his journey from Dakore to Ahmedabad his daughter became worse, and died a couple of hours before the train arrived at Ahmedabad. He said he

THE SASSOON AND ALLIANCE SILK MILL CO.

At the eighth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company, held at its registered office, No. 8, Forbes Street, yesterday afternoon, with Mr. S. D. Sassoon in the chair, the following report was submitted:—

Gentlemen,—Your directors have the pleasure to submit the audited balance sheet and abstract of profit and loss account for the year ending 31st December, 1890. The statement of profit and loss account shows a balance to credit of Rs. 1,42,824-7-6, including the amount of Rs. 3,600-4-2 brought forward from last year. An interim dividend of Rs. 25 per share was paid in September last, absorbing the sum of Rs. 50,000 and leaving for present disposal Rs. 92,824-7-6, which your directors recommend to be appropriated as under:—To be written off for depreciation of building Rs. 5,490; to be written off for depreciation of machinery, Rs. 23,073-11-11; to be carried to insurance fund Rs. 10,000; to be paid by way of dividend of Rs. 25 per share on 2,000 shares-free of income, tax Rs. 50,0000; total Rs. 88,482-11-11; and the balance of Rs. 4,341-11-7 to be carried forward to next year's account. In the month of May last your directors invited the shareholders to apply for the remaining 284 unallotted shares of this company at par value, and they are glad to report that all the these shares were immediately taken up, producing Rs. 142,000,00 to the credit of the company. The old boilers having been found deficient in power owing to reduction of steam pressure in consequence of wear from long use, your directors have ordered from Messrs. John Musgrave and Sons, 2 new boilers with a working pressure of 125 pounds, also a new high pressure cylinder with Corliss valves to be attached to the engine, and they believe these changes will conduce to the more economical and steady working of the machinery. They have also arranged to change the existing spinning and twisting spindles into rings at a moderate cost. The alterations will be completed shortly and will improve the quality and quantity of the mill's productions. The sum of Rs. 8,19,588-14-9, which is apparent in the balance-sheet as the value of stock in trade includes the cost of unmanufactured waste and neat silk and stores, &c., to the extent of Rs. 3,33,451, and silk in process worth Rs. 80,000. Manufactured goods amount to about 4 lacs, out of which sum upwards of Rs. 60,000 is the value of cloth prepared under contracts, but not delivered. The company's property is insured for Rs. 11,000,000, divided as follows:—The mill buildings are insured for Rs. 1,45,000; the machinery for Rs. 2,00,000; the stock of raw and manufactured goods at the mill for Rs. 5,00,000; and goods in the market shop for Rs. 35,000, total Rs 11,00,000. Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit Bart., and Mr. E. Moses retire from the Board by rotation but are eligible for re-election. The shareholders have to appoint two auditors for the year ending 31st December 1891, and to fix their remuneration.

The director's report and audited balance-sheet for the year ending Dec. 31, 1890, were read and accepted. Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart., and Mr. E. Moses were appointed directors. A dividend of Rs. 25 per share was declared. Messrs. Sadanand Balcrishna and Jamnadass Permanandass were appointed auditors ou a remuneration of Rs. 75 each.

A vote of thanks was accorded the chairman and the proceedings closed.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE FARRAN.)

A CONTRACT TO SUPPLY HIDES TO GOVERNMENT.

JAIRAM BHOGA AND OTHERS *vs.* ADUMJEE PEERBHOY.

THE plaintiffs prayed that the defendant, a Government contractor, may be ordered to deliver up to them or to allow them to remove all hides out of the pits at a certain tannery, which the Bombay Government had refused to pass, or to pay to the plaintiffs Rs. 66,600, their value; that the defendant may be ordered to pay to them Rs. 2,500 as damages for refusing to allow the plaintiffs' workmen to enter the tannery and to continue the process of tanning hides; that the defendant may be ordered to deliver to the plaintiffs the articles in the tannery or to pay Rs. 250, their value; and also to pay Rs. 50 as damages for their detention, &c., Mr. Starling, Mr. Inverarity, and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Mr. Khanderao Morojee, appeared for the plaintiffs; and the Hon. Mr. Latham and Mr. Lang, instructed by Messrs. Conroy and Brown, appeared for the defendant.

The plaintiffs' case was that, on the 9th October, 1889, the defendant and one Hormusjee Jeevanjee entered into an agreement with the Bombay Government to supply hides. A month later, the plaintiffs entered into an agreement with them to supply and tan at their tannery buffalo hides on the terms mentioned in the agreement, by which the plaintiffs were to be paid for the hides supplied by them after they had been passed by the Government; but there was no provision made for what was to be done with the hides that were tanned but refused to be passed by the Government. The plaintiffs contended that such rejected hides remained their property, and that they were entitled to remove them. The defendant and Hormusjee quarrelled between themselves, each objecting to what the other did; and the defendant, in order to annoy Hormusjee, consented to unreasonable requisitions made by the Government, one of which was that no hides should be submitted for approval unless they had been in the pits for upwards of nine months although three or four months was the usual time. The result was that the plaintiffs were much dammified, as the pits at the tannery were not sufficient to tan as many hides as the plaintiffs were entitled to supply in case the hides were to remain in the pits for nine months. On the 26th July, 1890, Hormusjee retired from the partnership, and the defendant alone carried on the tannery and the contract with Government. After the plaintiffs had supplied a large quantity of hides, the defendant informed them that Government had refused to pass these hides; and he charged them with breach of their agreement and threatened to take possession of all the hides in the pits at the tannery and the tanning materials. The hides rejected by Government were worth at least Rs. 66,600. Plaintiffs denied that they had committed any breach of agreement or that defendant was entitled to take possession of the tanning materials and other property. Defendant had prevented the plaintiffs, workmen from continuing the tanning process to the hides at the tannery, and refused to allow plaintiffs to remove their scales and weights and other articles, some of which belonged to persons from whom the tanning materials were purchased.

In his defence, the defendant stated it was not true that, in order to annoy Hormusjee, he consented to any unreasonable requisitions made by Government. Whether the requisition of the Ordnance Officers as to a nine months' tanning was proper or not, the plaintiffs were, by the terms of their agreement, bound by the decision of the Ordnance Officers. They unfortunately failed to carry out their agreement and had not prepared hides in the manner directed by the defendant. The Ordnance Officers had refused to accept a large quantity of hides tanned by the plaintiffs, and the latter had refused to supply other hides in their place. Government in consequence ordered out large quantities of hides from England; and the defendant believed that he would have to pay large sums by way of damages to Government. He had already suffered and would still suffer great loss by reason of the failure of the plaintiffs to carry out their agreement; but he was not at present able to estimate the exact amount of such loss, inasmuch as Government had not yet stated the amount of their claim upon him; and he would, if necessary, ask to set off the amount of such damage against the claim of the plaintiffs. He said that, by the terms of the agreement, he was entitled to take possession of all the hides in the pits and all the tanning materials, and other articles brought by the plaintiffs; and to prevent the plaintiffs to remove from the tannery the hides rejected by Government. On the 1st September, 1890, he gave notice to the plaintiffs that he withdraw the permission given them to occupy the tannery; but notwithstanding that, they prevented him from having any access to that part of the tannery where the pits used by them were situated. He had therefore been compelled to make other pits in order to carry out the contract with Government, and had in consequence of the conduct of the plaintiffs been put to great expense.

Evidence in the case was heard during the day.

MARCH 24.

(Before the Hon. Justice BAYLEY.)

To speak to the minutes of order.

615-77—Craigi, L and O—Visalchund alias Bapoobhai Vigachund *vs* Oomedram Chubildas and another.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

[illegible]—Thakurdas, D and C—Poonamchund Agarchund *vs* Lalchund Banoliram—Tyabjee and D—Part heard.
[illegible] H Khan, for pauper—Jamnabhoned Ladteck *vs*. [illegible]ock Haji and others—Wadia and G—Part heard.
[illegible] objections to the Commissioner's report.
[illegible] D and K—Gangjeebhai Poonja *vs*. [illegible]ohetin, &c.—Roughton and B.

(Before the Hon. Justice TELANG.)

[illegible] final disposal.

[illegible] *vs* Govind Ramjee
[illegible] and others *vs*
[illegible] others *vs*
[illegible] Shivgoer *vs*
[illegible] vandas *vs*
[illegible]

THE BOMBAY ASSOCIATION OF FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

THE above Association at their meeting yesterday presided over by Mr. Douglas, adopted their annual report, of which the following are the extracts:—

During the year under review several local fire insurance companies have gone into voluntary liquidation, thus removing their names from the list of members of the Association, and three English offices have also ceased to do business in the City; while, on the other hand, one fresh subscriber from among the English offices represented here has been obtained. The quarterly subscription list for the last quarter of the year stood at Rs. 580, and the balance in the Bank of Bombay on the 31st December was Rs. 2,020-11-2. Considerable disbursements are being made from the Association's funds to surveyors and printers in connection with the plans of the cotton mills and of the native town, which, however, will be replaced when the subscriptions to the plans shall have been received, the scheme having been undertaken on a basis estimated to about recoup the Association for its outlay.

Fire Inquests.—A copy of the English Act (City of London Fire Inquests Act, 1888,) was forwarded to the secretary by the chairman of the London Committee (Foreign) of Fire Offices; but it was accompanied with the remark that the London Committee would not approve of the initiative being taken by the Insurance Companies with a view to legislation which had for its object the holding of official enquires in the case of fire; and it was decided to take no further steps in the matter for the present.

Re-insurance with Non-Tariff Companies.—The London Traffic Offices, at a meeting on Foreign Business on the 3rd May 1883, resolved to refer to a sub-committe the question whether business falling under a suspended tariff or the suspended portion of a tariff, is to be deemed tariff or non-tariff business for the purposes of the resolution of the 13th November, 1884, forbidding the transaction of reinsurance business in the East Indies and in the Straits Settlements with any office not a member of the London Committee (Foreign) applies only to tariff business. The report of the sub-committee was brought up at a meeting held on the 2nd May, 1890, when the following resolution was passed:—Resolved—"That, in accordance with their recommendation, business falling under a suspended tariff is not tariff business for the purposes of the resolution of the 13th November, 1884, during the supension

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

POCKET ANEROIDS, or Barometers, measuring altitudes from 10 to 20,000 feet, in nickel silver and standard silver cases, shape and size of a Watch, at Rs. 20, Rs. 25, Rs. 35, Rs. 50, Rs. 55, Rs. 65 to Rs. 130.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Opticians, Bombay and Poona.

LANSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and Co., Sole Agents.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PERDSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, late Governor of Bombay.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of Brazilian Pebble SPECTACLES, FOLDERS, etc., fitted on the latest scientific method. Gold framed from Rs. 14 to Rs. 18, metal framed Rs. 3 and upwards. GOLD JEWELLERIES can be had ready or made to order.—DINSHAW M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 99, Medow St., Fort (opposite Soundy and Co).

ELEPHANTA.—The Fine New Steam-Launch "VICTORIA," runs frequently to the Island. Fare Rs. 5, and is AVAILABLE FOR PICNICS. For Terms apply to THOS. COOK AND SON, Rampart Row.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MATHERAN FOR SALE, next SATURDAY, Sir Mungaldas Nathoobhoy's Estate. Refer to Crawford & Co., Auctioneers.

ENGLISH HOTEL, HORNBY ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

WHITE FLANNEL SHIRTS.—Fine Twill or Plain Shrunk Saxony, with silk bands to Collar, Rs. 8-8 cash.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A Pair of ARAB HORSES, fast and showy ; over 14-1 (go in single and double harness) with Landau. Price Rs. 1,400. Apply J. HEWITT, WALLACE & Co.

FOR SALE—English-built DOG-CART and BAY ARAB, rising 5, with Set of Black Harness. Apply to H. BICKNELL, Office 3, Eldon Road, Fort.

THE Giant Patent PHŒNIX, with 48 Harmonium Steel Reeds and 6 metal Tunes and case complete, Rs. 125. Never imported into India before. A powerful Hand Organ suitable for Dances or Dancing Halls. —STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

MOTIVALA'S COUGH PILLS act as a charm in Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Lung and Throat Diseases. They are pleasant to the taste, purely vegetable, very efficacious and cheap. Price 4, 8 and 12 Annas per Phial. See Handbills containing certificates of cures which can be had of S. B. MOTIVALA, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED, a BANDMASTER, for Band (Brass) of the 102h Bombay Light Infantry, now stationed at Poona (Deccan). Kneller Hall man preferred. Apply, enclosing testimonials and stating terms, to BAND PRESIDENT, 10th Bombay Light Infantry, Poona, Deccan.

WANTED, by an European, SITUATION as Maid to a Lady, or to take charge of one or two Children going Home. Good Tailor references. Address CUBBON HOTEL, Bangalore.

WANTED, an experienced BOOK-KEEPER, Eurasian, not older than 35 years, good at figures and correspondence. Monthly salary Rs. 20, or more according to ability.—Apply to "R," care of this Office.

TO LET, a FURNISHED BUNGALOW, comprising Sitting, Dining, 2 Bed and Bath Rooms, situated outside Lanowlie Woods. Apply "URSA," 37, Baboola Tank Road.

HOUSE TO LET, on Cumballa Hill, from end of May for six months. Furnished. Apply to H. M. PHIPSON.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class Upper Storied Hotel in Poona. It is most centrally situated, Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate Sitting room. Terms moderate.

MAHABLESHWAR.—"FOUNTAIN HOTEL," patronized by the present Commander-in-Chief, is the only one on the Hill having best sets of thoroughly ventilated rooms, facing west, and commanding excellent view. First class Cuisine. Rates moderate.

TRICYCLES AND BICYCLES, Bassinette and Perambulators, a large stock to select from, of good English make. Various styles and patterns with latest improvements.—GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

MENTHOL! MENTHOL!!—A speedy cure for Headache and Toothache. Just received in Fancy Boxes. The cheapest line ever offered to the public. From Annas 4 each. PEARSE and Co., Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

A. B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whisky and Highland Whisky, the choicest of their kind, approved by Society. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay

EXTRACTS out of Numerous TESTIMONIALS of BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE :—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vara :—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works, Goldora :—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major E. M. S. Reporter, Cananore :—All the cases tried upon have recovered.—Send your orders to Dr. H. L. Batliwala Dadur, Bombay. May also be had at Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c., at Ld. 1.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 23, Medows Street, Bombay.

HALL MARKED 18-KT. GOLD KEEPER RINGS.—A fresh Consignment of London-made Keeper Rings of MOVED, CURVED, CHASED, and many other elegant Designs just to hand. Price Rs. 15 only. Well worth money.—JEHANGIR C. GOWASJEE, Watch Maker and Jeweller, 97, Meadows Street.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! —The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been remodelled, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

EUROPEAN LADY, of long experience in TUITION, desires to GIVE PRIVATE LESSONS in French, German and English, Conversationally and Gramatically. Also Evening Classes. Address "MADAME," care of this Office.

FOR SALE.—Still and Sparkling Hocks Moselle, Champagne, Claret and Cognac of Well Known Brands and Quality. Apply to the Godown-keeper N. P. NATHAN'S SONS, 71 and 73, Apollo Street.

BANK NOTES.—Any person in possession of Second Halves of Bombay Bank Notes for Rs. 100 each, No. S-57 48180 March 14th, 1887, No. S-71 68125 August 15th, 1888, is requested to send them to ROGERS & Co., Hunmum Street, Fort.

IVANHOE, Sir Arthur Sullivan's new Opera' S. ROSE and Co. are now registering orders for this work. Please apply early, S. ROSE and Co., 33, Rampart Row, Bombay.

MICROBE KILLER, RADAM'S, cures Disease by removing the Cause—" MICROBES." Apply to ROGERS & Co., Hunmum Street, Fort.

SURGICAL, MEDICAL and MONTHLY NURSES are available on application to the SISTER SUPERIOR, at the European General Hospital, from whom all information may be obtained.

JUST PUBLISHED.—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1891.—Enlarged Corrected, and Revised up to Date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound. Price Rs. 3. Postage, 4 Annas.—*Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when all other drugs have failed.

REGENT PARK CANINE SURGERY.

Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.

Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.

MR. SPENCE, for convenience of residents in India, and avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices :—

BLOODHOUNDS	£35 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20
MASTIFFS	£20 ,,
BOARHOUNDS	£20 ,,
BULL DOGS	£20 ,,
BULL TERRIERS	£10 ,,
FOX TERRIERS	£10 ,,
IRISH TERRIERS	£10 ,,
WELL-BROKEN POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20 ,,
WELL-BROKEN SPANIELS	£10 ,,

Apply

MR. CHAAS. BELL SPENCE, M.R.C.V.S.,

Lanark Villas, Maida Vale, London.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business of pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Charing Cross" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not, therefore purchase without seeing the Government stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND. AGENTS WANTED.

REAL IVORY HANDLED CUTLERY.

GUARANTEED PURE STEEL. Of the very Best Quality, with through Tang. Table and Dessert KNIVES and CARVERS. A small supply just received by

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,

House Furnishers and Billiard Table Makers, 13, Marine Street.

HUTCHINSON & CO.,

EAST INDIA MERCHANTS AND AGENTS,

25, Craven Street, Charing Cross, London.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed of.

Indents executed with care and promptitude.

Passages booked by all lines of Steamers.

All agency business undertaken.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES

BY J. K. STARLEY & Co.,

OF COVENTRY.

A NEW SUPPLY of the above Machines has just been unpacked by

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.,

SOLE AGENTS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

For Strength, Elegance, and Lightness they are Unrivalled.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO INTENDING BUYERS ONLY.

HURJIMULL AND COMPANY,

JEWELLERS & SHAWL MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. I. H. THE CZAREWITCH.

Best Indian Jewellery and Curiosity Shop in Bombay.

RAMPART ROW AND MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON.

18 YEARS IN PRACTICE.

No. 19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,

OPPOSITE TO CURRENCY BANK.

RESIDENTS IN INDIA WILL FIND

CEYLON

An agreeable place to visit during

THE HOT SEASON.

NUWARA ELIYA.—The Sanitarium is 6200 feet above Sea.

And after reaching Colombo by short sea voyage, is easily approached by Rail. First Class Return Ticket Rs. 8. "THE GRAND" & CHITTERION" HOTELS are charmingly situated, over-looking Lake and Mountain scenery. Furnished with every Comfort. Excellent Cuisine. Bracing climate, but not too cold. W MILSOM & Co., Proprietors. Nuwara Eliya, Ceylon.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

HAND-BOOK OF GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawad, Mahikantha and Rewa-Kantha, together with Appendixes and a copious Index." To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay. The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.

PRICE ..... Rs. 6.

Packing & Postage Extra.

JUST PUBLISHED.

MACLEAN'S

GUIDE TO BOMBAY

AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

FOR

1891.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5 ; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1891, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The DIRECTORY has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF

A VALUABLE BUNGALOW

AT MATHERAN,

Belonging to the Estate of the

LATE SIR MUNGULDAS NATHOOBHOY, KT., C.S.I.

The property is Leasehold from Government on a Renewable Lease and contains an area of 10 Acres and 1 Goonta or thereabouts.

THE BUNGALOW IS IN GOOD ORDER, AND COMMANDS A FINE VIEW.

The above property is to be SOLD by AUCTION under the direction of the Executors at Messrs. CRAWFORD, & Co.'s Auction Rooms, on SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 3 o'clock p.m.

Also certain pieces of land at Thana, admeasuring 22 acres and ½ goonta or thereabouts, belonging to the same estate will be SOLD by AUCTION at the same time and place.

Particulars and conditions of sale can be obtained from the Auctioneers or at the office of Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, Solicitors to the Vendors.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, March 21, 189 .

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,

No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSE AT ARDESIR DADY STREET.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 24th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagees, Messrs. Byramjee Rustamjee Cooper and Nowrojee Dadabhoy Nanjibora, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors the late Awabai, widow of Dadabhoy Rustomjee Shroff, Dhunjeebhoy Dadabhoy Shroff, Rustomjee Dadabhoy Shroff, and Jeejeebhoy Dadabhoy Shroff, the following valuable property :—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the east side of Ardesir Dady Street, without the Fort, in the City of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2f7-3-9 square yards or thereabouts, be the same more or less, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue at Bombay, under old No. 326, new Survey No- 7429, and assessed by the Assessor of Bombay Municipal Taxes under No. 28, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the north by the property of Carsetjee Nusserwanjee Chinoy, on or towards the south by the property of Dr. Framjee Shapoorjee, on or towards the east by the property of Cowasjee Hormusjee Ghandy, and on or towards the west by the said Ardesir Dady Street, which said premises are at present in in the occupation of the mortgagors and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee. Solicitors to the morigagees, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, March 24, 1891.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Mount Labanon, 1555 tons, Captain S Nilson, arrived in harbour on Sunday last from Perim in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs W and A Graham and Co.

THE steam-ship Florence, 1,346 tons, Captain W B Ruddeman, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Said in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs W and A Graham and Co.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Chupra, 1,944 tons, Captain A Houghton, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coconada, with a general cargo, Mr. J P Fiddian as cabin and 29 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Heathfield, 1,398 tons, Captain Thos MacDonald, arrived in harbour on Sunday last from Shields, with cargo of 2,791 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs James, Mackintosh and Co.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Kangra, 1,469 tons, Captain John Skinner, arrived in harbour yesterday from London via Karachi, with a general cargo, Mrs Skinner and Miss Gillett as cabin passengers. The Kangra brought in tow the yacht Darra Salaam, from Karachi.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S N Co's steam-ship Maria Teresa, 2,011 tons, Captain R Deperis, will sail to-day for Hongkong via Colombo with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr Algernan Hankey, Mr, Mrs and Miss Rich, Mr B Borchard, Mr and Mrs Dobrowolski, Mr G Drosos, Mr A Hareekapas, and 7 deck.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steam-ship Bengal, 2,377 tons, Captain W Barratt, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from China via Colombo, with Her Majesty's China and Australian mails, a general cargo and the following passengers :—From Hongkong—Mr M M Gobhay, Mr M M Mehta, Mr A Rahimbhai, and Mrs Cassum and child. From Singapore—Mr E Abdulla. From Colombo—Mr. H Walde, Mr C Danoch, Dr W Whitemore, Mr J B Howett, Mr W C Reid, Mr W Norman Smith, Miss Lowell, Dr Riise and Mr E Y Dulong. From Calcutta—Prince Louis Esterhazy. From Melbourne—Mr Trofford, and Mrs. Trahan, and three children. From different ports—37 deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—MARCH 23.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Shed.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Chupra	1944	Houghton	A	B I S N Co
,, Drummond	1134	Mundle	C	K Nixon & Co
,, Trifels	1816	Meyerdirx	D	Glade & Co
,, Cy of Dublin	2150	Greenhorn	F	Sir C Forbes & Co
,, Cossack	..	Cross	G	Government (Master)
,, Springfield	1457	Robson	H	W&A Graham & Co
,, Bendo	2280	Campbell	K	J Mackintosh & Co
,, Wai	..	Nacoda	L	Shepherd & Co
,, M. Lebanon	1555	Nelson	N	W&A Graham & Co
,, Birchfield	1437	Robson	O	P Morrison & Co
,, Florence	1336	Cuddeman	P	W&A Graham & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

S.S. Poonani	Nacoda	Shepherd & Co.
,, Neera	Nacoda	Do.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Rome	2729	Browne	1	P & O S N Co
,, Hispania	2213	Abrey	2	W&A Graham & Co
,, H. Rubattino	2304	Morozzo	3	F Bozzoni
,, Bokhara	1663	Case	4	P & O S N Co
,, Kangra	1469	Skinner	6	B I S N Co
,, Imperator	2211	Bechtinger	7	A-H Lloyd's S N Co
,, Maria Teresa	2011	Deperis	8	A-H Lloyd's S N Co.
,, Nedjed	1622	Newly	10	K Nixon & Co
,, Wistow Hall	2138	Kelly	13	E Bates & Co
,, Knight Commander	2731	Thomas	13	K Nixon & Co
,, Pemba	986	Houstoun	15	B I S N Co

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

S.S. Kistna ..... 1110 ....Simpson..... B I S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
23	Rome (s)	Browne	London, Feb 25.
	Kangra (s)	Skinner	London, Feb 10.
	Chupra (s)	Houghton	Coconada, Feb 25.
	Bengal (s)	Barratt	Shanghai, Feb 22.
	Florence (s)	Cuddeman	Port Said.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
22	I M S Canning	Hewett	Karachi.
23	Kilwa (s)	Major	Persian Gulf.

The steamer Maria Teresa, Captain Deperis, obtained her port clearance yesterday for Hongkong.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Florence, for Marseilles and Genoa.
,, Mount Lebanon, for Antwerp.
,, Kapurthala, for K. Coast and Karachi.
,, Chupra, for Rangoon, Moulmein, &c.

ADEN SHIPPING REPORT.

Arrivals. Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.	Departures. Date.	To.
December.					
23	Amizade (Bg)	F Sumsoon	Delagoa Bay		
February.					
25	Rockliff	Donovon	Cardiff	15	Calcutta
25	King fisher H M's	Gardiner	Berbera		
	Penance rim IG	Black	Berbera		
March.					
3	Trevaylor	Quiller	Cardiff	16	Rangoon
	Tuna	Lovell	Perim & Zeilla		
9	Madura	Avern	London	10	Zanzibar
10	Parantus	Murray	London		Sydney
	Woodcock	Craig	Berbera	13	Berbera
	Goorkha	Johnston	Calcutta	10	London
11	Martabun	Ritson	Rangoon	11	Port Said F O
	Maria Teresa	Deperis	Priesta		Bombay
	Coromandel	Reeves	London		Calcutta
	Damanhour	Mahomed	Suez	15	Suez
12	Avon	Chaband	Zanzibar	12	Marseilles
	Victoria	Webner	Sydney	13	London
	Shannon	Edwards	Calcutta		London
	Broombaugh	Weightman	Cochin	12	London and Havre
	Siam	Jephson	Bombay		
13	Australian	Didier	Marseilles	13	Sydney
	Imperator	Bechtinger	Trieste		Bombay
	Britannia	Woodcock	Colombo		London
14	R. Rubattino	Morozzo	Genoa	14	Bombay
	Palestina	Desider	Mussowa	15	Mossowa
	Midge	Jones	Perim		
	Henzada	Brown	London	14	Calcutta
	Kongo Jpn. M. of War	Hidaka	Constantinople		
	Hiyei	Tanaka	Constantinople		
	Braunasch weig	Meyer	Bremen	15	Australia
15	Irrawaddy	Flandin	China		Marseilles
	Gladys	Harrold	Akyab		PortSaid F O
16	Sculptor	McAllister	Bombay	16	Mussowa & Jeddah
	Himalaya H M's	Hammick	China		Portsmouth.
17	Hoiyrood	Rettie	Calcutta		
	Singapore	Parodi	Bombay	17	Genoa
	Woodcock	Craig	Berbera		
	Prevalgan	Glasson	Akyab	17	PortSaid F O

Aden, March, 17.

DAILY IMPORTS—MARCH 23.

FROM GLASGOW.

Nubia s—3 cases whisky, Phillips and Co.
City of Dublin s—161 cases whisky, Sorabjee Cowasjee.
Hispania s—23 cases provisions, &c, Treacher and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of Dublin s—30 cases stout, Eduljee Bozonjee ; 33 cases stout, Sorabjee Cowasjee ; 100 drums linseed oil, M A Hoosin.
Wistow Hall s—25 cases stout, Manockjee Postonjee.

FROM LONDON.

Massalia s—3 hogshead brandy, E Bozonjee.
Malwa s—1 hogshead whisky, Lawrence and Co ; 10 cases anniline dye, V Tulsidas ; 10 bottles quicksilver, K P Bozamgunee ; 12 bales brown papers, Jamsetji Dosabhoy.
Pekin s—9 cases champagne, R Mervanjee Gazder.
Kolpino s—4 bales writing paper, A H Kikabhoy ; 7 cases confectionery, S Lilladur ; 28 packages printing and writing papers, C A Rahim Bros ; 58 packages, writing papers, &c, H Abdool Ally ; 20 cases varnish, A C Abdool Hoosein ; 9 cases anniline dye, G Mooljee ; 82 cases oilmenstores, B Nuzerally ; 338 drums linseed oil, &c, T F Bengalee ; 92 cases oilmenstores, &c, E Russooljee ; 59 cases papers, M A A Essabhoy ; 6 cases soft soap, D R Umrigar and Co ; 11 casks paint of sorts, C Rajbhoy and Co ; 25 drams M Esmaljee ; 60 cases beer, D Cowasjee ; 17 cases oilmenstores, Dinshaw Burjorjee ; 20 bales printing papers, Javajee Dadajee ; 12 cases, ham, bacon &c, Pearse and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Trifels s—7 cases cologuwater, S Lilladhur ; 66 cases glassware, S Samsoodin ; 15 cases anniline dye, C Ramjee ; 25 bales straw boards, M A M Shurufally ; 325 cases window glass, Byramjee Shapoorjee ; 26 cases playing cards, H Jeevabhoy : 250 cases playing cards, H S Habib ; 27 cases plate glass, E Tajbhoy ; 52 cases window glass, S Lilladur ; 50 cases window glass, A Shaikadum.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending 20th March as compared with the statement of the 14th March, 1891 :—

Liabilities.	Mar. 14. Rs.	Mar. 2 Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00
Reserve Fund invested in Govt. and other authorized Securities	33,50,000	
Public Deposits at Head Office	45,89,145	
Do. do. at Branches	49,68,466	
Other Deposits	4,31,23,262	
Post Bills	5,39	
Cash Credits, undrawa	17,2	
	Rs. 6,85	

Assets.	
Govt. & other authorised Securities	
Cash Credits on do. do.	
Loans do. do.	
Current Accounts overdrawn	
Bills Discounted and purchased	
Stamps, &c.	
Dead Stock Rs.	
Amt. applied in reduction	
Bullion	
Cash Balances with	
ents	
Cash and Currency	

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 23.

FINANCIAL quotations were unchanged in every item in London on Saturday; and the latest telegraphic news regarding Produce was included in our report under that evening's date.

MONEY.—The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday shows the following changes :—

Public Deposits at Head Office	Dec.	Rs.	9,78,204
,, Branches	Inc.	,,	3,79,321
Other Deposits	Dec.	,,	11,34,125
Government Securities	Dec.	,,	43,950
Loans	Inc.	,,	71,154
Bills Discounted	Dec.	,,	10,71,037
Cash with other Banks	Dec.	,,	89,342
Cash and Currency Notes	Dec.	,,	5,21,391

Although the Presidency Bank's Cash Balance at the close of last week did not, as at the end of the previous one, show some increase, the comparatively small decrease of some 5½ lakhs, disclosed by the Statement of Affairs issued this afternoon, indicates the continued state of ease in the Money Market at a time when we are approaching the busiest part of the export season, and when, in addition to increased arrivals of the principal export staple, large supplies of Wheat and Linseed of the new crop are now coming to market. Indeed, the retention of the Bank's minimum rate, at the low level of 5 per cent. towards the end of March, points to a quite unusual abundance of Money for the time of year ; and the present position would seem to justify the expectation that we way pass through what is ordinarily a time of monetary stringency, with rates of accommodation not enhanced by more, say, than two per cent. above their present level. The figures which we give above for comparison, show a material diminution in Private Deposits, though only a slight increase in Loans ; but, on the other hand, Bills Discounted had diminished by nearly 10¾ lakhs, the net increase in the trade demand having been less than 1¼ lakh, the Cash Balance having been reduced principally by Government withdrawals.

The holiday feeling which began to manifest itself at the close of last week has been apparent to-day in anticipation of the holidays about to commence here and on the other side ; and export business has been slack, all round.

COTTON has been dull in tone, and prices have receded Re. 1 to Rs. 3 per candy. Only a small business has transpired, exporters purchases having been confined to 400 bales of Mowa, at Rs. 187 ; 100 Bhownugger, at Rs. 181 ; and 100 Barsee, at at Rs. 189 ; while the Mills have taken only 150 Akola, at Rs. 173 ; and 100 Baroda ginned, at Rs. 175 per candy.

WHEAT has been taken to only a small extent to-day ; but the feeling has been steady, and prices are quite unchanged.

SEEDS have also been steady, and a moderate business has been done on the basis of previous rates.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	10,162	bales.
Wheat	25,920	cwt.
Linseed	33,884	,,
Rapeseed	9,989	,,
Gingelly	8,914	,,
Groundnuts	7,375	,,
Castorseed	3,540	,,

FREIGHTS are firm ; but business is checked by the high rates demanded by holders of tonnage ; and no fresh business of importance has transpired to-day.

EXCHANGE reopened this morning with an easy feeling at Friday's closing rates, the Banks having been closed on Saturday for a Parsi holiday ; but Calcutta rates coming 1-16d. below ours, a decline to the same extent took place here, and the market closed quiet at our quotations. A considerable business in three months' sight Credits, at a fraction above 1s. 5 7-16d. for near delivery, has taken place ; and some Bank Telegraphic at 1s. 5¼d. and 1s. 5 5-16d. for forward transfer, was done ; but these latter rates could not be obtained in the afternoon. We quote :—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 5 3-16 to ¼d. per rupee.	
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5¼ to 3-16d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 5 5-16 to ¾d.	,,
Credits do.	1s. 5 7-16 to ½d.	,,
Francs do.	1-83½	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been strong and advancing, and as high as 105½ was touched for Fours for the next settlement, a considerable business having been done at 104½ to 105. On the whole, an advance of ½ per cent. both for Money and Account has been established on Friday's final rates, and the market closed firm at 104 15-16 for cash and the coming account, and 104-11-16 for the May account ; with 4½ per cents nominally 107½.

SHARES.—The market is closed for the holidays.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Italian steamer Bisagno, which left Bombay on the 11th instant, arrived at Singapore to-day the 23rd.

The Anchor Line s.s. Armenia arrived at Marseilles on 20th March from Bombay.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 21.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollerah	3 15-16.

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

2½ per cent. Consols	96⅞
3 per cent. Rentes	95 ex
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108⅛
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	75⅛
4½ per cent. ,,	77⅛
Bar Silver	45 3-16.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS—MARCH 21.

Harrington, Lieut, 1st Bo, Grenadiers, on leave, from Surat.
Wilkins, Lieut, Bo Infty, on leave, from Bhuj.
Richardson, Vety-Surgon, Bo A V D, on leave, from Khandalla.
Wellings, Surgn-Major, Bo, Medical Staff, on duty, from Aden.
Shea, Col, Bengal RA, going to England.

MARCH 22.

Bentinck, Lieut, Bengal Rifle Brigade, on leave, from Jullundur.
Forbes, Captain, Ms, 2nd Madras Lancers, on leave, from Kamptee.

MARCH 23.

Hoskyn, Captain, Bengal RE, on leave, from England.
Walker, Lieut, 22nd Bo, Infantry, from leave, from England.
Wylie, Lt-Col, Bengal, Pol Dept, from furlough, from England.
Westropp, Capt Bo, ACG, on leave, from Jubbulpore.
Vaughan, Capt, Bengal, 35th Sikhs, from leave, from England.
Phillipson, Capt, Bengal, 7th Dragoon Guards, from leave, from England.
Winton, 2nd Lt, Ms, R A, from leave, from England.
Wingate, Col, Bengal, Mily Works from leave, from England.
Fitzgerald Captain, Bo, Durham L I, on leave, from Kamptee.
Duffus, Lieut, Bengal, R A, on leave, from Cawnpore.
Nanton, Lieut, Ms, R E, on leave, from Bellary.
Mould, Surgn, 1st B C, on leave, to Saugor.

DEPARTURES—MARCH 18.

Heyman, Capt, Bo, Marine Battn, on duty, to Poona.

MARCH 21.

Sheppard, Lt-Col, Bo, A J Adv Genl, on duty, to Poona.
Francis, Capt, 5th Bo Infy, on leave, to Tongarh.

MARCH 22.

Harrington, Lt, 1st Bo Grenadiers, on leave, to Surat.
Hatcher, Capt, Bo, D A A Genl, for Musketry, on duty, to Deolali.

MARCH 23.

Winton, 2nd Lt, Madras, R A, from leave, to Bangalore.
Wilkins, Lt, 14th Bo Infy, on leave, to Bhuj.
Wingate, Col, Bengal, Mily Works, on duty, to Lucknow.
Nanton, Lt, Ms R E, on duty, to Bellary.
Haydon, Lt-Col, Bo, R E, on leave, to Ahmedabad.
Jennings, Surgn, Bengal, Med Staff, to Lahore.
Walters, Lt, 22nd Bo Infy, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Deane, Capt, Ms, 2nd Suffolk, to join, to Wellington.
Hosyn, Capt, Bengal, R E, to join, to Jhansi.
Wylie, Lt-Col, Bengal, Pol Dept, from furlough, to Nepaul.
Herbert, Lt, Bengal C I H, to rejoin, to Agra.
Hall, Surgn, Bengal, Med Staff, from leave, to Agra.
Russell, Surgn, Ms, Med Staff, on duty, to Secunderabad.
Fox, Surgn, Ms, Med Staff, on duty, to Bo[illegible]

BOMBAY VOLUN[illegible]

REGIMENTAL ORDE[illegible]

HON. L. H. BAYLEY, [illegible]

Bombay, [illegible]

1. The Comm[illegible] grant leave of [illegible] March to 24th [illegible]

2. The [illegible] Class fir[illegible] after th[illegible]

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

HUGGINS—Feb 26, at Magdalen-road, St Leonards-on-Sea, wife of Capt P G Huggins, D S O, 21st Mad Infy, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

BARTER—Feb 27, at Cressingham House, Sutton, Surrey, Lieut-Gen H Barter, C B, Ben S C, late Commanding 15th Lodhiana Sikhs, aged 63.

DUMERGUE—Feb 25 at Heather Bank, Tonbridge, Kent Beatrice Georgiana Dumergue, daughter of the late G P Dumergue. Madras C S, aged 52.

GREEN—Feb 23, at Cheltenham, Agnes Sophie, daughter of Gen Sir G W Green, K C B Retired List, Ben S C, aged 39.

HUT

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE BONAPARTE FAMILY.

LONDON, MARCH 23.

A family council of the Bonapartes is assembling at San Remo, where the ex-Empress Eugenie is at present staying.

SPEECH BY MR. PARNELL.

Mr. Parnell in a speech at Drogheda, yesterday was silent regarding Mr. Maurice Healy's challenge which, it is believed, the former intends to evade.

DEATH OF GENERAL JOHNSTON.

PHILADELPHIA, MARCH 22.

General Johnston, the famous Confederate General, is dead.

THE CZAR AND PRESIDENT CARNOT.

ST. PETERSBURG, MARCH 22.

His Imperial Majesty the Czar has conferred on M. Carnot, the President of the French Republic, the Order of Saint Andrew, the highest Russian honor that can be bestowed.

THE FOUNDERING OF THE S. S. UTOPIA.

LONDON, MARCH 23.

Further particulars regarding the disaster to the Utopia describe the harrowing scenes daily occurring at Gibraltar as hundreds of corpses are gradually being washed ashore and identified.

Many of the survivors from the wreck are returning to their homes in Italy, whilst others are continuing their voyage to New York.

RESIGNATION OF MR. PARNELL.

Mr Parnell has placed the resignation of his seat for Cork in the hands of the Parnellite whip requesting him to present it as soon as Mr. Maurice Healy resigns.

THE "KRIDABHUWAN" CASE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MARCH 23.

All the gentlemen charged in the "Kridabhuwan case, namely, Messrs. Ghotavadekar, editor of the *Shetkari*, Woshi, Ranade, Damle, and Behere, have been acquitted to-day by the Magistrate holding that there is no evidence to suppose that they either committed or abetted the offence outside or inside the place of the meeting. The mob was composed of boys, who were excited by the conduct of the reformers.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Judgement was delivered to-day by Mr. Plunkett, City Magistrate, in the case in which five Brahmans were charged at the instance of the City police. The Inspector, under section 47 of the District Police Act with refusing to disperse when ordered to do so by the police at the recent meeting held in the city in support of the Age Bill. The Magistrate disbelieved the evidence of the prosecution and discharged all the five accused. The Magistrate stated his belief that the whole disturbance arose because a student had been ill-treated by some one. The other students, of whom the crowd was largely made up, had revenged themselves by throwing stones upon those taking part in the meeting.

CENSUS AT MAHABLESHWAR.

According to the census returns the population of Mahableshwar has been computed at four thousand three hundred and thirty-four souls.

DEPARTURE OF MAJOR-GENERAL SOLLY-FLOOD.

The departure of Major-General Solly-Flood to-night was made the occasion of a demonstration on the platform of the railway station. Among those present were the Honourable Mr. Moore, Colonel Rawlins, Surgeon General Webb, Deputy Surgeon-General Graves, Colonel Carrington, Major Stopford, Colonel Westmacott, Colonel Hughes, Colonel Hibbert, and all the officers in the station, both staff and regimental, besides a few Parsee gentlemen who presented garlands to the General and Mrs. and Miss Solly-Flood. A few ladies were also present. As the train steamed out of the station three cheers for the departing General were called for by Colonel Rawlins, and the call was enthusiastically answered. The General appeared to be in good health.

THE SUPERINTENDENCY OF ARMY SCHOOLS.

Colonel G. A. Jacob's term of office as Superintendent of Army Schools having expired he goes home shortly; Captain Chapman, of the 25th Regiment, will fill the office temporarily, pending the appointment of a British officer. Colonel Jacob is an excellent oriental scholar, and has translated several Sanskrit books.

THE BLACK MOUNTAIN EXPEDITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 23.

Ril, 21st March.—A wire has been cut near Kunhar on the night of the 20th. The Royal Welsh Fusiliers was fired on by a small party of the enemy. Two Fusiliers were slightly wounded. The portions of road between Filli and Ril have been destroyed by the enemy. A few shells were thrown into the Ril to-day. The flying column reached Ril; and one man of the Khyber Rifles was wounded in some firing with the advanced guards. The destination for to-morrow is Ali Palosi. On the 21st the enemy opened fire.

Filli, 20th March, night.—Two men of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers were wounded. The enemy's loss is not known. General Hammond's guns opened fire on Ril this morning, and pushed his reconnaissance on to Abu, now held by the Khyber Rifles. The River Columnand head-quarters are now entrenched in and round Palosi from Pirzada. A reconnaissance party sent within one mile of Maiyan attracting desultory fire from the left bank. On the 22nd all was quiet. The entrenchments round the Palosi were strengthened. The squadron of the 11th Bengal Lancers moved from Dirband to Bela escorting the convoy of boats. Three guns of the Derajat Mountain Battery occupy the hill about half mile north-east of the entrenched camp. Crowds of armed Hassanzais, with twelve standards, are seen to-day on the heights above the Maiyan towards the basin on the right bank of the river.

Seri, 22nd March—Few shells were thrown from Ril into Kaizar, dispersing two hundred of the enemy. The road has been destroyed between Ril and Kaizar. Four Kahars were killed, and one injured by a house collapsing near Abu.

Colonel Mahomed Aslam, of the Khyber Rifles, [illegible] charger being killed. Siri was occupied [illegible] a very slight opposition. Buri Siri [illegible]ked to-morrow, and the party will

THE HON'BLE MR. IZAT.

The Hon'ble Mr. Izat, Agent to the Bengal, North-Western, Oudh, and Rohilkund Railways, laid up at Lucknow with typhoid fever, is progressing favourably.

POLICE APPOINTMENTS.

Captain Ryves has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Inspector General of Police, North-West Provinces, and Mr. L. H. Lovett, District Superintendent of Moradabad, fills the post of Assistant Inspector General of the Government Railway Police.

THE ZHOB VALLEY RAILWAY ESTIMATE.

The Zhob Valley Railway roughly estimated, including the section of the Indus Valley system through Gomal Pass, will cost at an average of two lakhs per mile. The bridge over the Indus, a mile in length, with several miles rivetted embankments leading to either side, will probably cost a crore of rupees.

THE LAUNCHING OF THE S.S. CHITTAGONG.

When the last home mail left there was a hitch in the arrangements between the India Office and Messrs. Matheson and Company for launching the Chittagong.

GENERAL SIR GEORGE CHESNEY.

General Sir George Chesney will leave Calcutta on Thursday by the Kaisar-i-Hind for Madras on a short tour in that presidency.

THE MADRAS ARBITRATION COURT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 23.

The Madras Arbitration Court was formally opened this evening by Sir Savalay Ramasamy Moodelliar. There will be twelve judges consisting of retired Government officials and members of the legal profession. Some cases have already been referred to this Court by the High Court and Small Cause Court.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT BHOWNUGGER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOWNUGGER, MARCH 23.

A great and disastrous fire broke out here at three o'clock this morning, lasting nearly six hours. About seventy houses in the neighbourhood of the old durbar palace in the town were destroyed. The damage is roughly estimated at about ten lakhs of rupees. The municipal fire-engines, five in number, were early on the spot, and every effort was made to subdue the fire. The municipal officers, the city and armed police, and Rassala sowars, did all in their power to get the fire under control. On the very first alarm the Dewan, the Public Works Councillor, and heads of departments were all present encouraging all those who were engaged in extinguishing the fire. His Highness the Maharaja was early on the scene of the fire, and went round all the quarters where the fire was raging, expressing deep sympathy with the sufferers.

PASSENGERS PER EXTRA STEAMER PEKIN.

THE following passengers will sail to-day by the P. & O. Co.'s s. s. Pekin, Captain P. Harris, for London and Marseilles:—

FOR LONDON.

Rev and Mrs J Robson	Mr R R Deane
Mrs McGann and two children	Capt G H Watson
Major and Mrs MacIntire	Mr and Miss O'Dowda
Mr W Henry Cole	Captain and Mrs Hemming
Dr and Mrs Amesbury, three Misses Amesbury and three boys	Mrs Prinsep
	Mr Miller
Miss Luard	Mr Henry Smith
Mr and Mrs C L Sim	Mr. J Macdonald
Mr and Mrs E S Luard and infant	Mr Sim
	Dr Treherne
Mr Charsley Thomas	Mrs Lawrence
Mrs Miller and infant	Mr Galloway
Mrs Smith and infant	Major E French Ownes
Mr and Mrs Lake	Mahomed Borkabulla Moulir
Surgeon A B Eales	Miss McPherson
Mrs Terman, one child, and two infants	Dr and Mrs Clark, child and infant and son and a lady friend
Mrs Sutherland	Mrs Dutton and infant
	Mr J A Yates

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr and Mrs F W Smith	Mrs Croudace and child
Mr and Mrs F Little	Mr John S Elmore
Mr Allan	Mrs Fawcett
Mr J L Lyell	Major & Mrs W G Saunders
Mrs Kneller	Mrs and Miss Lea
Mr and Mrs Hugh Fraser and infant	Capt W Fryer
	Capt and Mrs Mein
Mr and Mrs F Gilos and child	Mr and Mrs Conybeare and maid
Mr A C Young	Mr H E Falk
Mr and Mrs F A Shaw	Mr and Mrs Laycock
Mr H H Hungerford	Mrs Harvey
Mrs and Miss Lamb	Mrs Baillie
Mr and Mrs Sayille	Miss Macintyre
Mr and Mrs Kennedy	Brigade-Surgeon S H O. Banks
Mrs G Pennell Douglas	
Col and Mrs Bowen	Mr Fawcett
Capt and Mrs Ulick Browne	Mr A Robinson
Mr and Mrs J. Dyson and three Misses Dyson	Mrs Perkins and 2 daughters
	Mrs Cleghorn
Mrs Hathaway	Genl A L Playfair
Mr and Mrs Thos Barnsley and son	Genl and Mrs Solly-Flood and Miss Solly-Flood

NOTES FROM KOLHAPUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KOLHAPUR, MARCH 22.

H. H. THE MAHARAJAH returned here from Dharwar on Sunday, and to-day his *munj* ceremony is being performed in the old palace with all due solemnity. An important function connected with this is the feasting of several thousands of Brahmins, for which purpose a huge mandap of bamboos and matting has been erected in the Khas Bagh, which has lately been levelled and prepared as a playground for the students of the Rajaram College and High School. To-morrow it will be the turn of the Marathas to have a feast at the same place. This ceremony is a preliminary to the Maharaja's marriage which is fixed for the 1st of April. The bride is to be a young lady from Baroda. His Highness is looking very well, and has been making good progress at Dharwar, under the able care of his guardian, Mr. Stuart Fraser, C.S. The Maharaja in many ways takes after his father the late lamented Regent Aba Sahib. On Wednesday he might be seen driving with the greatest ease of six-in-hand team.

No sooner shall we have recovered from the marriage festivities than we shall be plunged into the giddy whirl of the Governor's visit. According to the present programme his Excellency is expected to arrive on Monday, the 20th April, and will declare the Kolhapur State Railway open on his arrival by the first train from Miraj Junction. Yesterday for the first time the City of Kolhapur heard the welcome sound of a railway engine's whistle. This shows that the line will be quite ready for traffic by the time fixed. All who have inspected the railway declare that Mr. Shannon has executed a most solid and satisfactory piece of work.

H. E. the Governor's visit will extend over two clear days. On the afternoon of the 21st he is to open the Kolhapur and S. M. C. Industrial Exhibition. In December last the Diwan called a meeting of leading officials and citizens, at which the following organizing committee was appointed:—Mr. C. H. Candy, B.A., LL. M. (president), Dr. G. Sinclair, Messrs. R. J. Shannon, B. A., C. E., H. J. Eunson, Rev. J. Priestley, S. P. G., Messrs. R. V. Dhurandhar, K. T. Natu, V. K. Rashingkar, G. K. Sovani, K. N. Pandit, with Messrs B. P. Modak and D. S. Gholkar as honorary secretaries.

These gentlemen on January-1st issued the following prospectus:—

Prospectus of the Industrial Exhibition, to be held at Kolhapur, during the month of April, 1891. Under the patronage of H. H. the Chhatrapati Maharaja of Kolhapur, Col. C. Wodehouse, C.I.E., Political Agent, Kolhapur and S. M. C., The Counilr of Administration Kolhapur, Chiefs of the Southern Maratha Country, and the Feudatories of Kolhapur.

The Exhibition will be held during the third week in April and remain open for eight days. As far as possible samples of all the Industrial products of the Kolhapur State and Southern Maratha Country will be exhibited. The object of the Exhibition is to ascertain what are the different kinds and qualities of work produced by the several artisans, manufacturers, and other producers, and as far as practicable to find out in what manner such work can be improved and encouraged. With this object prizes will be given in the different classes to such works as may meet with the approval of the examining committees. The following are some of the handicrafts that are open to exhibitors, and any others not included in this list will be admissible, and, if of sufficient merit, will be awarded prizes.

N. B.—All exhibits competing for prizes must be *bona-fide* local productions. It is hoped that representatives of all handicraft will be engaged to work in the Exhibition, showing the actual process of manufacture. Such workmen will receive travelling expenses and remuneration from the managing committee. Then follows a list of handicrafts arranged in fifteen classes:—

CLASS I.—Minerals. 1 Ores suitable for iron, copper, &c. 2 Stones, suitable for (Gypsum) Plaster of Paris. 3 Earths.

CLASS II.—Machinery. 1 Machines. 2 Tools and implements of all kinds. 3 Motors. 4 Furnaces. 5 Scientific instruments. 6 Oil mills. 7 Sugar mills.

CLASS III.—Iron, Brass, and Tin Work. 1 Cutlery—Arms, Weapons, knives, scissors, locks, razors, nutcrackers, &c. 2 Casting in iron and brass. 3 Brass and copper utensils, cooking pots, &c. 4 Lacquers on brass and tin. 5 Enamels on iron. 6 Tin ware.

CLASS IV.—Textile and other manufactures. 1 Cotton fabrics. 2 Silk and velvet. 3 Woollen. 4 Worsted and mixed fabrics. 5 Floor cloths. 6 Carpets. 7 Tapestry, lace, and embroidery. 8 Paper. 9 Aloe, hemp, and coir work, ropes, matting, &c.

CLASS V.—Leather. 1 Tanning. 2 Colouring. 3. Leather work—harness, saddles, boots, slippers, shoes, sandals, bags, cases, whips, belts, and portmanteaus.

CLASS VI.—Carpentry. 1 Furniture,—Chair, tables, Teapoys, &c. 2 Plain Work,—Doors, windows, &c. 3 Ornamental work. 4 Carved work. 5 Models in wood,—buildings, animals, &c. 6 Ditto Lacquered. 7 Turned articles. 8 Walking sticks. 9 Snuff boxes.

CLASS VII.—Pottery. 1 Plain Utensils. 2 Ornamental Utensils. 3 Glazed Utensils. 4 Enamelled Utensils. 5 Tiles, bricks. 6 Hardware. 7 Water pipes, &c.

CLASS VIII.—Goldsmith's Work. 1 Plain work in gold and silver. 2 Ornamental and inlaid. 3 Engraved. 4 Relievo. 5 Setting work—Jewellery. 6 Silver Utensils. 7 Gilt.

CLASS IX.—Fine Arts. 1 Painting, oil-painting on canvas, silk, &c. Water-colour painting, crayons, plain and coloured. 2 Photographs. Photo-engraving and photo-lithographing, &c. 3 Sculpture. Carving in Stone, marble, ivory, and horn. Moulds of Plaster of Paris, and clay, models and figures in Clay and Plaster of Paris. (3) Architecture. 4 Printing, plain and colours: on lithographic and typo-graphic press.

CLASS X.—Music. 1 Wind instruments. 2 String instruments. 3 Drums.

CLASS XI.—Stone Work. 1 Plain. 2 Carved. 3 Moulded.

CLASS XII.—Agriculture. 1 Implements—Khurpas, &c. 2 Water lifts.

CLASS XIII.—Vehicles. 1 Carriages and Tongas. 2 Dummies. 3 Carts. 3 Perambulators.

CLASS XIV.—Forest Produce.

CLASS XV.—Miscellaneous. 1 Cane work. 2 Bamboo and grass work. 3 Tailor's work. 4 Fancy Needle work. 5 Dyes, &c. 6 Glass-ware—Bangles &c., 7 Toys and other fancy articles. 8 Indigenous drugs and spices of all sorts. Book-binding of all sorts 10 Perfumery. 11 Stationery.

The exhibition, it will be seen, is confined to Kolhapur and the S. M. C., and does not pretend to be anything very grand. The experiment was first tried here three years ago, and turned out a success. Exhibitors are encouraged to produce good work, and those interested in the trade and progress of the district can find out what the natural products and industries are. Under the superintendence of Mr. Dhurandhar the capacious buildings of the elephant and camel stables (commonly known as the hathi mahal) are being prepared for the exhibition. Probably special trains will be run on the new State Railway to enable strangers from Belgaum, Poona, and other places.

On Monday last the Political Agent gave judgement in a sessions case, which had been sent up from the Mudhol State. The accused Rajaram Ranchordass Guzar was charged with abetment of forgery, possession of a forged document intending to use it, and using a forged document as genuine. The assessors found him guilty on all three counts, but the Political Agent disagreeing as to the first charge found him guilty on the other two, and sentenced him to six years' hard labour and Rs. 2,000 fine. The court was crowded daily during the week the case lasted; all the budding lawyers of Kolhapur apparently were attracted by the chance of hearing two well-known Bombay barristers. Mr. Inverarity appeared for the defence, and Lord Colin Campbell for the prosecution.

POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 6.

THE event of the week is undoubtedly the Canadian elections, the result of which was awaited with an interest which shows that our sluggish insular intelligence can after all be awakened into concern for colonial affairs. In one respect the result is disappointing. Sir John Macdonald had been so earnest in pronouncing the issue to be "the Union Jack" or "Stars and Stripes" that many of us had been led to believe that the Grand Old Man of Canada would be able to convert the election into a great Imperialist demonstration. It may turn out that no such demonstration was necessary, for even such a high Imperialist as Sir George Baden Powell has assured us that Liberals and Conservatives are equally devoted to the British connection. If therefore the old flag seems to droop somewhat after the fight it is the fault rather of the Prime Minister than of the people whom he has a little too lightly charged with treason. However, Sir John Macdonald it is calculated will have a majority of twenty-five in the Ottawa Parliament, which should serve for some time to come. But the old statesman is seventy-five, his personal ascendency is enormous, and he cannot be expected to hold the standard aloft for many years longer. After Sir John Macdonald what may we look for? Mr. Goldwin Smith would say Commercial Union with the United States, and then absorption into the States. But as a chronicler of the events of to-day I must not look as far into the next century as that. People here have been deeply interested in the elections; but opinions as to the ultimate significance of them are, as you might expect, somewhat nebulous. We cannot all of us read "high politics" from the tape.

There is not much in the Parliamentary record of the week that specially concerns India. You will see that Mr. Henniker Heaton, who is by no means as disposed to "dem the half-pence" as was the immortal Mr. Mantalini, has been fighting hard to get the Indian post card reduced from two pence to a figure more in proportion to the two pence half-penny letter postage, and that Mr. Raikes maintains his presence of mind before the Postal Member for the Empire—which is remarkable—and maintains the two penny post card, which is annoying. The chief debate of the week has been upon Mr. Stansfeld's "one man one vote" resolution, which Mr. Gladstone and the Opposition leaders have supported, notwithstanding that they have been reminded that when in office they were wont to speak of the present arrangements as final. The most noteworthy thing in the debate was the ending of it. A majority of 102 against a motion which should have been assured of the undivided support of British Radicals and Irish Nationalists is remarkable, and people are pointing to it as a proof of the demoralization—at all events I will call it want of go—which has come over the Opposition. Undoubtedly there is something in this. Mr. Parnell is showing signs not only of energy but of power, and there are visible misgivings amongst the Liberals in consequence. People are saying that he is stronger in the constituencies than they thought he was, and as things go the strength of Mr. Parnell is the weakness of the Opposition. Perhaps, however, the Liberals will take heart after the election at Aston Manor. They are hopeful enough about it, and many talk confidently of converting the Conservative majority of seven hundred odd into a majority for the Liberals. I will not attempt to forecast the result, but you may note the fact that the *Birmingham Post*, Mr. Chamberlain's organ, talks of somewhat doubtfully of the result. However, both parties have for some time had their candidates within call, and it should be a fair fight and a close one. No one, I imagine, is more closely interested in that result than Mr. Chamberlain. Oh the whirligig of time, for Mr. Chamberlain to pray night and morning for the success of a Tory candidate!

I told you a week or two since of the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography which is projected for August this year, under the presidency of the Prince of Wales. I am asked to call attention to the fact that it is eminently desirable that India should be adequately represented at the Congress, not for the Congress's sake, but for India's. Some of the subjects to be discussed are of as vital interest to India as to any country in the world—the question of quarantine for instance, whether sanitation is more efficient against cholera; the prevention of leprosy, the effect of soil of communicable diseases. It is hoped that the chief Municipal Corporations and sanitary authorities in India will be represented, and I am sure that if any Bombay Municipal Councillor is likely to be home in August he would be welcome as a member of the Congress. A well-known erewhile fellow-citizen of yours, Mr. Stephen N. Fox, is one of the secretaries of the Demography division.

You are better able to judge than I am, but I should say that the *St. James's Gazette* is altogether absurdly wrong when it says of the much too famous Age Bill:—"Before any more mischief is done (and a good deal has been done already) the Indian Government must drop what it never ought to have taken up. It is perfectly clear that the strongest and the best native opinion is against the Age Bill promoted in London drawing-rooms and praised by globe-trotting philanthropists. It is painful to realize that we must not give legal protection from matrimonial cruelty to immature girls. But what is formally permissible is not therefore practically done. And it is tolerably certain that the rite of Child Marriage is, in fact, so rarely abused that our consciences need not be very sorely vexed about enormities which we cannot abolish. The most important and the most significant point is, that the women of India are against a Bill professing to protect them. The great meetings which are being held show what the men think—they regard the Bill as a menace to their customs and religion. So the Bill, about which nobody in India is enthusiastic, should be abandoned." An Indian friend of mine tells me that a certain Mr. Tilak, aided by Kout Houmi, must have written this, and I am instructed that it is my duty to laugh at the suggestion that the "strongest and best native opinion" is against the Bill, as well as at the statement that the women of India are against it. Perhaps you in Bombay can laugh about it with more confidence than I can.

On Saturday evening there appeared in the *Pall Mall Gazette* an elaborate and carefully prepared attack upon the People's Palace. The writer, whoever he was, had access to all the papers connected with its financial matters, and to some, but not all, the information attainable as to the present condition of the institution. A sum of about £100,000 has been collected and spent upon the Palace. It now possesses its great Hall for concerts and other purposes, library open all day long and half the day on Sunday, its winter garden, just finished, a noble gymnasium nearly finished, a swimming bath crowded with bathers all the summer, a great suite of rooms for social and other purposes, and a magnificent set of class rooms for its technical school. A great deal of all this has been done by the munificence of individuals—for instance, the swimming bath is the gift of Lord Rosebery, the organ of Mr. Thistleton Edwards, the winter garden of Sir Arthur Guinness. It remains to be said that the library has about 12,000 volumes already; that the gymnasium will be completely fitted, and that the schools are provided with laboratories, engineers' room, and everything that is wanted to make them complete. The Drapers Company has nobly undertaken the whole cost of the technical schools. It has also advanced a sum of about £25,000 to pay off the liabilities incurred in building the palace. The Charity Commissioners will give it £3,500 a year. I think, but I am not quite sure, that the income available to run the palace apart from the schools will be about £5,000, less the interest on the debt. This is a very tight fit indeed, and the former donors may very well be asked to clear the institution of debt.

The attack of which I speak is at first directed against what the writer calls extravagance. He speaks of enormous salaries. One man had £300 a year, and the rest salaries of from £80 to £200. Are these enormous? For this pay they worked all day, sometimes till ten o'clock at night. Some money he says, next, was lost in the exhibitions. Perhaps. But not a great deal, and against the loss on some should be set the profit on others. And then comes another and, to my mind, a much more serious charge. "The social side of the institution has almost disappeared, though one of the finest gymnasia in London is being erected by the Drapers' Company and is almost completed. The chess, dramatic, sketching, harriers, and football clubs have been swamped amid the financial and administrative chaos, while the cricket, ramblers-lawn tennis, boxing, and other clubs exist in diminished and diluted forms. The library—"literary!" class has been suppressed; the debating society has long ago disappeared. Utility flourishes. Short-hand and book-keeping thrive."

VERY well. I have before me the *Palace Journal*. I have also spent an afternoon in the Palace getting the exact and latest facts. Here they are. The social side of the Palace has *not* disappeared. It is flourishing, vigorous, and active as the following will show. First as to the alleged failure and suppression and disappearance of the clubs. The chess club has gone, I believe, because there was no convenient place for it. The Dramatic Club has transformed itself into the Garrick Club which performs outside the Palace, and an Elocution Club, which is taking its place within the Palace. The Harriers' Club has gone outside, I do not know why; the Football Club still exists. Now, the financial condition of the Palace had nothing at all to do with the changes in these clubs; the Palace did not subsidise them; the changes are due simply to the varrying fashions and moods of the young men, and sometimes to their dissensions. Among the clubs that exist, not in diluted form, but with a vigorous life of their own, are the Cyclists', the Cricket, the Boxing, the Lawn Tennis the Ramblers, the Girls' Gymnastic Club (which is the former Girls' Social Club), the Old Boys' Club, and the Girls' and Boys' Junior section. They have dances periodically. A short time ago they had a fancy dress ball. The palace has its own orchestra, its own choir; they sing, for instance, the oratorio choruses at the Sunday Sacred Concerts. At the schools they have classes in art of all kinds. Failure has to be confessed in two clubs—the Debating Club, which died because the members ceased to attend; and the Literary Club, which was, from the very beginning a sickly plant. Indeed, nothing is more remarkable than the total absence of the literary faculty found among the members of the People's Palace. In the art classes there are 110 students; in trade classes 401; in science classes, 640; in music, 545; in the general classes, 706. There are besides, classes for women only, used for special lectures. In all, there are now about 2,700 students of all kinds crowding into the place every evening. There is a concert, to which sometimes 4,000 people will come, twice a week; there are organ recitals and sacred concerts three times on Sundays. There is the library, to which in the year 1890 there were 399,985 visitors. The gymnasium also attracts a great many.

BUT it is said there can be no smoke without fire. What then does this attack really mean? I think it means a real fear that the palace may be allowed to become too much of a school and too little of a palace of culture. One respects this jealousy—one shares it even. I find, in addition, that there has really been some falling off in the numbers. This, however, I think is due to three causes, and they are temporary. First, the loss of Sir Edmund Currie, who can never be replaced, and the want of someone to be always about the place, to think for it, and to be on the spot. We shall find some young fellow probably before long. Next, the state of uncertainty as to the financial future. Until the Drapers' Company and the Charity Commissioners agree upon the matter there will always be a sense of insecurity which is obviously depressing. Lastly, an apparently small fact may largely account for the decreased numbers. The old temporary gymnasium has been taken away, the new one is not yet finished, and the gymnasts having nowhere to go except to a temporary place, have gone away bodily until this new house is opened. I cannot think, in fact, considering the splendid spirit that has been awakened and the history of the last three years, that the social and recreative side of the People's Palace will ever be suffered to die.

A great deal too much has been made out of the fact that the Lord Mayor has preached a sermon which was first written by Spurgeon. I suppose the thing cannot be denied. I suppose that the Right Honourable and Right Rev. the Lord Mayor of London employed somebody to write him a sermon on a certain subject, and that the literary person copied this old sermon and thought that no one would find it out. A clerical friend of mine was once nicely caught in much the same way. He was Dean of the College, and he was called upon suddenly one Sunday morning to preach in the College Chapel. He had no sermon ready, so he took Kingsley's *Village Sermons*, placed the book in his black velvet sermon case, and read one of those pleasing discourses. After chapel a deputation of undergraduates waited upon him. They came with supernaturally grave faces, and invited him to publish the excellent sermon he had just preached. My friend, equally grave, promised to consider the subject. In the evening, at dinner, everybody understood why the undergraduates were so cheerful, and why, at the Fellow's table, the mirth was hardly consistent with the solemnity of the day. Nor was that sermon ever published.

It is now about a year-and-a-half since a well known literary man received from a young lady living at Birmingham a scheme which seemed generous and noble in its conception, but too generous and noble for practical purposes. It was this. Every member of the proposed association should find out, or be helped to find out, some working girl and take her as a special charge, making her a personal friend, writing her letters of counsel and sympathy, making occasional gifts of clothes, flowers, books, &c., and, in fact, making the girl understand that she had some one outside her own circle who really cared for her, individually. The scheme includes the chief feature of modern charity, which is personal effort. For this reason it seemed at first sight, Quixotic. Very well. There are now a thousand members of the Girls' Letter Guild, and there would be more but for the fact that its founder has not the time to manage a larger family.

LAST week will remain in the memory of three hundred people for a most delightful and interesting lecture given by Mr. Egerton Castle on "Swords and Duelling." The place was the stage of the Lyceum; the company were invited by Mr. Henry Irving; the lecture was illustrated by the best swordsmen of this country, viz., Mr. Egerton Castle himself, Sir Frederick Pollock, Captain Hatton, Mr. Walter Pollock, and two professors of the noble art. We had as many kinds of fighting as time allowed, including a modern duel as the thing is conducted in Paris. There was also the ancient duel, beginning with a grand ceremonial Salute, which by itself took several minutes. The Salute belonged to an age of great outward attention to form, but it had its practical side, because it enabled a man to compose himself, to stretch his muscles, and to get himself into fighting trim. The audience was a goodly gathering of men and women connected with letters, art, and the stage; and the lecture was so successful that it is hoped that the accomplished swordsmen will repeat it, with a larger number of illustrations, and before a larger public. Fencing is one of those accomplishments which sometimes drop out of fashion, but never altogether lose their attraction. It needs but little to send all our young men to the *maitre d'armes*.

I have heard of an earthly paradise. It is for girls, and only for girls, who can do real practical work, and are honest and clean. That means that it is no paradise for the poor shirt makers or for factory girls. In fact, they want to people this paradise with domestic servants. What is provided? First, for pay, fifteen dollars, or £3 a month, rising to £6 or £8 a month, for a good nurse or good cook. Next, for liberty. When her work is done the servant does not ask leave, but she goes out as much as she pleases; she has plenty of time for amusement; if she allows a young man to come courting she does so without asking leave. There is no fear of poverty; if she marries, her children will receive an excellent free education; there is no fear of the country being overstocked. There is room for all, and to spare. Does this tempt any honest girl? If so, the lady who writes to me will answer inquiries: she even offers to find places for girls. "When," she says, "I think of the poor hollow-cheeked ragged little ones in London, and their one day in the country, I long for them here. Land, work, food, and sunshine for all who will come, but especially for poor girls." The place is Los Angelos County, California, and Mr. Walter Besant will give the lady's name and address to any one who wants to learn more about it, and writes to him at Hampstead, London.

The lovers of Richard Jefferies are not a large body, though they are increasing daily, and will continue to increase so long as the love of Nature and the country, of field and hedgerow, of dewy lawn and tangled coppice, continues in our hearts. For, they say, no man ever wrote as Jefferies wrote. None has so filled the woods and hills and streams with a living and breathing soul. Therefore, those who love this writer are enthusiastic brothers and sisters in this enthusiasm. They are raising a monument to his memory in the cathedral of his diocese—Salisbury. It is a bust, and the Bishop has consented to placing it in the Cathedral. There wants, in order to complete the payment for this bust, a certain sum of money. A committee has been formed for raising it, among whom are Mr. Charles Longman and Mr. Andrew Lang, and the treasurer is Mr. A. W. Kinglake, brother of "Eothen" Kinglake, of Taunton.

MRS. POTTER AND MR. BELLEW AT THE NOVELTY.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH'S comedy "She Stoops to Conquer" was produced last night before a large audience, and as an all round performance, equalled anything that the Company has yet appeared in. It was rather surprising to find an actor and actress like Mr. Bellew and Mrs. Potter, whose forte is assuredly tragedy making so excellent in appearance in comedy. Mrs. Potter made a most winsome and charming Miss Hardcastle, and displayed a deal of humour, acting with great vivacity all through; while Mr. Bellew gave a splendid portraiture of the bashful-impudent Young Hardcastle. His representation of the character was as clever as it was original. The other members of the Company gave excellent support, Mr. Crofton as Tomy Lumpkins in particular figuring prominently, and acting with a spirit he has never shown before.

SHAKESPEARE AT THE GAIETY.

Mrs. Potter and Mr. Bellew, so many and so pressing have been the requests, have been at length prevailed upon to give a public Shakespearian recital; and in order that it may be fully taken advantage of they have decided instead of making it a morning performance, to give the entertainment in the evening. The 30th instant, Easter Monday evening, has been fixed for the event, and as this necessitates Mrs. Potter and Mr. Bellew's being detained in Bombay longer than was their original intention, it may be expected the public will give them a cordial reception and crowd the Gaiety Theatre where the recital will be given. The programme which they intend submitting will be drawn largely from "Romeo and Juliet" and "Hamlet," including all the best scenes from those plays, and probably a few selections from others. The programme however will be published in a day or two. The Gaiety Theatre has been deserted for a long time; but it has been so thoroughly cleaned and overhauled, that Mr. Bellew when he saw it, declared it to be the neatest and most comfortable little theatre he has yet seen in India, and that is the reason why it has been engaged for the recital.

THE total population of the whole Madras presidency is 35,633,206, of which 17,624,379 are males. The total number of houses is 6,706,465.

THE HAZARA FIELD FORCE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

CAMP TILLI, MARCH 17.

ON the 10th of the month a Wing of the 37th Dogras was sent to Bela, in support of the Wing of the 32nd Pioneers, which was working on the Kotkai Road, and on the same day a Wing of the 2-5th Gurkhas was sent to Phuldar, where the other Wing of the Pioneers was working on the Tilli Road. At both Bela and Phuldar large supplies of Commissariat stores had previously been collected. On the 11th the bridge of boats had worked up the river as far as Bela, and this seems to have excited the Madha Khels, who fired some shots from across the river into a working party of the Pioneers, but the few men who had ventured down the hillside to fire were soon driven back by one or two volleys from the Pioneers and Dogras to the hill top, where a considerable number of men were visible. On the 12th inst. the advance proper was made. The columns are composed of the following troops:—The river column under command of Colonel Williamson, Royal Welsh Fusiliers (with temporary rank of Brigadier-General), is made up of the Seaforth Highlanders, 4th Sikhs, Head-quarters and Wing of the 32nd Pioneers, 37th Dogras, and the Guides with two half Native Mountain Batteries. Major-General Elles and Staff accompany the River Column. The Tilli or Right Column, under command of Colonel Hammond, V.C., of the Guides (with temporary rank of Brigadier-General) is made up of the 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, 2nd Battalion 5th Gurkhas, 11th B. I., a Wing of the 32nd Pioneers, and 300 men of the Khyber Rifles with one European Mountain Battery.

The first day the River Column marched to Kotkai, which place it occupied at 1 p.m. without opposition. A few shots were fired at the troops from across the river, but without result. Four guns and a detachment of the 11th B. Infantry were detached to Chamb, a village on a high spur over-looking the Indus Valley, to cover the advance of the River Column should any opposition be made. On the 13th instant a detachment of the Guides was sent across the river and had a skirmish with the enemy, killing three men but without any casualty on our side. On the 14th instant a reconnoitring party was sent on as far as Makranai, when some shots were fired from Abu, one long distance shot inflicting a flesh wound on the thigh of a signaller of the 4th Sikhs. On the 15th strong reconnoitring parties were sent across the river and had a skirmish with the enemy beyond Palosi. The River Column, as was expected, seem to be in luck's way as regards chances of fighting, and it certainly so far has not had the difficulties of roads, &c., which the Hill Column has had to encounter.

The Right Column marched on the 12th instant from Darban to Pailam, a long march with a good deal of steep climbing at the end, but fortunately the road had been well made. As it was the rear guard did not reach Pailam till about 6 p.m. The bivouac was in a small amphitheatre of hills, terraced all round into small fields, and the tier upon tier of fires at night formed a very picturesque scene. There was some idea of marching the following day to Kunhar, but as the onward road was reported to be very bad, it was decided that Tilli was as far as we could attempt. A covering party of a half Battalion 5th Gurkhas and a half Battalion of the Pioneers moved out about 8 a.m. on the 13th instant. The remainder of the column was ordered to march at 12 noon, but on account of the state of the road the hour of march was postponed till 1 p.m. Unfortunately thick clouds came up between 8 and 9 o'clock and enveloped us, and in the clouds we had to remain all day, and to add to our discomfort there was a good deal of drizzling rain. Our progress was decidedly slow and by three p.m. the rear of the troops had just got half way and reached the top of the ridge overlooking Tilli, which ought to have been visible had it not been wrapped in mist, and the rear guard had just left Pailam. Here we halted till 5-30 p.m. while the Pioneers and Coolie Corps in front were trying to make the road practicable. As evening came on it was found to be impossible to proceed further, and much to our disappointment the "retire" was sounded. The troops who had been half-way down the hill had to return to the top and bivouac in some very wet wheat fields. The last of the baggage from Pailam did not get in till close upon ten o'clock. One horse and several mules went down the "Khud," but luckily sustained no serious injuries, and their loads were all recovered. As no water was procurable at the top of the hill, although the men had their rations they were unable to cook them. However steep the hills may be in this part of the world, wherever there is any soil they are terraced into little fields in a marvellous manner, and I am

regulation this she would be unable to do. If however a line is to be drawn, and a female adult hand is not to be permitted to exercise her own discretion and to be a free agent in disposing of her own labour, then 11 hours of daily actual work would appear to be a reasonable limit, very nearly in accord with actual practice in the great majority of instances. But in my opinion a much stronger objection exists to the proposed compulsory grant of intervals of rest, amounting in the aggregate to one and a half hours per diem to women actually employed for eleven hours. This goes beyond the proposal contained in the original Bill, and also beyond the recommendations of the Factory Commission, and is founded on one of the resolutions of the Berlin Conference. I am aware that the Bombay Millowners' Association has expressed its willingness to accept it but I am by no means sure that the Association has fully understood the question or realised what may be the result of this change in the law. It is true that at present under the easy going discipline which prevails in an Indian mill, women, and indeed all the operatives, are allowed to leave their work for a few minutes at a time whenever they have occasion, either to take food, to smoke, to have a talk, to rest a while, or for any other purpose, and their casual absences from their looms, their winding or their reeling, probably amount in the aggregate to from an hour to an hour and-a-half daily. The supervisors and managers do not object to these occasional absences if not too frequent and too protracted, and during her brief temporary absence the woman's work, if on a machine, is looked after by her mate. But it will be quite a different matter when the grant of prescribed intervals of rest at fixed times is insisted upon, and the labour in the mill is hampered by the enforced absence of a considerable proportion of the female hands during the working hours for 15 or 20 or 30 minutes at a time. Moreover, so long an aggregate interval of rest seems uncalled for. One hour daily is all that the original Bill proposed, and the Factory Commission reported that "beyond the half hour in the middle of the day no other compulsory time for rest is required." The one and-a-half hours rest is now apparently to be given in India because the Berlin Conference dealing with the question of female labour in wholly different circumstances and in another Continent deemed that female factory hands in Europe ought to be allowed that amount of rest daily. One result, I may point out, will be that in the Bombay Presidency at all events and indeed in every part of India where artificial light is not used in factories—and I believe it is only employed in Calcutta and there only in some cotton spinning mills—during some of the winter months women will be unable to do 11 or even 10 hours of actual work in the day. This measure, therefore, as curtailing their earnings, as interfering with their freedom of action, and as necessitating the introduction of stricter discipline in mill rooms is likely to prove a source rather of harm than advantage to the persons it is nominally intended to benefit. The prohibition of the employment of children at night is clearly advisable for the due protection of their health, but I fail to perceive any adequate reason for preventing women from working in the evening and at night by artificial light, provided always that the number of hours for which they are actually worked in the 24 does not exceed the maximum number permissible by law. It is of course impossible for any woman to work at night and also all day. If she is engaged in a factory all day she cannot labor also throughout the night, but seeing that if given her option she probably would prefer during the hot season to work by night and sleep by day, I cannot understand why she should be precluded by law from acting according to her own inclinations and convenience. There is nothing inherently wrong or unhealthy in night work. As previously remarked, very few jute or cotton mills are worked after dark in India, but in cotton presses and ginning factories in the mofussil which are worked only for a few months in the year, work has often to be carried on day and night to enable it to be accomplished in time, and in such instances the employment of women at night is essential if they are to be employed at all.

I greatly fear, my Lord, that the conditions proposed to be attached by the Bill now before Council to the employment in factories of women and children, combined with the apprehension that this measure is only a prelude to the imposition of further restrictions, will eventually and at no distant date bring about a result much to be deprecated. That result is the exclusion of all women and nearly all children from employment in any factory—certainly from employment on moving machinery. This is not a view held by me alone. It is shared partially at least by the Members of the Factory Commission who state, "If the hours of labour are limited to 11 for women working with moving machinery, we are convinced that without any exception these operatives will be replaced by adult operatives or half-time children. The law supposed to be passed for their benefit will inflict serious permanent injury on these skilled mill hands, and deprive them of the chance of earning a living at these factories." This seems to me a very grave matter. The substitution of men for women will probably cause in the mill owners some slight additional expense, but this is not a subject of very great consequence. But this new legislation will be a cause of much evil and suffering if —as I fear it is only too likely to do—it drives thousands of industrious and deserving native women out of of the mills where for years they have been thriving and earning far higher wages than any they could obtain by any other form of labour, and leaves them destitute and without occupation. Dwellers now in towns they have learnt a new and forgotten their old trades; they cannot dig; to beg are ashamed; their livelihood will be lost, and the means of their families to which they so largely contributed by their labour will be vastly reduced. Much misery and great distress will ensue, and a law nominally devised to be a blessing to the Indian female and child operatives will prove to them to be a curse. These only too probable results can hardly be regarded with any degree of satisfaction. The proposals contained in this Bill to which the greatest objection can in my opinion be taken as being those which are calculated to produce this disastrous result are chiefly based on the resolutions of the Berlin conference. I would wish to speak with all due respect of that Conference and the gentlemen who composed it, but I cannot refrain from pointing out that to the best of my belief there was no representative of India at the Conference, and as far as I am aware no gentleman who attended it had any practical knowledge of this country, it industries, and its conditions of labour. The conclusions of a body of experts conversant with European factory life, work and problems, are naturally entitled to the greatest weight in all matters connected with factory administration in Europe, but that they are of equal value when it comes to dealing with questions of factory economy and labour in Asia where the circumstances differ *in toto cælo* from those obtaining in Great Britain, France, Germany, Belgium, and other Europeans countries I am not prepared to admit. No comparison can be instituted between the habits, modes of life, standards of comfort, physical and mental powers, and circumstances of existence of an English mill hand and an Indian operative. They are in all respects utterly dissimilar. Nor again is an English factory with its strict discipline, formal rules strictly enforced and carefully obeyed, fixed hours, and its less numerous but more skilled and highly trained operatives to be treated as being on the same footing as an Indian mill with its lax and easy-going discipline, its absence of strict methods, its lighter labour, and its multitude of the most part small-sized, half-clad and uneducated hands. The two stand on entirely different levels. It is also necessary to bear in mind the immense difference in the quality of English and that of Indian labour. An English factory girl does that which in India it requires two or three male or three female adult operatives to perform. A Cotton Factory which in England would employ 100 hands would in India require 300 hands, Of the hands 75 per cent. would in England be women; in India the percentage of women would be below 60. Roughly speaking therefore,an Indian female operative does about one-third of the amount of work which an English female operative performs, and the labour of the former, though lasting over a large number of hours, is distinctly, light. An idea would seem to prevail in some quarters in England that the Indian operatives are cruelly overworked and miserably underpaid creatures, the slaves practically of rapacious European and still more heartless and extortionate native mills owners. A more erroneous and unfounded theory than this it is impossible to conceive. The Indian mill hands are well paid,well treated, moderately worked. Their work is light, pleasant, and highly paid as compared with that of their less fortunate brethren employed as coolies, agricultural labourers or on roads, railways, or public works. The woman who in a mill can easily earn under shelter, in an airy, commodious building, in what for her is luxury, her six annas or upwards a day, and has what is practically permanent employment, is infinitely better off in every way than she would be in her native village, toiling in the fields, at times in heavy rain, at others under a blazing sun, deeming herself lucky if she gained a few coppers by selling for an anna or two a heavy head load of grass or a bundle of firewood which it took her hours to collect and which then she had perhaps to carry for miles to the nearest market town, or considering herself favoured by fortune if she secured occupation for a fortnight as a coolie on a road-making or a road-repairing job, and was paid three annas for a long day spent in carrying baskets full of earth or metal. To women of her class, and they constitute a very large proportion of the female population of this country, employment in a mill is by far the best and most remunerative occupation open, and this fact they fully recognise. Great consequently is the competition to secure engagements in mills and the supply of candidates for employment always largely exceeds the demand.

The interests of the Indian operatives, their health and happiness, are I think sufficiently safeguarded, but we are also bound, I respectfully submit, to consider the interests and well-being of another and an important class not represented on or before the Factory Commission, and that is the owners of the factories who with much enterprise, at no small risk and by the outlay of millions sterling, have created and fostered in this country new industries, have made immense additions to the wealth of India, have introduced fresh manufactures, established cotton, jute, and wool mills and other factories at all large centres over this great Continent, and have provided profitable and remunerative occupation for the vast numbers of their hard working, industrious, and in the main at present prosperous and contented employes. They have succeeded in some respects, and in some branches they have driven their European competitors out of the field; and in my humble opinion it would be an unfair and an *impolitic measure to handicap them too heavily* because they have won the race, and to impose directly or indirectly on them burdensome restrictions not demanded by the circumstances of labour in this country, to enable their rivals from across the sea to recover wholly or in part the trade which has passed away from them. The Indian millowners I submit possess as strong a claim to the favourable consideration and the protection of the Indian Government as does any other class of its subjects. They have deserved well of the republic, they have started and perfected new industries, they have supplied employment to thousands of persons who owing to the increase of population would otherwise have experienced serious difficulty in earning a livelihood, and speaking as regards the Bombay Presidency, I may say that they have thus in furnishing occupation for the surplus population of the coast districts and Guzerat averted what might have been a grave agrarian question, and which may yet become one. I am thoroughly and heartily in favour of all measures which are or have been found to be really requisite for the due protection of the Indian operative from excessive demands on his health, strength, and stamina. I would most strongly support the adoption of any steps having as their true aim and actual result the prevention of over working of the Indian mill hands. But we should not I submit go beyond the real necessities of the case, and impose by legislation restrictions on labour in this country, not called for, by the circumstance of that labour, not demanded by either the employers or employed, and deprecated by both. We should, I think protect the Indian operatives within all reasonable limits, but we should not protect out of existence him and the industry which is his livelihood, nor should the protection of the Indian mill hand be converted into a device of the protection of the British manufacturer against the Indian mill owner.

True and disinterested philanthropy is a specially estimable virtue, but when we find the English manufacturer selecting as the objects for the exercise of his spirit of benevolence men of other race, creed, and hue, who happen at the same time to be the employes of the manufacturer's most dangerous and successful competitors, when we see him urging at the introduction of measures for the supposed amelioration of the condition of those employes calculated seriously to affect the industry of his rivals, it is not perhaps entirely unnatural to feel some suspicion whether the philanthropy thus displayed is altogether genuine and wholly unselfish. But the Indian operative, though in happy ignorance of Latin and Greek, ancient history and mythology, is sufficiently shrewed and sagacious I think to distrust the gifts thus offered him by the Greeks.

Those of us who in India converse freely with natives and read attentively the native press cannot fail to observe that a belief obtains that when the interests, commercial and other, of England clash with those of this country, the interests of India are subordinated to those of England. This belief is I fear rapidly spreading, being fostered and stimulated by writers in the native papers, and other persons in a position to influence the comparatively uneducated masses, and I cannot but think that this notion that India is not being justly dealt with by England when purely English interests are at stake may eventually prove a source of political danger. I do not for a moment say that this belief is well founded. What I do say is that it exists and is increasing, and I should extremely regret to see any measure adopted which might furnish even a colourable pretext for holding it to be true. In my humble opinion there can be no doubt whatever that legislative enactments ostensibly for the amelioration of the condition of factory operatives in India, but in reality hampering their employment and thus prejudicially affecting both them and the industries of this county, whether passed by the British Houses of Parliament or by your Excellency's Council, would greatly encourage the belief to which I refer, and the confidence of the people of India in the impartiality and beneficence of the British Government would receive a severe shock if the legislation regarding Indian mills and factories were imagined to be dictated or thought to be inspired by the manufacturers and manufacturing classes of Lancashire and Yorkshire.

GOOD FRIDAY AT THE THEATRE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is not long since the Mahomedan community were greatly disturbed by the rumour, that a play would be produced on the English stage, in which the character of Mahomed, their prophet, was to fill the principal *role*. You sympathised with them and raised your voice against the representation in question, not on religious grounds, of course, but because it was likely to offend the religious susceptibilities of so many of our fellow-subjects who follow the teachings of Islam.

I do not ask you, in the present case, to open your leading columns to the discussion of the subject I have at heart, but, in fairness to a large if not influential portion of the Christian community, I request the favour of a little space for this letter.

No man, be he Parsee, Hindoo, or Mahomedan, can give us credit for the slightest belief in our religion, if, on Good Friday the day on which we commemorate the most solemn event in Christian history, places of public amusement are resorted to.

I believe a certain section of the Scottish people think it proper to rejoice on that day. They have been brought up in that way, and, repugnant as it is to our feelings we can understand if we cannot appreciate the selfishness which actuates their joy. I remember when travelling in South Africa that I found occasion to remark on the seeming ingratitude of the Zulus when they received a present. My fellow-traveller, an old colonial, quietly remarked:—"You must look at it from his stand-point. He considers not the giver but the thing received, and weighing the value of that alone, thanks you with the words 'it is good for me.'"

If there are some of our Scottish brethren who think it their duty to rejoice on Good Friday, I do not wish to interfere with their religious belief. All I ask is that their rejoicing be not public, so that the feelings of a large number of Christians may not be needlessly hurt.

When the theatres opened on Sunday, I have no doubt the *Bombay Gazette* would at once cry out against the desecration of the Lord's Day in a pagan country, by people who profess to be Christians. If we do not wish to be considered worse than canting hypocrites by the natives of India, should no higher motive urge us on, it is time that a protest should appear against the desecration of Good Friday, a day set apart throughout the whole Christian world for reflection on the infinite goodness of God to us mortals, and the heinousness of sin which should require for its expiation the death of a God-man.—Yours &c.,

Malabar Hill, Bombay March 22. K.

PORTUGUESE MEETING IN BOMBAY.

A PUBLIC meeting of the members of the Instituto Luso-Indiano was held on Saturday last, in the hall of the Instituto, to send a congratulatory message to his Majesty the King of Portugal on the occasion of the fourth birthday of the young prince, heir presumptive of the throne. There was a large gathering, including Drs. Lisboa, da Gama, Viegas, Fernandes, and other prominent members of the community. Senhor Barbosa Centeno, the Consul-General for Portugal, having taken the chair as president of the Instituto, opened the proceedings by reading a telegram, which was received from his Excellency General F. M. DaCunha, the Governor-General of Goa, in which his Excellency stated that he approved the object of the meeting, regretting that it was not possible for him as a member of the Instituto to take part in the proceedings. The chairman, in explaining the object, dwelt at the earnest solicitude of King D. Carlos in attending to the prayers of his Majesty's subjects in British India especially in reference to the settlement of the Padroado question, and a congratulatory expression from the Portuguese community of Bombay as representatives of their brethren throughout India would be highly acceptable to the paternal hearts of the King and the Queen on the auspicious occasion of the birthday of the Crown Prince to the Portuguese throne. Mr. P. I. da Cunha supported the proposal by appropriate remarks, remembering that if the resolution at Oporto had succeeded, that day's pleasure would have turned into pain. He expressed how much the community was rejoiced at the birthday of the Prince and their prayers for his Highness' long life and welfare. The following telegraphic message was despatched:—"The Instituto Luso-Indiano congratulates their Majesties on the happy birth-day of the Crown Prince." Dr. da Gama presented the congratulations of those present to the Consul-General as his Majesty's representative in Bombay, which with a vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

THE CHINA COTTON MARKET.

MR. JAMASJEE'S cotton circular, dated Hongkong, March 5th, says:—Notwithstanding the heavy arrivals during the period under review, the demand for Indian yarns has continued unabated owing to more favourable advices received daily from the consuming districts, coupled with the telegraphic intelligence of higher rates in India, holders became firmer, which resulted in a further advance of from 25 cents to a dollar per bale in prices of all counts (except Nos. 6s. and 8s.) A fair volume of business has transpired, and the market closes firm as under. By this opportunity, we have added a new mill, named "Peroo Mahomed," to our list of spinnings, whose production of No. 20s. seems to be similar to other suitable threads, and has realised in this market at the remunerative rate quoted herein. The inquiries noted in our last for all descriptions of No. 20s. have been further extended by the dealers, and considerable settlements are reported at 50 cents to fully one dollar per bale on previous rates; the market closes firmer. A good demand having sprung up for some certain desirable and suitable threads of Nos. 16s. and 12s., prices of such descriptions were enhanced from 25 to 20 cents per bale, while others are steady at quotations with a moderate business reported. Owing to greater demand throughout the fortnight for all qualities of No. 10s. (except a few most inferior) prices have advanced from 25 to 75 cents per bale with a satisfactory business on record, and the market closes firm. Though the general tendency of the market is firm, and prices of Nos. 8s. and 6s. ruling at present are cheap, there being no improvement in demand for both these counts; but a few sales of desirable threads will be noticed at about previous rates and the market has remained dull. Nos. 14s., 18s., 22s, and 24s., to 40s. require no mention at present in absence of demand. During the fortnight arrivals 9,905 bales, sales 10,266 bales. Shipments to Coast Ports 649 bales; and unsold stocks 27,983 bales. Direct Shipment only for Shanghai 10,270 bales. As last advised, the markets in Shanghai as well as Coast ports are active and show a little improvement in prices with a good business transacted. However, latest advices from Japan report no change for the better, though there are no direct shipments at all from India for those ports during the past fortnight. Trifling sales of some choice brands have been effected at slight easier rates, and the market closes quiet.

THE *Morning Post* of the 27th ult. to hand by yesterday's mail writes:—"Maclean's Guide to Bombay" (G. Street and Co.) is in a sixteenth edition, and will, in all probability, reach a sixtieth, beyond which it would be idle to "forecast the years."

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF THE 6TH MARCH.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Rome, Commander G. W. F. Browne, with the English mails of the 6th inst., arrived in harbour at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. The following is the list of passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Sir and Lady Mortimer Durand and child
Miss Henderson
Mrs P D Deane and inft
Mrs Hugh Barnes and 2 infts
Mr H M Good
Mr and Mrs J Craw
Mrs Burt, infant and child
Major Price
Mr, Mrs and 2 Misses Batray
Mr H F Walters
Capt G R Hoskyn
Mr and Mrs C L M Eales, infant, and 2 children
Capt and Mrs H B Thornhill, infant and 2 children
Mrs B Duce and infant
Mr J McLaren
Miss Lovdell
Mrs and Miss Home
Mrs Lewry
Mr E P Knight
Mr G W Millais
Mrs and Miss Kensington
Mrs L S Carey and infant
Lt Priestley
Mr Hasselby
Dr Hughes Eyreo
Mrs Price
Mrs Joly de Lotbiniere
Mr C A Smith
Capt B H Vaughan
Mr A Earle
Miss L Earle
Mr C Earle
Mr Jones

FROM BRINDISI.

Lady Roberts
Miss Roberts
Mr Roberts
Mr A B Frere
Mr and Mrs Andrews
Mr Macfarlane
Mrs McNeile
Mr A H Diack
Mr D G Macleod
Mr and Mrs Sadler
Mr A E Rose
Mr Iver Macpherson
Lt M J Dennis
Mr G Forbes
Mr C Spedding
Mr Johnson
Col T A Wingate
Lieut J Kendall
Mr C Tudball
Mr and Mrs Dickson
Miss Chamney
Mr F C Gates
Rev John Scott
Mr W Kirk
Col Wylie
Capt Barton Phillipson
Mr F Beschy
Mr O Steel
Mrs Hosmell
Mr Arbuthnot
Mr R B Michell
Mrs Hope Michell and child
Mr Winterbotham
Mr Schneider
Mr Pullan
Mr Stedall
Dr Nicholson

FROM ISMAILIA.—Mr Alay Mohamed

FROM NAPLES.—Mr and Mrs H O Roome.

FROM ADEN.

H E the Commander-in-Chief
Maj Spratt
Col Greig
Capt Peyton
Col W Merriman
Maj H Hilderbrand
Mr De Winton

THE WEEK'S MAIL SUMMARY.

LONDON, MARCH 6.

THE COURT.

THE Queen left Windsor Castle on Tuesday morning for Buckingham Palace, where, in the afternoon, according to annual custom, she received a selection of the boys from Christ's Hospital, who exhibited their drawings. Her Majesty held a Drawing Room on Wednesday, and yesterday visited the Horse Show at Islington, returning to Windsor in the afternoon.

The Empress Frederick arrived at Dover from Paris on Friday afternoon, and proceeded to Windsor Castle.

PARLIAMENTARY.

A Cabinet Council was held on Saturday, at which all the Ministers were present.

In the House of Lords on Friday Lord Lothian moved the second reading of the Fishery Board (Scotland) Bill, for the introduction of elected members. The motion was agreed to. On Monday Lord Strathedon moved the second reading of the Smoke Nuisance Abatement (Metropolis) Bill. Lord Salisbury did not oppose the second reading, but could give no further support, as he did not see how interference in private houses could be permitted. The motion was agreed to. On Tuesday night the Duke of St. Albans moved the second reading of a Bill to abolish the property qualification for county magistrates. Lord Ashbourne and the Lord Chancellor opposed, and the Bill was rejected by 62 to 39. Last night the Archbishop of Canterbury moved the second reading of the Clergy Discipline (Immorality) Bill, which he said was designed to meet occasional exceptional cases. The Archbishop of York seconded the motion, and, after a brief discussion, the second reading was agreed to.

In the House of Commons on Friday Mr. Provand moved a resolution affirming that land was not taxed at its proper proportion. Mr. Chaplin demurred to the proposition, which Mr. Gladstone supported, but on a division the resolution was negatived by 123 votes against 77. On Monday, after preliminary discussions on the strength of the Navy, defence of coaling ports, and other cognate subjects, the House went into Committee of Supply on the Navy Estimates, which occupied the remainder of the sitting. On Tuesday Mr. Stansfeld moved a resolution to amend the existing franchise system by abolishing plural voting, restricting each man to one vote and the reduction of the tenure of residence for qualification. Mr. Howorth moved an adverse amendment. Mr. Gladstone supported the resolution, but Mr. J. Chamberlain objected to piecemeal amendments of the existing law. Upon a division the resolution was negatived by 291 against 189. On Wednesday a Bill to amend the law of Property Act relating to landlords was read a second time by 150 against 141. Last night Mr. Storey moved the adjournment of the House in order to raise a complaint against the police for violent conduct at the evictions of men on strike at the Silksworth Collieries from cottages held on the company's property. The remainder of the sitting was devoted to the Army Estimates in Committee of Supply.

POLITICAL.

The Marquis of Salisbury, speaking at a dinner of the Associated Chambers of Commerce on Wednesday, referred to the reproductive of protection in France and the United States, adding that remonstrance from this country would be worse than useless. The labour troubles would, he hoped, be settled by mutual good will and for the benefit of all.

Mr. Parnell, M.P., on Wednesday addressed a meeting at Clerkenwell, explaining his reasons for holding that the promises of the Liberal leaders in respect of Irish Home Rule were unsatisfactory.

GENERAL.

The new Bishop of Winchester, Dr. Thorold, was enthroned in the Cathedral on Tuesday.

The celebration of the centenary of the death of John Wesley, which began on Saturday, was continued on Monday, a statue of the founder of Methodism being unveiled at the City-road Chapel, when Archdeacon Farrar, Mr. H. H. Fowler, M.P., and other speakers dwelt on the religious impulse which John Wesley had originated both in this country and elsewhere.

The Oxford and Cambridge crews, which are to compete in the annual rowing contest on the 21st inst., both arrived at Putney on Monday to begin their practice on the Thames.

A new turn has been given to the strike movement on the Thames by the withdrawal of the Dockers, Union from the Federation of Labour Unions, on the ground that the Sailors' and Firemen's Union alone is interested in the present dispute, and the dockers would have to exhaust their funds in a strike in which they have no concern.

In the Court of Session at Edinburgh on Wednesday Lord Wellwood granted a decree of divorce to Mr. A. L. Brown, M.P. for Hawick, on the ground of the adultery of his wife.

The man Sadler, who was charged with the murder of a woman at Whitechapel, was again before the magistrate on Tuesday, when the counsel for the prosecution withdrawing the case and the prisoner was discharged. The coroner's jury had returned a verdict of wilful murder by persons unknown.

Sir W. Kirby Green, British Minister in Morocco, died suddenly on the 25th ult. at Morocco city.

A deputation of gentlemen connected with the various University Colleges of England had an interview with the Chancellor of the Exchequer on Friday last to set forth the good that had been done to higher education by the grant of £15,000 a year, and to ask for an increased grant. Mr. Goschen promised to consider the suggestion.

A special sub-committee of the Manchester Corporation has reported in favour of assistance to the Ship Canal Company to the extent of three millions in order to complete the undertaking, the total cost of which is now estimated at 13 millions.

IRELAND.

Mr. Parnell, M.P., on Sunday addressed meetings at Navan and Drogheda, in which he urged Irishmen to carry out the idea of an independent Irish control of Irish affairs, irrespective of any consultation with Mr. Gladstone (whom he styled the Grand Old Spider) or any English party.

The Anti-Parnellites held meetings on the same day at Mitchelstown and Rathkeale.

Mr. T. Harrington, M.P., on Friday, in the Dublin Court, obtained a verdict for £5 damages and costs against the publisher of the *Insuppressible* newspaper for a libel on him.

A meeting of the Anti-Parnellite Committee was held in Belfast on Monday, and the National League secretary was called upon to produce the books and the funds, but Mr. Harrison, M.P., stated that on the authority of the central branch he had taken possession of them. The subsequent proceedings were of a stormy character.

COLONIAL.

The results of the elections in Canada are not yet accurately known, but both parties are sanguine of success, although the Government supporters are prepared for a very small majority.

The Australian Federation Convention began its sittings at Sydney on Tuesday. Delegates from all the colonies will attend, and Sir H. Parkes was unanimously chosen as chairman. At a banquet in the evening the toast "One People, one Destiny," proposed by Sir H. Parkes, was drunk with the greatest enthusiasm.

FOREIGN.

The excitement in Paris concerning the visit of the Empress Frederick is subsiding, and it is expected that the threat of a more rigorous application of the passport system in Alsace-Lorraine will not be enforced.

In the French Chamber, on Saturday, a Bill practically prohibiting all betting on horse races was carried by 330 votes against 144. Great excitement has been caused in Paris, and it is expected that an attempt will be made to obtain, if not the reversal, at least some modification of the measure.

Count d' Aubigny, French Minister at Cairo, on Friday presented the protest of his Government against the official appointment of Mr. Justice Scott as judicial adviser to the Egyptian Government, and the next day he left for Paris.

The Comte de Montebello, French Ambassador at Constantinople, has also addressed a protest to the Sultan against the Anglo-Italian Judicial Commission in Egypt.

The Austrian elections are proceeding, and the present indications are the certain success of the Young Czechs or extreme nationalists in Bohemia and a domination of the liberal majority in Austria.

In the speech of the Queen-Regent, in opening the Spanish Cortes, a Protectionist Budget was foreshadowed and also a partial amnesty for political offences. The recognization of the Brazilian Republic also was announced.

According to the latest intelligence the Chilian insurgents retain possession of Iquique, and a report has been received at Buenos Ayres that a body of Government troops has joined the revolutionists.

There exist financial difficulties at Buenos Ayres which cause apprehensions of a forced issue of bonds.

OBITUARY OF THE WEEK.

Lieut-Gen. R. Barter, C.B., Bon. S.C.; Sir W. Kirby Green; Sir Benjamin Pine; Mr. G. Kynoch, M.P.; Mr. C. L. Lowes; Mr. J. D. Dougall; Mr. D. J. Jenkins.

A PENNY POST FOR THE EMPIRE.

MR. J. HENNIKER HEATON writes as follows to the *Times*:—Sir,—I am at length at liberty to make public certain remarkable facts, the importance of which your readers will not fail to recognise, bearing directly upon the question of extending the benefits of penny postage to the empire at large.

I have suggested three possible forms of such an extension—namely, "universal," "imperial," and "ocean" penny postage. The first form was submitted to the House of Commons by me in 1886, and it embraced penny postage to all civilised parts of the world. In deference to the wishes of those holding more cautious views, I have not since pressed for universal penny postage, although it was clear from the large vote in the House that considerable support might be relied on, and it is admitted that this is the ultimate and inevitable result to which all postal progress is tending. The question is then between "ocean" penny postage—a postal service carried out wholly by water between the various parts of the empire and America—and "Imperial" penny postage —a service which is conducted wholly by water to such colonies as can only be reached by water, and partly by an express train service where land (often foreign) intervenes between us and any colony.

With regard to ocean penny postage, it appears to be now generally admitted that since the total cost of (*a*) conveying our correspondence by sea to any colonial port and (*b*) delivering free the correspondence returned to us from the colonies amounts to less than one penny per letter, the establishment of that system cannot much longer be delayed. The chief importance of this lies in the prospect which it opens up of giving facilities to the masses to correspond with the millions of their countrymen who have gone to Canada, the United States, and to Australia and New Zealand.

It will be remembered that the stock objection raised to the institution of imperial penny postage has always been the heavy cost of the express mail train service across France and Italy. Nearly the whole of our mails for India, the Straits Settlements, the Chinese treaty ports, and Australasia are forwarded across the Continent from Calais to Brindisi by rail, to be taken on board of British mail steamers waiting at the latter port. For this service the French and Italian Governments should, according to the rates fixed by the Postal Union Convention, charge us by weight about 45,000*l.* a year. As a matter of fact, they charge us about 100,000*l.* a year—that is, one penny for each letter. Of course the obvious objection was taken, "While we admit ocean penny postage is possible, how can we institute imperial penny postage and charge a penny for the postage of a letter via Calais and Brindisi to India, the East, or Australasia, when we have to pay a penny for the conveyance of that letttr from Calais to Brindisi, which is only a section of the entire route to be traversed?" This objection was regarded as unanswerable. But the facts about to be put forward furnish a complete refutation af it, and show that in this, as in all other directions, penny postage will yield a profit. In one sentence, the case is complete.

The British Government pays about 100,000*l.* a year to the French and Italian Governments for the conveyance of the British mails between Calasia and Brindisi from and to India, the East generally, and Australasia once a week in each direction. Incredible as it may appear the French and Italian Governments pay only about 40,000*l.* a year of the money to the railway companies of their respective countries for performing this service, so that these two foreign Governments pocket 60,000*l.* a year of our money for doing nothing whatever beyond collecting the money. This scandalous state of things has been going on quietly for some years. The facts are beyond question, and have been proved up to the hilt.

I wrote to the Postmaster-General of England inquiring the weight of the mails despatched to India and Australia on the evening of Friday, Oct. 10, 1890, via Calais and Brindisi. He replied 3,410lbs. of letters and 41,160 lbs. of newspapers and other printed matter. The total was therefore nearly 20 tons. The carriage paid by the British Government for the carriage of this correspondence from Calais to Brindisi was 1,209*l.* But the French Government only paid the French railway companies 193*l.*, and the Italian Government paid its railway companies 118*l.*, together 316*l.*, which represents the market price of the service. The balance (893*l.*) of our money was appropriated by these two Governments and devoted to the relief of French and Italian tax payars, the construction of ironclads and cruisers, and so forth.

It may be asked how the sum of 1,209*l.* was arrived at. It is calculated from the payment of 10*f.* 80 c. per kilogramme for the carriage of letters, and only 72½ c. per kilogramme for the carriage of newspapers, &c., from Calais to Brindisi. It is a curious fact that though both the letters and newspapers are in sealed bags, and are carried in the same vans and trains (often in the same bags), the two Governments concerned charge over fourteen times as much for the conveyance of the letters as of the newspapers. Nevertheless, they pay the railway companies a fixed charge per kilometre traversed, without distinction as to the character of the cargo. I may add that, if these letters and newspapers had been charged Postal Union rates and sent by ordinary express trains the charge from Calais to Brindisi would only have amounted to about 600*l.*, and a saving would have been effected of over 600*l.*, on this one mail.

To drive home the facts still further, I inquired from the great tourist agents, Thomas Cook and Son, the cost of a special first-class train from Calais to Brindisi. They informed me that the cost would not exceed 500*l.*, yet we paid 1,209*l.* for the carriage of our mails! It is difficult to retain one's patience while recounting these facts.

A second and equally flagrant case of extravagance occurs in connection with the American mails. I went to America in the Majestic, and for the conveyance of the mails for that journey the British Government paid the owners 1,000*l.* I returned in the Majestic, and for an equal quantity of mails the American Government paid the owners of the steamship only 500*l.* The distance from Queenstown to New York is, I think, the same as from New York to Queenstown.

We pay 3*s.* per lb. for letters, and the American Government only pays 1*s.* 8*d.* per lb. for letters to the steamship owners. Another anomaly is that we pay only 3*d.* per lb. for the conveyance of newspapers in the same boat with the letters. Both letters and newspapers are in closed bags, and are shot into the same hold of the steamer "like bags of potatoes."

What I recommend is that a fixed subsidy of 100,000*l.* a year (the amount at present received) be paid to the steamship owners, and that we have the privilege of sending as many letters as we please by the steamships. This would be readily conceded.

I have now shown that we pay at least 100,000*l.* a year more than we ought to pay for conveying our mails to India, the East, Australia, the United States, and Canada. Mr. Raikes says the cost of establishing Imperial penny postage would amount to 75,000*l.* a year (I have calculated it as 12,000*l.* a year). So it will be seen that we have here far more than a sufficient margin of saving to enable the reform to be carried out.

One word more. The Indian and Australian people have hardly realised how near we have approached the penny rate, since the Government reduced the charge to 2½*d.* By the all-sea service established by Mr. Raikes from Plymouth to Melbourne, the penny now paid to France and Italy could be saved and letters carried for 1½*d.* each to India, the East, and Australia, and without a farthing extra cost to the public. The all-sea service by the P. and O. and Orient boats was very popular when the rates were 4*d.* as against 6*d.* *via* Brindisi. Only a few days are lost, and often made up by fast steaming, and the P. and O. and the Orient Companies are indifferent as to whether the mails are placed on board at an English or Italian port. Mr. Raikes has specially reserved the right to put letters on board at an English port. Well, the 1½*d.* rate is so near the goal of 1*d.* that it is hardly worth while to contest the point, and the Postmaster-General is believed to be favourable to its adoption. In that case the long-cherished idea of ocean penny postage is very near accomplishment.

THE CARD SCANDAL.

THE Central News understands that the writ in the action brought by Sir William Gordon-Cumming against the several defendants in connection with the recent baccarat scandal, was issued on Feb. 6 last, and the statement of claim delivered on the 27th ultimo. The plaintiff claims damages for slander against each of the defendants to the amount of £5,000.

A correspondence was published on Feb. 27 between the solicitors for the parties in the case of Cumming v. Wilson, and others, from which it appears that Messrs. Lewis and Lewis, on behalf of the defendants, with a view to avoiding delay and having the action disposed of promptly, offered to refer the matter "to the decision of three men of known position and honour who are independent of the parties, with all the usual powers of a trial at law,such trial to take place in open court." Messrs. Wontner and Sons replied however, on the same day (Feb. 23), stating that their client had no intention of submitting his case to anybody but a jury, and would not adopt the course suggested. They further stated that their client had no idea of delaying one moment unnecessarily the trial of the issues, but the papers were with counsel for the purpose of drawing the statement of claim, and would be delivered when ready, though they had no intention of being hurried.

The London correspondent of the *Birmingham Post* writes:—The decision of Sir William Gordon-Cumming to submit his case to a jury, and not to accede to his accusers' suggestion to refer the matter to arbitration, will not at all surprise those who have knowledge of all the more recent proceedings in connection with the case. It is now known that the Prince of Wales, after Sir William had commenced his action, urged upon the War Office that a court-martial was a fitting tribunal to be summoned, a suggestion which the Secretary for War absolutely rejected, in which decision he is likely to be generally supported. A hint has been thrown out that, if there be a mutual agreement, the Prince need not be placed in the witness-box; but to this the plaintiff is as little likely to agree as to the other suggestions, as much depends upon the examination of the Heir-Apparent.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth. Go at once to a Chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from the pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1*s.* 9*d.* per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

POSTCARDS TO INDIA.

IN the House of Commons on Friday, February 27, Mr. Heaton asked the Postmaster-General whether, now that the postage on letters sent from the United Kingdom to India had been reduced from 5*d.* to 2½*d.* per half-ounce, it was intended to maintain the charge of 2*d.* for a postcard sent from this country to India; and whether he was aware that the Ceylon Post Office charged 1*d.* for a postcard which could be sent to the United Kingdom or to any other part of the world, and that the charge for a postcard from France to India, or Ceylon was also 1*d.* Mr. Raikes: In view of the circumstances adverted to in my previous answer, I think it will be the better course not to deal separately with the Indian postcards. I do not, however, deny that the facts mentioned by the hon. member appear to constitute some valid reason for effecting a change in the present rate when a favourable occasion occurs.

THE GROWTH OF COLONIAL SEA COMMERCE.

On the motion to go into Committee of Supply on the Navy Estimates on the 2nd inst. Sir John Colomb called attention to the growth of colonial sea commerce and increase of British naval responsibilities caused thereby, and moved "That the growth of the sea commerce of the British colonies and dependencies and of the war fleets of foreign Powers renders it desirable that the annual Navy Estimates presented to this House should in future be accompanied by a return showing the total number of war ships of each class in commission, in reserve, and building; the annual aggregate revenue; the annual naval expenditure; the annual aggregate tonnage of the mercantile marine; and the approximate annual aggregate value of the sea-borne commerce of the British Empire and of each foreign Power possessing war ships; and a further return showing the annual naval expenditure on seagoing forces, and the approximate annual value, exclusive of interchange with the United Kingdom, of the sea-borne commerce of British North America, British South Africa, British Australasia, and British India respectively."

Sir W. Harcourt said that the whole speech of the hon. and gallant gentleman was intended to represent to the country and to the Government that our defence of our commerce was altogether inadequate and ought to be increased. The attendance at that debate showed that no very great alarm existed in the House,

MALTINE WITH COD LIVER OIL.

Palatable, Digestible, and far more Nourishing than any other Preparation of Cod Liver Oil.

The Oil is rendered thoroughly digestible, and its odour and taste are perfectly masked.

"Patients unable to tolerate the purest and most carefully prepared Cod Liver Oil can readily digest and assimilate it when combined with "Maltine."—*British Medical Journal.*

The combination of flesh and bone-formers, with fat-making, force-giving principles, makes this preparation a Food of incalculable value in Consumption, Wasting Diseases, Scrofula, Rickets, and Convalescence.

IN ORDERING PLEASE MENTION

THE MALTINE MANUFACTURING CO., LD.

ACTON & BORMAN'S

SPECIALITIES:

"PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH,
IN 3d. PACKETS AND 6d. 1s. 2s. 6d. TINS EVERYWHERE

"ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD
IN PACKETS, 1d & 2d. ONE TRIAL SOLICITED

ALSO

"GENUINE" EMERY-EMERY AND GLASS CLOTHS.
"ROYAL PATENT" FLEXIBLE GLASS PAPER.
BLOCK BLACK LEADS, KNIFE BOARDS, &C.

72, SHOE LANE, LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1781.

MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY ESPECIALLY FOR HULLING AND CLEANING RICE.

"The Real Cup o' Kindness."

A perfect blending of the Choicest Brands of the Highest Classes of fine Old Whiskies in their Native Purity, as produced in Scotland, absolutely untampered with.

MATURED IN SHERRY CASKS. **TWELVE YEARS OLD** AGE POSITIVELY GUARANTEED.

A LUXURY IN PURE SCOTCH WHISKIES.

The letters B.O.S. are the Name, Brand, and Registered Trade Mark of this matchless Old Scotch Whisky.

B.O.S.

BLENDED OLD SCOTCH

12 Years Old *** *(Gold Capsule.)*
8 Years Old ** *(Blue Capsule.)*
5 Years Old * *(Green Capsule.)*

An exquisite blending, possessing a flavour so rare, a character so novel and so entirely its own, that it may fairly claim the very first place among high-class stimulants. Clever judges pronounce it *unique & unrivalled.* B.O.S. is remarkable for its "delicious individuality of flavour," mellowness and softness on the palate—"A very nectar" in marked contrast to ordinary blended Whiskies, which are more or less dominated by one or other of the Whiskies used in blending.

☞ *B.O.S. is sold in square white Bottles, labelled as I expound, the age being notified by a small label on each Bottle.*

The proprietors are skilled blenders of Scotch Whiskies, but in all the experience of their Firm, extending nearly over the present century, they have never been able to accomplish anything so fully complying with the most exacting tests, as is now presented in this special blend of B.O.S.

PEASE, SON & CO., 14, QUALITY STREET, LEITH, SCOTLAND.

English Branch—DARLINGTON, DURHAM. Established 1808.

Cadbury's (REGISTERED) Cocoa

GUARANTEED PURE — GUARANTEED SOLUBLE

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Cadbury's Cocoa is guaranteed to be pure Cocoa.
Cadbury's Cocoa is Soluble in Boiling Milk and Water.
Cadbury's Cocoa contains all the delicious aroma of the natural article, without the excessive proportions of fat.
Cadbury's Cocoa is not reduced in value by the addition of Starch, Sugar, &c.
Cadbury's Cocoa is specially rich in flesh-forming and strength-sustaining qualities.

Cadbury's Cocoa is a gentle stimulant, and sustains against hunger & bodily fatigue.
Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.
In the whole process of manufacturing Cadbury's pure Cocoa, the automatic machinery employed obviates the necessity for its being once touched by the human hand.

PRECAUTION & WARNING.—Always ask for CADBURY'S COCOA. Always examine your Purchase. See that you have not been induced to accept an Imitation, and be wary of highly-coloured and drugged preparations offered as pure Cocoa. Anything of a medicated character associated with Cocoa pur-ports at once that it is not pure.

ATKINSON'S
WHITE ROSE

The original and only genuine. Renowned throughout the world as the most exquisite Perfume. Avoid Imitations.

ATKINSON'S
FRANGIPANNE | STEPHANOTIS
ESS. BOUQUET | JOCKEY CLUB

and other well known Perfumes are superior to all others for their strength and natural fragrance.

Of all Dealers.

J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.

CAUTION! Only genuine with shield-shape blue & yellow label & usual Trade Mark, a "White Rose," and address in full.

BOTOT TOOTH PASTE
BOTOT BARK TOOTH POWDER
SUPERIOR TOILET VINEGAR
THE SUBLIME FOR THE HAIR
Are sold at the Depot of the GENUINE

EAU DE BOTOT

The only dentifrice approved by the Academy of Medicine of PARIS.
PARIS, 17, RUE DE LA PAIX.
In all the best Houses of BOMBAY and 78 B, ESPLANADE ROAD.
See each article bears the signature:

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD!

ABBEY'S
EFFERVESCENT
POTASH

COOLING! INVIGORATING! REFRESHING!

Mr. Sims Reeves.

Mr. SIMS REEVES says:—"This preparation is a great boon, simple, refreshing, and efficacious."

Prevents and Cures Indigestion, &c. Purifies the Blood. A Natural Tonic and most pleasant Drink.

MADAME MARIE ROZE (*the renowned Singer*) says:—"I have used your EFFERVESCENT POTASH with remarkable results. It is really wonderful."

It Purifies the Blood and Preserves the Bloom of Youth.

If you need a pleasant drink,
I have found it, and I think,
Nay I know and do not doubt,
One I cannot do without.

When the system is upset,
"ABBEY'S POTASH" you must get;
Heartburn, Headache, both of these;
Why it cures at once with ease.

Indigestion, and such ills,
It relieves far more than pills;
Acidity, if you are wise,
You will try to neutralise.

Thirst and fever when they stay,
"ABBEY'S POWDER" drives away;
Rheumatism too will fly,
If this antidote you try.

I am a doctor, and can tell
What does me good and makes me well
So now I strongly recommend,
You'll take some, too, my ailing friend.

And then, no doubt, you will declare,
That benefits like these you share,
And be quite glad, and say with me,
I now from all complaints am free.

Guaranteed to keep Fresh in any Climate.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA AND BURMA:

CHAS. COX & Co., 4, Dalhousie Sq., Calcutta.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA

Abbey's Effervescent Potash sold Everywhere Price Re. 1-12 per large Bottle.

Wholesale Rates upon Application.

May also be had retail from the following Chemists in Bombay:—Messrs. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., THOMSON and TAYLER, FERNANDES & Co., WRIGHT & Co., ESPLANADE PHARMACY, BOLTON & Co., and others, and from Native Druggists in the Bazaar, and also from D. MACROFORD & Co., Cigar Merchants, Meadow Street.

G. & J. ZAIR'S
WHIPS
MAKE.

Are Sold by respectable Saddlers and Dealers throughout India.

Gained the First Prize at Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide Exhibitions and a Diploma of Special Merit.

MANUFACTORY AND SHOW ROOM—
BIRMINGHAM.

BLOOD MIXTURE
WORLD-FAMED
CLARKE'S
"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER

For clearing the blood from all impurities ...ly recommended.
...vy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema, ..., it is a never-failing and permanent
Cures Old Sores,
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cures the Blood from all impure matter From whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the *cause* from the ...d and bones.

As this mixture is pleasant to ...e taste and warranted free ...ything injurious to the most delicate constitution of ..., the Proprietors solicit ...uiries to give it a trial ... value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, ... does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good, ... safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology."

"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely, and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin affections, &c. On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes."—Letter from A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India, June, 1888.

West Cowes, Isle of Wight, September, 1888.

"Dear Sirs,—Through the merits of your excellent Clarke's Blood Mixture the large red pimples which covered my face are fast disappearing. For a long time I put up with the discomfort of these pimples thinking that nothing would do any good. At last I was persuaded to try your medicine, and now I have taken one bottle they are rapidly vanishing. It cannot be too highly recommended, and I am most grateful. I will tell all my friends about it, but they really do not require telling because they can see the difference for themselves. You may publish this if needful.—I am, gratefully yours,

"ISLA ERALGDINE RIPON."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CAUTION.

Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

IMPORTANT TO COTTON SPINNERS.

IMPROVED REELS

SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR THE INDIAN MARKET FOR REELING

MULE COPS, RING OR FLYER THROSTLE BOBBINS, &c.,
AND FITTED WITH

NEW PATENT "BRIDGE" DOFFING MOTIONS.

This motion is extremely simple, cannot get out of order, and it is impossible for Hanks to get soiled in Doffing.

YARN BUNDLING PRESSES

With new Lifting Motion, which completely prevents break-downs.

ALSO

All Classes of Cop, Bobbin, Hank, and Pirn Winding Machinery, &c.

PATENTEE AND SOLE MAKER:

JOSEPH STUBBS,

Mill Street Works, Ancoats,

MANCHESTER.

Apply for Particulars to INDIAN AGENTS—

SORABJEE, SHAPURJEE & CO., BOMBAY.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

Purchasers should see that the Label on every bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE bears the Signature, thus:—

Lea & Perrins

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

Positively the Best Hair Dressing for Strengthening, Beautifying, & Imparting a Lovely Fragrance.

EDWARD'S

HARLENE,

POSITIVELY FORCES

Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers & Mustachios,

To Grow Heavily in a Few Weeks, without Injury to the Skin, and no matter at what age. The world-renowned Remedy for Baldness (no matter what cause arising. As a Producer of Whiskers & Mustachios it has never been equalled. As a Curer of Weak and Thin Eyelashes, or Restoring Grey Hair to its Original Colour, Never Fails.

1/-, 2/6, 3/6, and 5/6 per Bottle, from Chemists, Hairdressers, and Perfumers, all over the World.

EDWARDS & Co. 5, New Oxford-st LONDON, ENGLAND.

AFTER USE.

AFTER USE.

Wholesale Agents for India—MESSRS. TREACHER & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

COMPARE OUR PRICES WITH THOSE CHARGED IN INDIA.

Prices include guaranteed safe and free delivery to any part of India or Burmah.

A FEW OF OUR SPECIALITIES IN JEWELLERY.

Silver Keyless Lever Watch, unbreakable Crystal Glass, extra Jewelled and Patent Lever Escapement, Gents' size, £2 12s. 6d.
SILVER ALBERTS.
Ladies', 5s. 3d.; Gents', Fancy Patterns, 6s.
Write at once for our splendidly illustrated Catalogue, containing 1,000 designs and prices of every description of Watches and Jewellery. Post free.
BIRMINGHAM SUPPLIES THE WORLD WITH JEWELLERY.

No. 982.—Solid Gold Gents' Signet Ring, 15-carat, with two initials engraved on Stone for Seal, £2 7s. 6d. Crests or Monograms, 7s. 6d. extra.

No. 52.—Diamond Ring, Gents', single Stone set in 18-carat Gold, splendid value, £1 14s. to £5.

No. 76.—Diamond Ring, Ladies', 3 Stones set in 18-carat Gold, Wonderful value, £2 5s., £4 10s. and £5 10s.

No. 724.—Gold Keeper Ring, 18-carat, £1 13s., Basket pattern.

9-carat Gold Links, 20s. per Double Pair. 15-carat Gold Links, £1 14s. per Double Pair.

No. 991—Two fine Rubies, one real Diamond, set in 18-carat Gold, £3 5s.

No. 557.—15-carat Gold Brooch, 18s. 6d.

No. 1,168.—Gipsy Ring, one Ruby, two Pearls, set in 9-carat Gold. 10s. 6d.

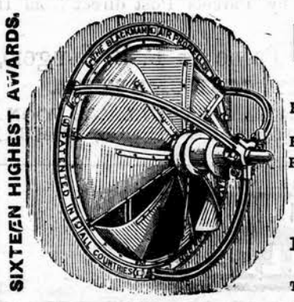
No. 804.—Gold Keeper Ring, 3s.

EARRINGS.
No. 536.—Dead Gold, 9s. per Pair.

EARRINGS.
No. 42.—Imitation Diamonds, of best quality, set in Gold, 6s. 6d. per pair.

J. C. LANGDON DAVIES & CO., BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND,
Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers.

SIXTEEN HIGHEST AWARDS.



THE

BLACKMAN
AIR PROPELLER

For **VENTILATING** Factories, Hospitals, Barracks, Public Buildings, &c.
For **COOLING** Purposes, and
For **DRYING** any kind of Material or Produce.

THOUSANDS IN MOST SUCCESSFUL USE.
REFFRENCES IN ANY TRADE OR COUNTRY.

BLACKMAN VENTILATING CO. Ltd.
63, FORE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

Telegrams:—"VENTILATOR, LONDON" A B C Code used

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY

Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.

"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."
PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.

The Prize Medal, Dublin Exhibition, 1865,
GUILDFORD STREET, YORK ROAD, LAMBETH, LONDON, S.E.

MANUFACTURERS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

The Highest Awards given for Biscuits to any English House have been made to HUNTLEY AND PALMERS "for Excellence of Quality" at all the leading International Exhibitions.

HUNTLEY AND PALMERS,
BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS,
READING AND LONDON.

FREEMAN'S

TRADE MARK

REJECT SUBSTITUTES.

Sold Everywhere ORIGINAL in Bottles at 12 Annas & Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 10.

CHLORODYNE

CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA. AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, NEURALGIA and ENTERIC FEVERS.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

HAY'S HOP ALE ESSENCE

Is made from the Choicest Hops Grown.

HAY'S HOP ALE.

The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.

Aerated Water Manufrs. - Mess Presidents - Club Stewards - - } Are requested to try this Essence. They will find the HOP ALE it makes a most valuable addition, which once introduced will be eagerly ordered.

It is the most Appetizing Non-Alcoholic Beverage known, and will have an immense permanent sale in hot climates. See these testimonials:—

"A beautiful essence. Has a fine Hop Aroma and is quite a pharmaceutical triumph."—*The Chemist and Druggist.*
"Hay's Hop Ale.—This is an excellent Non-Alcoholic beverage."—*The Lancet.*
"Aerated Hop Ale made from this essence is unrivalled for its peculiarly fine Hop Flavour and Aroma."
"Has the Hop Taste of Bitter Beer, and is a nearer approach to Bass' or Allsopp's Ale then any non-intoxicants preceding it."—*Eastern Morning News.*

Trade Price, 8s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. & upwards, 8s.
QUANTITY REQUIRED, Two Fluid oz. to each Gallon of SYRUP, making 106 10-oz. BOTTLES.

W. HAY, Manufacturing Chemist, Beverley Road, HULL, ENGLAND.

HAY'S SOLUBLE ESSENCES

HAVE A WORLD-WIDE CELEBRITY.

Hay's Soluble Essence of Jamaica Ginger.
Hay's Compound Fortified Essence of Jamaica Ginger. For 1st quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Ale Extract. For 2nd quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Ale Essence, highly concentrated. For 3rd quality Ginger Ale.
Hay's Ginger Champagne Essence, highly recommended.
Hay's Soluble Essence of Messina Lemons.
Hay's Lemon Flavour.
Hay's Hop Ale Essence.

Spurious imitations are made, but the difference is so marked that no manufacturer using them can compete with one using Hay's preparations. Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the goods are to be of

W. HAY'S (of Hull), Manufacture.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

NEAVE'S FOOD

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS AND THE AGED

BEST AND CHEAPEST.

"MACNIVEN & CAMERON'S PENS ARE THE BEST."

London Globe.

THE HINDOO PENS, 1, 2, & 3.

We commend them to their living namesakes."—*Court Journal.*

SOLD ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE WAVERLEY PEN.

"They are a treasure."—*London Standard.*

THE FLYING "J" PEN.

"They come as a boon and a blessing to men,

The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen."

Writes 100 Words with One Dip of Ink.

2,347 Newspapers recommend them. Sold by all Stationers.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

is absolutely necessary for the preservation of Health.

YOU cannot overstate its great value in keeping the BLOOD PURE; as a means of keeping the system clear, and thus taking away the groundwork of Malarious Diseases, BLOOD POISONS, and all Liver Complaints, or as a HEALTH-GIVING, REFRESHING, COOLING, and INVIGORATING BEVERAGE, or as a gentle Laxative or Tonic in the various forms of Indigestion ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is invaluable.

IT IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Biliousness. Mental Depression. Skin Eruptions. Constipation. Sick Headache. Giddiness. Liver Derangements. Feverishness. Unnatural Excitement. Errors in Diet. Thirst, &c. Impure Blood.

A SPARKLING AND REFRESHING DRAUGHT.—Notwithstanding its medicinal value, the "FRUIT SALT" must be looked upon as essential as breathing fresh air, or as a simple and safe beverage under ALL CIRCUMSTANCES, and may be taken as a sparkling and refreshing draught in the same way as Lemonade, Soda Water, Potass Water, &c., only it is much cheaper and BETTER, IN EVERY SENSE OF THE TERM, TO AN UNLIMITED EXTENT.

HEALTHY BILE.—When the liver is not making healthy bile, or insufficient quantity, the blood becomes impure—the groundwork of disease, and produces constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, headache, &c. ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is the best remedy.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" *versus* BRANDY.—"There were a few attacks of mild dysentery, brought mainly on by ill-considered devotion to brandy, or biliousness produced by the same cause. For this I never used ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' which is simply invaluable."—*Coral Lands*, Vol. I.

HOT COUNTRIES.—ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, &c.—"I have personally used ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' and know it not alone to be excellent, but really invaluable. Especially must this be the case in the hot countries of the East, where Acidity of the Stomach, Biliousness, and Fevers are so common."—J. M. PEEBLES, M.D., Author of *Around the World, Travels in Polynesia, China, India, Arabia, Egypt, &c., &c.*

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS.—"A new invention is brought before the public, and commands success. A score of *abominable imitations* are immediately introduced by the unscrupulous, who, in copying the original closely enough to deceive the public, and yet not so exactly as to infringe upon legal rights, exercise an ingenuity that, employed in an original channel, could not fail to secure reputation and profit."—ADAMS.

CAUTION.—*Legal Rights are protected in every civilised country. Examine each bottle and see that the Capsule is marked ENO'S "FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a* WORTHLESS IMITATION. *Sold by all Chemists, &c. Prepared only at* ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, Pomeroy St., London, S.E., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

FIELD'S CITRATE OF MAGNESIA

(EFFERVESCENT),

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS', BREWERS',
AND CONFECTIONERS' CHEMICALS

MAY BE ORDERED THROUGH FIRMS OF ENGLISH MERCHANTS, OR DIRECT FROM

C. W. FIELD,

MANUFACTURING CHEMIST AND ESSENTIAL OIL DISTILLER,
CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.
AGENTS WANTED IN BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

CANVAS HOSE PIPING.

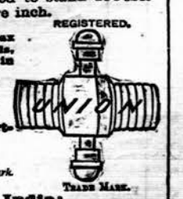
The "Union" brand is guaranteed to stand 400 lbs. pressure per square inch.

Made specially from long Irish Flax for the use of Fire Brigades, Mills, Railways, Ships, &c., and for use in tropical climates.

It has the largest sale of any hose in the world.

Extensively used by various Departments in H. M.'s Government.

None Genuine unless stamped with Registered Mark.



Sole Agents for India:

GREAVES, COTTON & CO., BOMBAY.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:—

JOHN MORRIS & SONS, REGENT WORKS, MANCHESTER.

NOTICES.

NEW EDITION,

THOROUGHLY REVISED AND GREATLY ENLARGED.

2118 PAGES. 3500 ILLUSTRATIONS.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

Price 31/6. 12 Parts, 2/6 Each.

Editorial Work upon this revision has been in active progress for over 10 Years. No fewer than 100 Editorial Labourers have been engaged upon it, and over £60,000 was expended in its preparation before the first copy was printed.

Prospectuses Free on Application.

G. BELL & SONS, 4 YORK STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON.

AND ALL BOOKSELLERS.

CARNRICK'S SOLUBLE FOOD

FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

For Mothers, Invalids, Dyspeptics and Aged People.

THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all infants and children.

THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of cow's milk.

THE ONLY FOOD that removes from infancy all necessity, danger and annoyance of a wet nurse.

IF TAKEN BY MOTHERS once or twice a day the quantity of milk will be increased and quality at once improved.

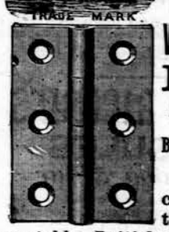
IF THE CHILD IS RESTLESS, change partially from nursing to SOLUBLE FOOD.

DR. STUTZER, Food Analyst for Rhenish Prussia, says: "CARNRICK'S SOLUBLE FOOD is the best of all the foods I have ever examined."

"OUR BABY'S FIRST AND SECOND YEARS," by Marion Harland. Book of 64 pages, giving careful instructions for bringing up the little ones. Sent free by

CARNRICK & Co., LTD., LONDON.

GOLD & CO.'S



BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND

WROUGHT IRON HINGES

ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

TOOLS FOR AMATEURS AND WORKMEN.

ALL REQUIREMENTS FOR FRETSAWING.

LATHES OF ALL THE DIFFERENT SYSTEMS.

Sawing Machines, and all kinds of Tools.

Tool Chests completely fitted up *Illustrated Catalogue* (320 pp. and 600 drawings) sent post free on receipt of six stamps.

CIERSOT, 16, rue des Gravilliers, Paris
Representative—H. J. MARTYN, Jr., 3, Beach Street, Penang.

PIESSE & LUBIN
LONDON
PERFUMERY FACTORY

from every flower that breathes a fragrance.

SWEET SCENTS
LOXOTIS OPOPONAX
FRANGIPANNI PSIDIUM

May be obtained of any Chemist or Perfumer.

2 New Bond Street London

LYMPHATIC, FEEBLE, DEBILITATED CONSTITUTIONS.

Scrofulous Cachexia,
Green Sickness, Leucorrhœa,
Difficult Menstruation, Anæmia,
Constitutional Syphilis, Phthisis, etc.

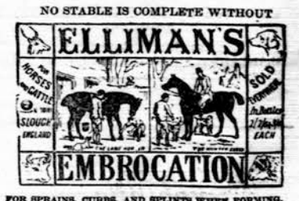
BLANCARD'S CELEBRATED PILLS,

OF UNALTERABLE IODIDE OF IRON,

Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine,
Are the best remedy.

BLANCARD & Co., 40, rue Bonaparte, PARIS.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT



FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING.
FOR OVER-REACHES, CRAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS.
FOR RHEUMATISM IN HORSES AND FOR STRANGLES.
FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA.
FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS.
FOR SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS.
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

Remarks by Masters of Hounds.

From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.
Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1st, 1879.

SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables; I think it very useful.
RUTLAND,
Master of the Belvoir Hounds.

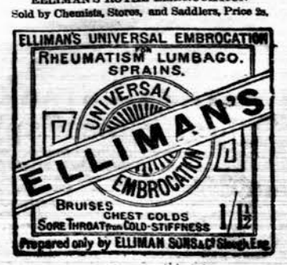
From Lord Haddington, Tynningham, Prestonkirk, N.B.
December 27th, 1889.

SIR,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
HADDINGTON,
Master of the Berwickshire Hounds.

From the Earl of Harrington.
Jan. 9th, 1889.

SIR,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it the best that I can obtain.
HARRINGTON,
Master of the South Wilts Hounds.

ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION
Sold by Chemists, Stores, and Saddlers, Price 2s.



Prepared only by ELLIMAN SONS & Co Slough Eng

NOTICES.

ALL ILLNESSES

for which Cod Liver oil is prescribed are cured by the

Fucoglycine Gressy

The only remedy of its kind containing all the principles of **Cod Liver Oil** and having an agreeable flavour

Approved by the United Medical Profession

Awarded various Medals

Dose: For children.—One teaspoonfull night and morning. For adults.—One tablespoonfull night and morning.

Many **Testimonials** received

Gout, Stone, Gravel, Rheumatism

Can only be cured by **Lythia Ch. LE PERDRIEL'S** effervescing granulated salts of **Lythia**, taken in small doses are a sure remedy for **Stone, Gravel**, etc.

LE PERDRIEL'S

Adhesive Blistering Tissue

Dr REBOULLEAU'S

THAPSIA REVULSIVE PLASTER

None other allowed in the Hospitals

SOLD BY ALL RESPECTABLE CHEMISTS

WHOLESALE: LE PERDRIEL & Cie, Paris

Consumption, Debility

Poverty of blood, loss of appetite

the best remedy

AROUD'S WINE

of cinchona

& of the nutritive principles of meat

It is an analeptic par excellence and a powerful restorer of the strength.

Brou's Injection hygienic

infallible, and preservative

Cures promptly, without additional means, all recent or chronic discharges of the urinary organs. Sold in Paris by J. FERRÉ (successor to Brou), Pharmacien, 102, rue Richelieu.

VERITABLE RICORD'S CAPSULES

of Copaiba & tar

These capsules possess the tonic properties of tar combined with the antiblennorrhagic action of copaiba. They do not fatigue the stomach and do not produce diarrhœa or nausea. They constitute the remedy par excellence in the treatment of discharges whether recent or chronic.

SOLD BY ALL RESPECTABLE CHEMISTS

WHOLESALE: J. FERRÉ, Successor to Favrot, Brou and Aroud

Pharmacien, 102, rue Richelieu, PARIS

THE BEST of Anti-Bilious Remedies

Dr GUILLIÉ'S Elixir & Pills

have been used with the greatest success for over **60 YEARS** in cases of Constipation, Liver Complaints, Painful digestion, Epidemics, Fevers, Diseases of the Stomach, etc., etc.

The genuine Dr Guillié's Elixir and Pills bear the signature **Paul Gage.**

Wholesale: PAUL GAGE, M.D.

9, rue de Grenelle-St-Germain, Paris

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

LYMPHATIC, FEEBLE, DEBILITATED CONSTITUTIONS.

Scrofulous Cachexis, Green Sickness, Leucorrhœa, Difficult Menstruation, Anæmia, Constitutional Syphilis, Phthisis, etc.

BLANCARD'S CELEBRATED PILLS, OF UNALTERABLE IODIDE OF IRON,

Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine,

Are the best remedy.

BLANCARD & Cie, 40, rue Bonaparte, PARIS.

And all good Chemists.

Scrofulous, Syphilitic Skin Diseases

SUCCESSFULLY CURED BY Dr GIBERT'S Depuratory Iodorised DRAGÉES & SYRUP

AUGENDRE, chemist, Maisone-Lafitte (Paris)

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS

J. FRANCK'S GRAINS OF HEALTH

CONSTIPATION! HEADACHE! CONGESTION!

The most SUCCESSFUL REMEDY

Insist upon having annexed label, printed in four colours

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS

Wholesale, LEROY, 91, Rue des Petits-Champs, Paris.

ASTHMA & CATARRH

CURED BY THE

Cigarettes Espic

Oppression, Suffocating, Coughs, Colds, Chest Neuralgia, &c.

Madras: Harris & Co.; Bombay: Kemp & Co.; Calcutta: Domaine

WHOLESALE: PARIS, J. ESPIC, 20, rue Saint Lazare, 20

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

Wholesale and Indenting Agents, H. BALLANTINE & Co., 11, Horuby Road, Bombay.

BASS GREEN DIAMOND

LIGHTER THAN GERMAN BEER.

Purest and Lightest ALE extant.

STONE'S BOTTLING

BASS GREEN DIAMOND.

Can be obtained of Messrs. MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO., G. F. KELLNER & CO., CALCUTTA; and of the principal dealers in India.

PEARS' TRANSPARENT SOAP.

For the Complexion.
For the Hands.
For the Arms.
For the Neck.
For the Face.
For the Bath.

PURE, DELIGHTFUL, FRAGRANT, REFRESHING.

Mrs. LANGTRY writes:—"I have pleasure in stating that I have used Pears' Soap for some time, and prefer it to any other.

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF

RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the only Preparation recognized by the Faculty as a wonderful

PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD.

Those suffering from the effects of Tropical Climates, such as Torpid Liver, Attenuation of Body Eruptions, Debility, Lassitude, &c., &c., will, by taking this Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla, soon find relief and, ultimately, a cure.

It is asserted on *reliable* authority that by taking a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

The Superiority of WILKINSON'S Sarsaparilla.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.

"We recommend your RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA."—MEDICAL REVIEW.

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—SIR B. MARTIN.

The late Lord Clyde, writing for WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA, says, "I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts, from anxiety and fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your Essence of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA cured me of a Torpid Liver when all other remedies ailed."—EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

Many spurious, Worthless and injurious preparations are offered to the Public. See that both Bottle and Label have the Name, Address, also Trade Mark

AT THE BOTTOM OF THE BOTTLE.

ASK FOR WILKINSON'S ESSENCE OF RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA AND REFUSE ALL OTHERS

PREPARED ONLY BY

THOMAS WILKINSON, 270, Regent Street, LONDON, W. Established 1829.

SOLD IN SMALL, MEDIUM AND LARGE BOTTLES.

AGENTS: TREACHER AND Co., KEMP AND Co., ROGERS AND Co., BOLTON AND Co., and PHILLIPS AND Co., Bombay; and all Chemists, Storekeepers, &c., in India.

THE

FINEST BUTTER SUBSTITUTE LE DANSK

Margarine Mixture.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS EXHIBITION, 1889.

In TINS, 1 lb., 2 lbs., 4 lbs., 7 lbs., 14 lbs., and 28 lbs.

MANUFACTURED & PACKED FOR THE INDIAN MARKETS.

CAMPBELL, SHEARER & CO., 4, EASTCHEAP, LONDON.

GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNES.

EXTRA SUPERIOR DRY Giesler & Co Avize Champagne.

INDIA BRAND Giesler & Co Avize DRY. Champagne.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Messrs. Giesler & Co. have decided in response to the repeated requests of their friends, to ship their EXTRA SUPERIOR DRY CHAMPAGNE (the wine so popular in LONDON) to the Eastern Markets. This wine as well as their well known INDIA BRAND can now be obtained of all leading Merchants in India.

Schweitzer's COCOATINA The Best and Purest COCOA

PUBLIC HEALTH. DAILY REGULATIONS.

SAFE GUARDS FOR HEALTH. HUDSON'S SOAP is a protector. Everything washed with it is purified and sweetened. It destroys all germs of disease harbored in dirt, and removes accumulations of grease. The Healthiest, Sweetest, Happiest Homes are those where HUDSON'S SOAP is in daily use.

THE LAUNDRY. Lawns, Laces, Linen, Shirts, Collars, Sheets, Table-cloths, Towels, etc., keep a good colour if regularly washed with HUDSON'S SOAP. Hudson's Leaves no Smell. Excellent for washing Flannels and Woollen Underclothing.

KITCHEN. HUDSON'S SOAP removes Grease from Stove Tops, Cooking Ranges, Kitcheners, Hot Plates, etc. Copper and Enamelled Pans are not likely to burn if scoured with HUDSON'S SOAP.

NURSERY. The Nursery Floor should be regularly scoured with HUDSON'S SOAP. It will dry quickly and the room will be sweetened and purified. Also Baths, Feeding Bottles and all Nursery Utensils.

SPARKLING GLASS. Bright China. HUDSON'S SOAP saves the drudgery of "Washing-up." Removes Grease from Glass, China, Dinner-ware, Knives, Forks, Spoons, etc., with less liability to breakage. Leaves no Smell.

SCOURING. Ease, Speed, Pleasure and Economy with HUDSON'S SOAP, very little Scrubbing and no Drudgery. Stone Steps, Balconies and Window-sills will always look nice if washed down with HUDSON'S SOAP. Hudson's removes all obstinate Dirt. Greasy marks and stains disappear like magic.

The Order of the Day in every well-governed Home

USE **HUDSON'S SOAP**

A Pure Dry Soap, in Fine Powder, in 1-lb., ½-lb., and ¼-lb. Packets.

LATHERS FREELY, SOFTENS WATER.

Reward! HUDSON'S SOAP is a Money Saver, a Time Saver, a Work Saver, a Linen Saver, a Glass and China Saver. All who use it Daily are rewarded with Purity, Health and Satisfaction.

HUDSON'S SOAP is a Pure Dry Soap in fine Powder, in 1lb., ½lb., and ¼lb. packets—softens all waters—makes a foaming lather and keeps the clothe a good colour.

HUDSON'S SOAP is excellent for washing Flannels and Woolen Underclothing, as well as Linen, Shirts, Collars, Sheets, Table Cloths, &c.

HUDSON'S SOAP for Washing-up. Hudson's is as good for Plates, Dishes, Knives, Forks, &c., as for Washing Clothes. Hudson's leaves no smell.

ALLSOPP'S LIGHT PALE ALE AND EXTRA STOUT.

ALLSOPP'S LIGHT PALE ALE is specially brewed to meet the public taste for light beers.

ALLSOPP'S EXTRA STOUT only requires to be known to become as popular as Allsopp's Pale Ale.

ALLSOPP'S Sole Agents for Bottled Beers in India, specially brewed for India and specially bottled by the Company, are—

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, LAHORE ..... MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

KURRACHEE .. MR. H. J. RUSTOMJEE.

COCHIN, CALICUT, TELLICHERRY ..... MESSRS. PEIRCE, LESLIE & CO.

COLOMBO .... MESSRS. BRODIE & CO.

EXTRACT FROM PRIVATE LETTER.

"The infant was very delicate; our medical adviser ordered your Food. The result in a short time was wonderful; the little fellow grew strong and fat, and is now in a thriving condition—in fact, 'the flower of the flock.'"

GOLD MEDAL AWARDED INTERNATIONAL HEALTH EXHIBITION!

BENGER'S FOOD FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN, INVALIDS AND DYSPEPTICS.

"It is palatable and excellent in every way. We have given it in very many cases with the most marked benefit, patients frequently retaining it after every other food has been rejected. For Children who throw up their food it is invaluable."—London Medical Record

BENGER'S FOOD differs entirely from any other Food obtainable. It may be had of leading Chemists, &c., in tins at 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 5s.; or will be forwarded free by Parcels Post direct from the Manufacturers,

MOTTERSHEAD & CO. (S. Paine & F. B. Benger),

7, EXCHANGE STREET, MANCHESTER.

Agents. TREACHER & Co., Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA. KEMP & Co., Ld., 7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

AVOID IMPURE WATER!!!

SLACK & BROWNLOW'S FILTERS

BROWN'S "SATIN POLISH."

FOR LADIES' & CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES, TRAVELLING BAGS, ETC.

HIGHEST AWARD WHEREVER EXHIBITED.

LATEST PARIS EXHIBITION, 1889.

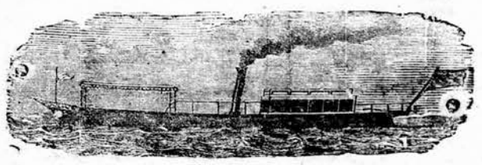
AMERICAN MAGIC BRONZE

Gives to Old Boots & Shoes, Ornaments, &c., the appearance of New.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS, USE

ARMY AND NAVY LIQUID BLACKING.

Sold by all Bootmakers, Chemists, & Storekeepers throughout India.



YARROW'S

SMALL STEAMERS AND STEAM LAUNCHES.

Screw Steamers with speeds ranging up to 30 miles an hour.

Paddle Steamers with draft ranging down to 6 inches of water.

Stern Wheel Steamers with very shallow draft especially suitable for River navigation.

MACHINERY CONSTRUCTED FOR BOATS BUILT ABROAD.

YARROW & CO. POPLAR, LONDON.

Builders of the Stern Wheel Steamers used by the British Government for Nile Expedition.

THE ARAB HORSE EMPORIUM.

HORSES! HORSES! Arrival of the fresh Batch of Arab Horses per s. s. "Pagdad" from Bussorah.

Immediate attention of Racing Gentlemen and Horse Breeders is earnestly requested to inspect the Fresh Batch of superior HIGH-CASTE ARAB HORSES, consisting of Chargers, Hunters, Racers, Polo Ponies and Galloways, &c.—No. 205, Bhoudy Bazaar Commission Stable.

DINSHAW SUNTOOK & Co.

BOMBAY, 21st *November* 1890.

Perfected in One Operation by the process invented by Möller in 1852. Incomparable, Palatable, Perfect, Pure.

MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL

Do not be induced to accept any other ONLY Möller's ever took 20 Prizes.

Be wary of recent Imitations! so extensively puffed now.

is simply a *pure* OIL! it contains none of the 50-60 per cent. of water necessarily in emulsions—cheap commodities usually charged at THE PRICE OF PURE OIL.

OIL.

Be sure you have *NEW* oil! EVERY BOTTLE OF RECENT PRODUCTION HAS THE DATE PERFORATED ON BOTH LABELS.

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL AND FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AT THE CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION

THOMAS D. MARSHALL AND BURT,

444, OXFORD STREET, LONDON.

BOOTS POST FREE FROM LONDON TO INDIA.

GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS.

Calf Elastic Walking Boots. Patent Elastic Dress Boots. Parade Elastic Boots, Patent or Calf. Balmoral Boots. Button Boots.	Superior in style and excellent in quality. 26s.	Fine quality we can produce. 35s.

CATALOGUES POST FREE.

LADIES' WALKING BOOTS,

ELASTIC OR TO BUTTON.

Excellent quality, much approved...	18s. 6d
Very superior	21s. 6d
Finest possible quality	26s. 6d.
Satin Kid, and Patent "Louise" Evening Shoes	10s. 6d.
Morocco Oxford House Shoes ...	5s. 6d.
Do. do. with French Heels.	7s. 6d.
New Slipper for Ladies, cool material, soft and pretty	4s. 6d.

FOR LONG WALKS.

HYGEIA BOOTS,

(*Registered*)

with specially adapted Soles, Heels, Materials, and Form.

LADIES' 30s. GENTLEMEN'S 35s.

Fully described in New Catalogue. Every Order *accompanied by remittance for the prices nett*, will be sent POST PAID, and, if possible, despatched by the first mail after its receipt.

The Hygeia Boots being so highly approved T. D. M. and B. are making Children's boots on the same principle.

A worn Boot or Shoe is the best possible guide for the size, and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.

Cheques to be crossed Bank of England.

Remittances may be made in Government of India notes, which will be taken at the highest current rate of Exchange.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT,

444, OXFORD STREET, LONDON.

NOTICES.

Stephens Inks

BEST IN THE WORLD.

KNITTING WOOLS AT MILL PRICES. AND SILKS

THE PROVIDENCE MILLS SPINNING COMPANY, BRADFORD, Yorks, England,

Guarantee the full weight of 16oz. to the lb. Their Wools and Silks are not weighted with heavy dyes or chemicals, but are all of the Best Quality and Pure Fast Dye. Write for the Free Samples. Purchase direct, and save 3d. in the Shilling. Mention this Paper.

GOLD MEDAL. PARIS, 1889.

GOLD MEDAL PARIS 1878 JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS SOLD BY ALL STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

These world famous Pens are of the highest possible quality; for sixty-five years universally styled the "Best in the World."

SODA WATER MACHINERY

AND APPLIANCES

BRATBY, HINCHLIFFE & Co.

ANCOATS 146 MINORIES

MANCHESTER LONDON EC

AGENTS:

LEIGHTON & Co. MADRAS. | F. W. SHALLIS, BOMBAY.

ALL WHO SUFFER FROM

GOUT, RHEUMATISM, or MALARIA,

Should immediately have recourse to

EADE'S CELEBRATED GOUT AND RHEUMATIC PILLS

Known throughout all the world as the SAFEST AND MOST EFFECTUAL REMEDY for the Instant Relief and Rapid Cure of Gout, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Lumbago, and all Pains of the Head, Back, and Limbs, arising from Malaria or other causes.

To be had of all Chemists.

GEORGE EADE,

Sole Proprietor,

72, GOSWELL ROAD, LONDON.

FRAZER'S SULPHUR TABLETS

PURIFY THE BLOOD AND THUS ERADICATE FEVER, IMPROVE THE COMPLEXION AND WARD OFF RHEUMATISM.

TRY THEM. Sold by all Chemists at 1/1½ per Box.

CASCARADYNE The New Fruit.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

NATURE'S REMEDY FOR CONSTIPATION. PLEASANT TO TAKE. CERTAIN IN ACTION. WITHOUT A RIVAL FOR CONSTIPATION.

Opinions of the Medical Press.—"We have prescribed them in cases of Chronic Constipation, and have found them to effect their purpose most satisfactorily."—*The Lancet*, Oct. 27th, 1888.

THE NEW FRUIT ACTS on the LIVER.

Not only acts on the bowels, but the charm of its action is due from its admirable great tonic properties, it at once gives vital and nervous energy to the muscular coats of the stomach, thereby enabling it to endure its long lost power. This gradually stimulates the liver, creating a natural action of the bowels and kidneys, curing Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness or Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Flatulence, Piles, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, &c., are well known to emanate from Constipation.

Sandell's Medicinal Establishment

PELLOID Registered Trade Mark.

The most convenient, Cheapest, and reliable Disinfectant known before the public. The Pelloid and be carried in the pocket, and one Pelloid dissolved in a quart of water will purify the air of a room free from any smell.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY. SANDELL'S HAIR RESTORER.

T. O. SANDELL has at last discovered a Hair Restorer that is free from all poisonous ingredients, which will Restore the Hair to its natural colour, whether it be grey or of any shade, if the roots are not entirely destroyed.

All the above Sold all over England by us.

T. O. SANDELL, (late Proprietor), WEST KENSINGTON, LONDON.

Mistress:—Take away all those perfumes. I want nothing in future but this delicious Crab-Apple Blossoms.

Maid:—Yes, madam.

CRAB-APPLE BLOSSOMS

Extra concentrated (Rigd.) made only by The Crown Perfumery Co., 177, New Bond Street, London.

Sold Everywhere.

PASTA For Bath & Toilet Use.

TRADE MARK.

This entirely new and excellent health-giving preparation SOFTENS THE WATER, gives it a most delicious odour, and BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION in a most extraordinary way. Should be in every Bathroom and Bedroom. To be had of all respectable Chemists and Perfumers throughout the World.

Sole Manufacturer and Inventor, H. MACK, The Pasta Mack.

MACK

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30 Cornhill, E.C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.